NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North China Daily News"
Single copies $2
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Messrs. Crane Debenham Ltd., 69 Fleet Street, London, are advertising representatives for the "North-China Daily News" and "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file.

Announcements of Birth, etc., in this column $10 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

BIRTHS

BARTON.—On June 16, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to WINNIE, wife of H. G. Barton, the gift of a daughter, PATRICIA ANN. -10275

PHILLIPS.—On June 16, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Betty, wife of G. Godfrey Phillips, a daughter, LUCINDA MARGARET MARY. 13317

DEATHS

MACKENZIE.—On Friday, June 7, 1940, at Prestwick, Ayrshire, HELEN MARTIN MACKENZIE, late of Hongkong and Shanghai, widow of Alexander Mackenzie and dearly-beloved mother of Jessie Dovey, Wm. W. Mackenzie and Alec K. Mackenzie.

REMEDIOS.—On Monday, June 17, 1940, at the Shanghai General Hospital, ANTONIO AUGUSTO DOS REMEDIOS, aged 43 years, the dearly-beloved husband of Mrs. A. dos Remedios and father of Mrs. C. D. Rodgers (Aura), Helen and Gloria dos Remedios. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held tomorrow, Wednesday, June 19, at the Hungjao Road Cemetery, at 3 p.m. (Hongkong and Macao papers please copy.)

POSTPONEMENT OF FUNERAL

ROZARIO.—Funeral arrangements for the late MARIA ANGELICA MARKWICK (Missi) ROZARIO, who died at her residence, 246 Route Vallon, Shanghai, on June 15, 1940, have been altered. The Requiem Mass will be held today at 8 a.m. at the Church of Christ The King, 235 Rue Bourgeat, but interment will take place on Monday, June 24, at 5.30 p.m. at the Pahsienjao Cemetery instead of as previously announced.

FUNERAL SERVICE

LONGHURST.—The interment of the remains of the late Mrs. C. D. Longhurst, who passed away at Rochester, Minn., U.S.A. on April 21, 1940, will take place at Bubbling Well Cemetery on Wednesday, June 19, 1940, at 4.30 p.m. In lieu of flowers, friends may make donations to a charity of their own choice or become associated with a suggested memorial window in the Bubbling Well Chapel by sending subscriptions to the Dean. 13322

CARD

Major and Mrs. V. E. DUCLOS
ss. Empress of Russia

P.P.C. 13324

A Donation to Charity is a very fitting *In Memoriam* token of love and respect and will bring real help to distressed persons. Instead of sending wreaths and flowers, send a donation to your National Society: *they need your help.* 12270

JAMES FRASER GORDON HARRIS

Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of JAMES FRASER GORDON HARRIS, late of Shanghai, China, Electrical Engineer in the employ of the Shanghai Power Company deceased who died at Shanghai aforesaid on February 14, 1940 intestate are hereby required to send particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned on or before August 21, 1940 AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

PLATT, WHITE-COOPER & CO.
Legal Practitioners for the Administrator A. Kendal Ward.
Shanghai, June 17, 1940. 13301

FONCIERE ET IMMOBILIERE DE CHINE

SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME FRANÇAISE AU CAPITAL DE TAELS 2,000,000 ENTIÈREMENT VERSÉ ENREGISTRÉ AU CONSULAT GÉNÉRAL DE FRANCE A SHANGHAI SOUS LE NUMÉRO XI.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture Registers of the Company will be closed from June 21 to June 30, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TURNER, STURROCK & BROWN,
Share Office,
9 Avenue Edward VII, Shanghai.
Shanghai, June 15, 1940. 13303

EWO GIN
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Obtainable at all Compradore Stores
13033

To-day's Events

JUNE

18 U.S.A.-China treaty signed (1858)
18 Canton shelled by Sun Yat-sen (1922)
18 Ss. Shuntien pirated (1934)
18 NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. XMHD 760kc. 395m.

Coming Events

JUNE

20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
20 Jumble S., Limbless, U.C. Hall, 9.30
20 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, S.I.B.C., 3
21 Old Tonbridgians/Alleynians Founders' Day Party, 492 Avenue Haig, 7
21 Shakespeare Society, For. Y., 9
27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel. 12.15
27 S.I.E.A. Lecture and visit to Pasteur Institute, 207 Route Pere Robert, 5

JULY

4 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15

Charge for items $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

NOTIFICATION No. 5274

DANCING SALOON

The issue of a Dancing Saloon Licence in favour of Mr. G. Spicker of 970 Broadway in respect of the premises No. 970 Broadway is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Tuesday, June 25, 1940.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, June 17, 1940. 13323

NOTICE

I have been instructed by my client, Mr. Gino Buccianti, to inform the public that the ownership of the "Frascati Italian Restaurant" has been passed to Mrs. Olga Ahmiloff, and will henceforth be known as "Cleopatra."

FOR Mr. GINO BUCCIANTI
DR. AVV. PIERO V. E. TERNI,
Barrister-at-Law,
149 Yuen Ming Yuen Road,
Shanghai. -10292

WHANGPOO CONSERVANCY BOARD

NOTIFICATION No. 331

Tenders for Various Materials

Tenders are hereby invited for Rope, Paint, Cleansing Materials, Packing, Lubricants, Oil Fuel, Metal, Mild Steel Bars and Plates, Tools and minor sundries for six months' supplies from July 1 to December 31, 1940 to be delivered according to the Board's instructions.

Particulars of requirements and lists of materials can be obtained at the Head Office (Dredging Department) of the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, Custom Building, and special attention is drawn to Article (1) of these lists.

Tenders, sealed and marked "Tender for Various Materials" and addressed to the Whangpoo Conservancy Board should state the manufacturers of each article and must be sent in before noon June 25, 1940.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves the right to place the contract for any separate item with any one of the tenderers.

Shanghai, June 18, 1940. 13319

The Shanghai Evening Post on "Shanghai"

For sheer attractiveness it is doubtful if there has ever been a small and relatively inexpensive book on Shanghai to compare with this. Certainly this reviewer regards it as virtually in a class by itself. The job must have been fun for everybody concerned, including the printers who have done a really spectacular demonstration of the uses of modern equipment for both colour and black and white. Summed up, the result had a degree of zip and dash rare in Far East productions and reminiscent of the best publication fruits of high-priced talent in New York, London, Paris and Berlin.

Colour appears from the word go. The covers are impressionistic Shanghai street scenes by Schiff, with a Sikh directing a ricsha (occupied by a snappy foreigner) past pretty Chinese girls, all over a suggested Shanghai skyline. Within, the same note is kept but there is frequent change of pace.....

For a book so compact and apparently frivolous, there is a surprising amount of information packed between the covers.....

Strongly recommended for one's own entertainment and as a gift.

"SHANGHAI," with text and photographs by the author, Ellen Thorbecke, and sketches by Schiff. *North-China Daily News* Office, Shanghai, Chinese $15.

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250 new designs unpacked
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THE BARBER

umpiring in a village cricket match gave the vicar "not out." "That was a close shave," the padre exclaimed. The umpire walked up to him and whispered, "It was indeed, Sir, and if you hadn't had been a good customer of mine I should ha' said, 'next please'!" If you wake up in hospital having forgotten to take out that Personal Accident Policy you will not get another chance.

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We are also contemplating engaging an assistant manager to look after the routines of this office and the promotion of sales. Any one who has these qualifications may apply, with full details of past and present experience, to Box No. 5522 North China Daily News. 13307

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CONTENTS:

Calenders for 1940:
Time of Sunrise and Moonrise
Astronomical Computations
Tides at Tungsha
Tides at Woosung
Tides at Yangtze Ports
Shanghai Harbour Regulations:
Semaphore Services
Weather Forecasts
Pilots and Pilotage Board
Berthing Signals
Sections of Harbour
Names and Numbers of Coastal Steamers
Harbour Regulations
Harbour Notifications in Force
Quarantine Regulations
Call Flags
Maps and Plans:
Shanghai Harbour
Hongkong Harbour
Canton Harbour
Dairen Harbour
Shanghai House Flags
Typhoon Indicator
General Information:
Port Signals
International Signal Code
Morse and Semaphore Alphabet
Wind and Weather
Storm Signal Codes
Mean Barometer
Typhoon Signals and Anchorages
China Sea Currents
Tidal Theories
Buoys and Beacons
Distance Tables
Rules of the Road at Sea
Time Signals of the Far East
Harbour Regulations, Signals, Tide Tables, etc., for
Hongkong, Canton, Ningpo, Swatow, Amoy, Foochow, Wenchow, Tsingtao, Chefoo, Taku Bar and Tientsin, Chinwangtao, Newchwang (Yingkow), Dairen, Bangkok Bar

502 pages, $9

POSTAGE: China, 20 cents; Hongkong, 35 cents; Abroad, $1

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

GOING TO AUCTION

on Wednesday, June 19, due to departure of owner,

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WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	June 16 16.00	June 16 21.00	June 17 4.00	June 17 9.00
Barometer inches	29.68	29.70	29.65	29.69
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.10	—0.08	—0.07	—0.03
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.04	—0.02	—0.03	—0.01
Wind (direction)	NNE	ENE	S	W
" (miles per hour)	4.3	3.7	4.3	14.9
Temperature (Fahr.)	76.°6	70.°0	68.°7	77.°5
Humidity %	77	95	97	74
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	7	10	4
Rainfall inches	0.25	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report June 16	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.70	—0.08	29.69
Temp. Min. 68.°5 Max. 80.°8	74.°7	—0.°4	73.°2
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight befort last (inches)	15.51	0.59	18.13

Time and Tide	18/6	19/6	20/6	21/6	22/6	23/6	24/6
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.49	4.49	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.51	4.51
Sun sets at Shanghai	19.00	19.01	19.01	19.01	19.01	19.01	19.01
Moon rises at Shanghai	17.16	18.15	19.09	19.58	20.43	21.24	22.01
Moon sets at Shanghai	3.17	4.09	5.04	6.00	6.57	7.53	8.49
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	9.18	10.00	10.35	11.10	11.45	12.21	12.55
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	13.35	14.15	14.55	15.40	16.25	17.08	17.51
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	10.32	11.18	0.12	12.46	13.23	14.06	14.46
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.58	—	11.62	12.25	12.20	11.66	10.88

POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, June 18.	Reg.	Ord.
Amoy	*20.00	8.30
Aust. N.Z. and Straits	8.15	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	8.30	9.00
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Tientsin	8.30	9.00
Amoy Swatow Canton	9.30	10.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai	10.30	11.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	11.00	11.30
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong A	—	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, June 19.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Amoy and Hongkong	*20.00	8.30
Hongkong and Haiphong	8.30	9.00
Hongkong and Haiphong X	9.30	10.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai	10.30	11.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
C'tral America Canal Zone BXZ	—	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, June 20.		
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China S.S.	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	8.00
Ningpo and Wenchow	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 18th.
B Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 16.00 on 19th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on June 22, 1940.

Air Mails

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on June 19, at 8 p.m. for registered and June 20, at 8 a.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on July 2.

Air France per steamer on June 19, at 8 p.m. for registered and June 20, at 8 a.m. for ordinary.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service daily at 8 p.m.

Shanghai-Dairen Air Mail Service daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow for Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 8.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shinkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia close on every Monday and Thursday at 8 p.m. for registered and on every Tuesday and Friday at 9 a.m. for ordinary and are despatched per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m:—
Yesterday Min. 69.0 Max. 86.0
Same date, 1939 Min. 66.0 Max. 81.0
Rainfall nil.
Yesterday Min. 66.9 Max. 85.8
Same date, 1939 Min. 63.0 Max. 82.8

State on the morning of the 16th:—Normal and unsteady pressure over China and Japan. Typhoon to the south of the Meacosimas slowly moving northward. North-easterly winds along the China Coast. Rainy and misty weather in our regions.

State on the morning of the 17th:—Cloudy and damp weather. West-southwesterly winds. Pressure rather low and unsteady.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine weather and fresh northerly wind over Shantung. Fine and cloudy with fresh north-westerly to north-easterly winds over our regions and to the south of the Saddles. Cyclonic rough weather around Kiusiu, owing to the typhoon passing north-north-east or north-eastward. Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the cente at 2 p.m., within 60 miles, latitude 31, longitude 133, direction north-north-east to north-eastward, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

Post Office Notices Continued

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Pacific, on June 22.
Per steamer via Suez, on June 29.
Per steamer via Pacific, on July 7.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Previously acknowledged	$9,140.60
Yee Tsoong Tobacco Distributors, Ltd.	500
Chinese staff, Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co.	187
Sun Fu Chung Tan	100
Dr. Yih Hsi-cnuan	100
Cosmos Paper Co.	100
Great Eastern Dancing Hall	50
Chung Hwa Vocational School	50
Fumagalli & Cironi	30
Hwa Chuan-cneng	20
Hardivilliers Francois d'	10
Tong Chien-ming	10
Wang Shing Kee Shop	10
Nien Chung-ch'eng	10
Canton Stocking Factory	10
Sun Chien-ziang	10
Miss Chang Wei-lan	10
Donations below $10	296.40
Ford Motor Co. 200	Chua Chia Kwan 14
C. Brahn 100	Yui Ban-Ching 10
Chou 100	S.M.Hong 10
Ku Van-yui 50	Tang Li-ming 10
Chen Sun-tao 50	Tung Ting-yao 10
Sze Tan-wu 50	Nien Kwan-tang 10
Yui Mow & Co. 40	Ch'eng T-feng 10
Tou Yao-ting 30	C.M.Ling 10
Rosslyn 25	Nien Chien-ling 10
Tsao S-ming 20	Nien Chung-ling 10
C.S.Pan 20	Nien Pah-ling 10
Viloudaki & Co. 20	Tan Ch'en-ching 10
Zee Tsung-chen 20	Ch'eng Tse-hwa 10
A.Baer Co. 20	Tsai Chang-teh 10
Cheng Kuo-yen 20	S.H.Wu 10
Tsou Kwan 20	Tsao Teh-ling 10
Woo Sing Co. 15	Chou Yui-ling 10
J.K.Chen 15	Total $11,648.00
Zee Chung-tao 15	

St. Vincent de Paul

In memory of Mrs. Maria Angelica Markwick do Rosario

Miss Etelvira Lopes	2
Mr/Mrs.J.M.C.Lopes	5

I. C. Milk Fund

In memory of Mrs. Elvira Hemsworth

Mr/Mrs.N.Fred Nissim	10
Mr/Mrs.N.M.Nissim	10
Elemer Berger	1

French Red Cross Society

Mr/Mrs.K.B.Hill 25	M.M.Dowdall 50
Mr/Mrs.W.R.Meathrel	25

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

"The Past Week":

A Reader's Agreement

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I take this opportunity to congratulate you on your extremely well reasoned and balanced editorial "The Past Week" in today's issue of the "North-China Daily News." It is at times like the present that well-reasoned opinion is required.

Your statement that "It is more than a little difficult to reconcile all the various reports, but if the alleged 2,000,000 Germans which are reported to have been thrown into this battle are indeed the overwhelmingly numerical superior force they are claimed to be, then it is obvious that even while manning the frontiers against Italy, the French must have reserves which it has believed all along General Weygand has been holding for a counter offensive when the moment is ripe..... Thus the military situation in France, grave though it undoubtedly is, is not by any means hopeless," gives in my opinion the right and proper attitude all Britons should take up.

Well-meaning strategists of the defeatest tribe who come to us and state "I have just heard on unimpeachable authority that the Germans....." or that "We have not ....." on "that our supplies....." or "I met a man just returned from leave who informed me that he could not get into the army unless he enlisted as a Private and as you know this is impossible, I think...." These gentlemen should be given a copy of your leader to "Read, mark, learn and inwardly digest" and at the same time told that their opinion is unnecessary as the truth of their statements is best known by its source and inaccuracy.

Let all Britons realize that no wars are won without reverses, and it is the duty of all Britons to see that mountains are not made out of molehills and that one man in the army is worth all the strategists in the club.

If you cannot join up or are too old to register give all the assistance to those who are doing their best to join and to those who are running the organization to enable men to do so.

Always remember that from March to July 1918 our losses in territory were enormous, our Navy was by no means as strong as it is today, and the submarine menace was touch and go, yet by August 8 we started the German on his way to Berlin and by November 11 the German nation was on its knees.

This can and will be done again.

EX-SERVICE.

Shanghai June 17.

Holidays in Japan:

The Currency Question

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—EX-VISITOR's letter in today's issue with reference to the Japanese Financial Commissioner is a little misleading. The Japanese are certainly exercising strict control over all financial transactions in order to keep the value of their Yen as stable as possible, and it would be foolish on their part to leave open a loophole that would allow short-term visitors to the country to defeat this control.

They are, however, reasonably ready to meet bona fide holiday makers more than half way in this matter, but are justified in first asking to see that steamer tickets have been purchased. In my own case—and in others that I know of—every satisfaction was received. I showed my tickets and passports, asked for a reasonable sum that was obviously just about sufficient to cover a short stay for a small family, and I received my draft immediately. Only a few necessary questions were asked and I was received with every courtesy. Incidentally, I have been living in "Japanese-occupied territory" for two years now, have never had the slightest trouble with the authorities, have never been put to any inconvenience and have invariably found them ready to give a civil answer to a civil question.

WHANGPOO.

Shanghai, June 17.

Japanese Helpful

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In regard to EX-VISITOR's letter in connection with the transfer of yen to Japan at the Shanghai market rate it occurs to me that the travel agency through which the tickets were obtained should have been in possession of all the latest information issued by the Japanese Financial Adviser, and should, one would think, have explained the position fully before making the reservations.

In the past I have found Japanese Government officials courteous and the Japan Tourist Bureau highly efficient and helpful. If memory serves me right, last year's regulations permitted one to take in Yen 200 and a draft to Yen 10,000, at the Shanghai rate, and if those have been amended I think one might reasonably expect tourist agencies, shipping offices, etc., to acquaint their clients with the new conditions before issuing tickets to Japan.

BABOOSHKA.

Shanghai, June 16.

Italian Resorgimento:

A Quotation Missed

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The point of my article on the Italian Risorgimento, as published in your journal of yesterday, was entirely lost through the omission of the quotation from "A History of Europe," and I accordingly reproduce it here.

> When Italy was at the crisis of her fate and the cause of Italian nationalism, threatened by internal dissensions and external peril, needed encouragement, every English envoy accredited to an Italian Court was the friend of Italian freedom. Whenever Liberals were gathered together in England, in the universities, in the clubs, in the country houses and in parliament, the prevailing sentiment was one of hope that the cause of clericalism and absolutism, hateful to a Protestant and constitutional people, would suffer a complete overthrow. More important still, Palmerston and Russell were at the helm of affairs in 1860, and the strong and open declarations of these two statesmen on behalf of Italian freedom and the uncertainty in foreign countries as to how the British navy would be instructed to act if any attempt were made from outside, to bolster up the satellites of Vienna and Rome, were important contributions to the success of the Italian cause.

Moreover, a member of His Majesty's Privy Council is correctly styled "The Right Honourable," and not "Mr." as appears in your copy of the article.

P. G. J.

Shanghai, June 17.

Union Church:

Wednesday Prayer-Meeting

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In the letter of Mr. H. T. SILCOCK published in your columns last Saturday a suggestion was made that a meeting for prayer might be held in the afternoon in one of the Churches to suit the convenience of those who cannot attend the Cathedral service. Previous experience has demonstrated that such afternoon services are not generally supported, but these are exceptional times and the need for more united prayer is patent to all who still recognize that "more things are wrought by prayer than this world dreams of." May I ask therefore if you would allow me to say that on Wednesday next, June 19, a meeting for prayer will be held at the Union Church at 5.15 p.m. at which meeting it can also be decided as to its continuance daily or otherwise.

C. WILFRID ALLAN.

Shanghai, June 17.

***Another Ex-Visitor: Your letter should be accompanied by your name and address for purposes of authentication. They will not be published unless you so desire.—ED.

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3.00 a.m. News in French
12.00-1.00 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
6.50-7.00 Music by German composers
7.00-7.15 News in German
7.15-7.20 Music by German composers
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
10.00 Concert:

Mozart

Concerto for piano.—Don Juan (Duet).—The enchanted flute (Selections) Fantasy.—Sonata No. 15 for violin and piano.—Sleep, Princess (chorus) Symphony No. 40.

10.30 News in English and French
11.00 News in English
11.15 News in French
11.30-12.00 Light music

TO-NIGHT

7.00 Broadcast in German: German women.
7.30 Broadcast in Russian.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. Moral hygiene in times of war.
9.20 Broadcast in English. Half hour of melody with Miss Linda Terry, Mr. William Loewit (piano) and guests.

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11.30 Chinese Programme
11.45 News in Chinese
12.00 Chinese Programme
12.15 English Programme
12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.00 News in German
1.15 German Programme
1.30 English Programme—Light Music
2.00 Close
6.00 German Programme
6.45 Chinese Programme
7.00 News in Chinese
7.30 News Bulletin in English
7.45-9.00 English Programme
9.30-10.00 The Day's News
10.00 English Programme
10.30 Russian Programme
10.45 News in Russian
11.15 German Programme
11.30 News in German
11.45 English Programme
12.00 Close down

FEATURES OF THE WEEK

Monday, 8.00-8.30 "In Shanghai To-night".
Tuesday, 8.15-9.30 Light Symphony Concert
Thursday, 9.00 Brian Lewis. "This and that".
Friday, 8.15-9.30 Symphony Concert
Saturday, 8.30-9.30 Light Music.

B.B.C. BROADCASTS

The following are the times and frequencies of London's daily broadcasts to the Far East.

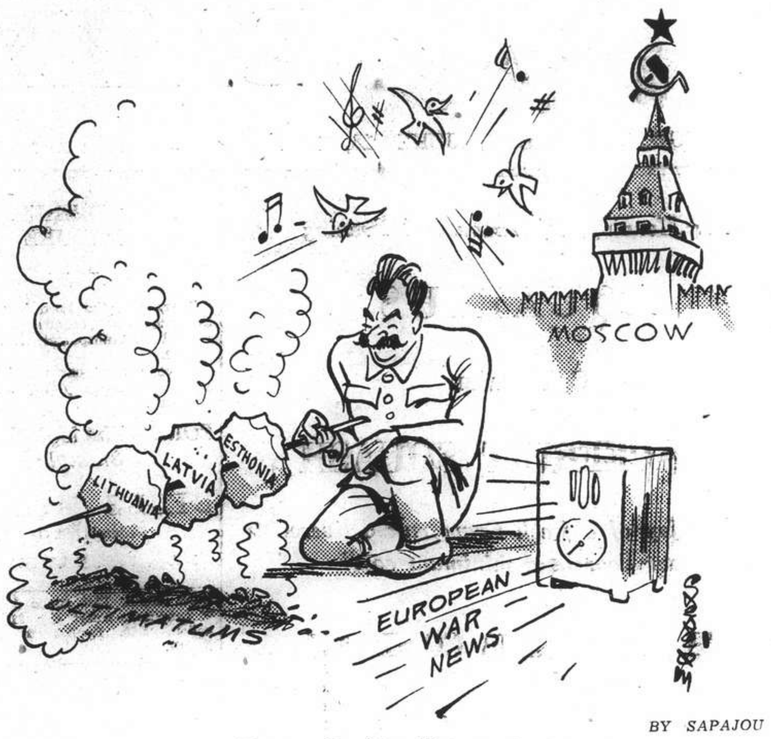
Shanghai Summer Time	Wave length	Frequency	Call sign
1.55 to 5.15	19.60 m.	15.31 mc.	GSP
7.40 to 10.45	19.82 m.	15.14 mc.	GSF
11.00 to 1.30	19.62 m.	15.14 mc.	GSF

News from the B.B.C. is read at Shanghai summer time:

3.15 p.m. on GSP—Full News Bulletin
5.00 p.m. on GSP—News Summary
8.30 p.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin *(relayed by Singapore on 30.96m. or 9.69mc.)*
9.00 p.m. on GSF—News Summary (Dutch)
10.15 p.m. on GSF—News Summary *(relayed by Hongkong on 31.49m. or 9.52mc.)*
1.00 a.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin

AUSTRALIAN BROADCAST

9.30 p.m. on 9.58 mc. or 31.3 m.—Talk and news.



BY SAPAJOU

Peace, Perfect Peace

R. A. F. Officer Tells of Fight

Shot Down After Battle With Overwhelming Number Of Messerschmitts

After bringing down three German aircraft and being attacked by a swarm of Messerschmitts, a R.A.F. pilot officer jumped from his blazing cockpit, and landed by parachute on a Dutch island.

After returning to England he told his story:

"The formation with which I was flying" he said, "met seven Junkers 87 planes south-west of Rotterdam. I got into position on one of them and my rear gunner shot it down. Another Junkers 87 coming up behind us was also shot down.

"Then about 27 Messerschmitt 109's joined in the combat, and I heard my air gunner give a cheer.

"I think that this meant he had got a Messerschmitt 109 which had been trying to get on my tail.

Tank Caught Fire

"My starboard tank caught fire, and a stream of bullets came from the rear and shot away the dashboard and part of the control column.

"I lost control for a time, but managed to turn the aircraft on its back and I bailed out, when the flames were coming right up to the cockpit.

"I landed on an island south-west of Dortrecht, among tall reeds. As the island appeared to be uninhabited, I made for a house two miles away, and had to swim two channels, each approximately 100 yards wide.

"The house was empty, but I found a small boat and rowed until I came to a high dyke where a farm labourer and his wife came to meet me. I managed to make them understand that I was English."

The labourer rowed the officer to another island; then carried him on his bicycle to a party of Dutch soldiers, with whom he found a fellow-R.A.F. pilot.

"We were taken to a place called Sleewyk" the pilot went on. "There we were interrogated by Dutch intelligence officers, who seemed to think we were Germans. We explained that we were British airmen, but were not believed.

"Another intelligence officer took us by car to The Hague. On the way we ran into a large motorised column of Dutch soldiers, who searched our car and discovered that our escort was a Fascist. I thought then that we were all going to be shot out of hand, but eventually we were taken on to The Hague, where we managed to persuade them that our story was true."

Sir T. O'Connor Dead

Solicitor-General Praised by Former Prime Minister

The Speaker announced in the House of Commons recently that Sir Terence O'Connor, the Solicitor-General, had died suddenly at his London home.

The former Prime Minister, Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Attlee paid tributes to Sir Terence.

"He showed not only unusual ability," said Mr. Chamberlain, "but qualities of character which were realized and appreciated by all members of the House."

Mr. Attlee said, "To me he was much more than a colleague in the House. He was a very dear friend."

Sir Terence, who was 49, served in the last war. He was called to the Bar in 1919.

When he took silk in 1929 he was the youngest K.C. He became Solicitor-General in 1936, at the age of 45, the youngest lawyer ever to have held the office.

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S.V.C. Orders

Transfers:—Captain J. A. C. Law, Shanghai Scottish Company, is transferred to Shanghai Field Company with effect from June 15. Lieutenant T. W. Templo is re-appointed to the active list from Reserve of Officers "B" with effect from June 11, and transferred to Philippine Company. Seniority on the active list to date from June 11.

Officers-Return from Leave:—Corps Cavalry H.Q.—Captain H. M. Spence returned from leave May 15.

Annual Efficiency Returns:—Efficiency Returns for the training years 1939-1940 have been completed and unit commanders are asked to call at corps headquarters to check and sign them.

All efficiency returns should be checked and signed by June 24.

Resignations: — With effect from publication of this order no volunteer (O.R.) will appear in corps routine orders as struck off Unit strength until the terms of M.C.R. 36 have been complied with and until the "Handing in" certificate, signed by the unit commander, has been received by corps headquarters.

Long Service Medal-Application For:—Half yearly applications for the long service medal, or Bars thereto should be forwarded through unit commanders, to corps headquarters not later than July 19.

Weapon Training - Classification (Rifle):—The undermentioned has qualified on "30 yards Range:—American M.G. Company—Pte. L. S. Kiriloff.

Strength:—

Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—

Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse—Tpr. F. E. T. Marshall June 7, Tpr. P. J. Poole June 8.

Corps Troops:—Signals Company—Sgm. W. Baker June 7, Armoured Car Coy.—Pte. E. W. S. McGregor June 8.

"A" Battalion:—"B" Company—Pte. M. H. Darwood June 8, Scottish Coy—Pte. A. N. Walker June 8.

"B" Battalion:—Portuguese Coy—Pte. Joao H. Silva June 7.

Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—

Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse—Tpr. A. L. Hughes June 13, Tpr. T. G. C. Knight June 13.

"B" Battalion:—Portuguese Company—Pte. Luiz Pintos June 12, Pte. Alberto Silva June 12.

Leave:—Corps Headquarters—Major H. Berents June 10 to June 26. Light Automatic (A.D.) Company—Captain J. E. Badeley leave extended till June 30. American M. G. Company—Lieutenant W. T. Sullivan from June 15.

They are calling William Holden the luckiest lad in Hollywood, for the big roles he has had in his first year in pictures. They include the lead in "Golden Boy," the lead in "Those Were the Days," and the announced lead in "Arizona."

Bernard Shaw on Prayer Book

Gives Views on Certain Deletions and Corrections He Believes Necessary

Mr. George Bernard Shaw contributes to the April number of the "St. Martin's Review" an article on "St. Martin's, Bernard Shaw, and the Prayer-book." The first two paragraphs are as follows:—

"Years ago the question of revision of the Prayer-book came before Parliament, and the proposal was hopelessly defeated. No mere revision of the old book will ever strike Parliament as anything but a tampering with it which the constituencies would resent. There were no votes to be gained by supporting it, and a good many to be lost.

"Our old friend Dick Sheppard was one of the many parsons who, having to read the book every Sunday to his congregation, was not satisfied with it. He would not allow a certain villainous passage in one of the psalms to be read in his church, and he introduced improvisations of his own, some of which would have considerably astonished Archbishop Cranmer. Knowing that revision was a highly skilled literary job, and that I am a fairly skilled workman, he asked me to try my hand, and I accordingly sat down to it for a while."

Mr. Shaw then gives his views on the order of common prayer, on the special services for baptism, marriage, and birth, and on the Thirty-nine Articles. His conclusion is:

"The articles should be drummed out of the Prayer-book with all possible ignominy.

"As to the Apostles' Creed, it contains so many statements that in the opinion of many good Christians are not statements of fact that it too had better be dropped.

"All this means a new Prayer-book. I have not yet attempted to write it, and doubt whether, if I did, it would be accepted from a profane fellow such as I. Whoever writes it must be subject to revision not only every 400 years but every ten years at most, for I cannot too often repeat my old warning to the Vatican that the law of change is the law of nature, and consequently, as the Churches would put it, the law of God."

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Franz Lehar Vanishes From Vienna

Seventy-year-old Franz Lehar, composer of "The Merry Widow," Hitler's favourite operetta, has disappeared from Vienna after a brawl with the Nazis.

He is believed to have smuggled himself and his Jewish-born wife out of German territory.

Lehar met Hitler in 1936, and they became friends. The following year Lehar wrote the music for the Nazi hymn: "In the German Saar and on the German Rhine."

He had a dispute recently with local Nazis, who marched to Castle Nussdorf, his beautiful home on the Danube.

Since then Lehar has not been seen in the Vienna cafés, where he was a noted character. It is thought he may have reached Budapest.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF JUNE 18, 1870

The Municipal Council report further difficulties with beggars, and recommend a return to the barbarous practice of shipping them across to Woosung. Difficulty is also found in controlling the native livery stable keepers, who persist in working broken-down animals. The latter would probably be grateful if they were turned adrift at Woosung, where there is capital pastures. Unmuzzled dogs are threatened with death after July 1. It is gratifying to learn that only one of the Municipal horses has rheumatism. We wonder they have not all headaches, from the noise made by the carts they drag. The books of the Land Office have been opened; we are not told where, but presume in the office of the Municipal Engineer, within whose province, the matter clearly falls.

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To-day, Tuesday, June 18, 1940, at 11 a.m. (Summer Time)

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3 Bales American Raw Cotton (Damaged) ex ss. "Azalea City"

NOW ON VIEW

In Main Salesroom—Now On View

On Wednesday, June 19, 1940, commencing at 9.30 a.m.

Chinese carved blackwood furniture, long and square tables, teapoys, dressing table, washstand, low tables, flower and curio stands, modern style dining room and bedroom suites, upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, Tientsin carpets, blanket, curtains, chandeliers, portable gramophones, portable D.C. radio, wardrobe trunks, golf clubs, ladies and child's bicycles, Weihaiwei tea set, table novelty and golf machines, table fans, bathroom scale, saddles, battery clocks, smoking tables, oil painting, books, bookcases, writing desks, desks chairs, chromium chairs, card tables, hall stands, screens, lacquer cabinets, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, Simmons iron and wooden bedsteads, mattresses, iron safe, ice chests, etc., also

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1 "Alfred Meakin" Fancy Porcelain Dinner Set 84 pcs.
1 "Zerozone" Refrigerator in working order
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1 "Remington" Russian Typewriter with Desk Combined

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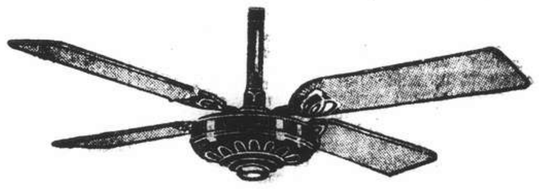

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Woman's Page

A MAYFAIR NOTEBOOK

By Philine

London, May 10.

It has been exciting work opening the parcels which have arrived at the rate of a thousand a day at Gloucester House, Piccadilly, for the great Red Cross sale to be held at Christie's next month. When Queen Mary visited the receiving centre the other day she quickly fell under the spell of lively anticipation as she watched the handling and unwrapping of gifts.

At last she succumbed to temptation and with the words, "I'm going to open a parcel myself," she set about choosing a small one from the rising pile before her. It contained a set of silver football medals, a silver curb chain and a solid silver spoon. These came from one of the great industrial cities in the North of England.

* * *

Collecting Art Treasures

A strong committee of well-known people have been working hard on this particular plan to raise a large sum for the Red Cross, and so successful have their efforts been up to date in collecting valuable gifts that it looks as though art connoisseurs will have to attend the sale every day.

The Marchioness of Cambridge and Constance, Duchess of Westminster, are assembling jewels and gems; Sir Edward Lutyens and Mr. Henry Harris are watching over the pictures; Sir Eric Maclagan and Mr. Edward Knoblock, the playwright, are in charge of furniture and silver; and Sir Hugh Walpole and Lord Esher take care of books and manuscripts.

The committee have already received a beautifully worked religious sampler worked by Charlotte Bronte, dated 1828; the original drawing of the Cenotaph, from Sir Edward Lutyens; the manuscript of "The Edwardians" from Miss Sackville West, its author; and a Kelmscott Chaucer, from Mrs. Kenneth Graham. They are also particularly pleased with the gift of a manuscript of Byron's bitter attack on the waltz, "the imperial waltz imported from the Rhine." Two years ago a printed copy of this poem was sold for £850.

Sometimes, of course, the committee are disappointed. The other day, Sir Hugh Walpole extracted an 1814 edition of Scott's "Waverley" from a box of books which had just arrived at the centre. His excitement soon abated, for the book was re-covered. "What a pity!" he exclaimed. "It's worth perhaps £30. With its original cover it would have fetched £300."

* * *

Woman's Point of View

After the publication of the list of British artists officially commissioned to do war pictures, there was general approval of the appointment of three women artists who will make records of women's activities in the war. Now, Miss Ethel Gabain, Miss Dorothy Coke and Miss Evelyn Dunbar, the lucky chosen, are to meet the Dowager Lady Reading, head of the Women's Voluntary Services, to discuss their new jobs.

Miss Gabain has been asked to go to six regions to do the evacuation studies. "It will probably be a question of doing lightning sketches of the children, and painting from them afterwards," she said. This artist is well known for her lithographic work and her portraits of theatrical celebrities. Many of her pictures have been bought for public galleries, including studies of Edith Evans and Flora Robson.

Miss Dunbar hopes that she will be asked to do similar subjects in the country. Her work has been largely painting land subjects, while Miss Coke, a member of the Water-colour Society, is noted for her lively pictures of figure subjects. All the various duties undertaken by the Women's Voluntary Service organization will be depicted.

* * *

Craftwork in the Country

To pass from art, as practised by professional artists, to humbler sidelines of art, one learns with interest of experiments in craftwork done by evacuated women and children through the long evenings of last winter. A group of girls in one country district managed to collect a quantity of shabby old furniture, ornaments and nicknacks, which they transformed into really attractive additions to the modern home with the aid of lengths of flowery wall-paper, pastel coloured paints, white transparent lacquer and pieces of braid.

An exhibition of their work resulted in orders being given them from people in the neighbourhood for papered bedheads and screens, little tables and stationery cases, all recovered in shellacked flowery wall-paper, waste-paper baskets and trays.

In another village, evacuees met each winter evening to work upon a pile of pipe-cleaners. These they turned into vivid little figures out of familiar nursery rhymes and fairy tales. Painting each pipe-cleaner a bright colour, they bent and twisted, cut and fixed the wire to form perhaps a miniature Cinderella, tiny Jack-the-Giant-Killer, a Sleeping Beauty or a Red-Riding-Hood.

This group of craftswomen also held an exhibition in their village and one of the village shops lent a window for the show.

* * *

Fashion Snapshots

White insertion is a new dress trimming. Trim the square neckline of a dark coloured frock and edge sleeves with oldfashioned insertion about 2 ins wide. Thread through holes with narrow velvet ribbon to match frock. The ribbon in a bow at one side of neck and on each sleeve.

Gauntlet gloves is a mid-season vogue. Match your summer gloves to your outfit by making stiff detachable gauntlets to fasten on to gloves with carefully-hidden press studs.

Two large looped velvet bows on your shoulders brighten a simple dinner or dance frock as a very wide red belt studded with gold nailheads brightens a white crepe dress.

B. W. A.

Tuesday, June 18.—Sports Section Committee Meeting 10 a.m.

Wednesday, June 19.—Joint Committee Open Meeting 4.15 p.m. Red Cross Work 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. War Work Knitting 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Thursday, June 20.—Red Cross Work at 1288 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon.

Friday, June 21.—Magazine Committee Meeting 4.30 p.m. Red Cross Work at 1288 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon.

Saturday, June 22.—War Work Knitting 9.30 to 11.30 a.m.

Monday, June 24.—Social Service Board 9.30 a.m.

The next meeting of the Joint Committee of Shanghai Women's Organizations on Wednesday, June 19, will be the Annual Meeting, and will be open to all members of constituent groups. Any member of the British Women's Association who would care to attend will be welcome. The meeting takes place at 98 Edinburgh Road. An international tea will be served at 4.15 p.m.

The Social Service Board are arranging for a jumble sale early in the Autumn and are starting now to collect material. Parcels of jumble of any kind can be left at the Secretary's office.

Off to Safety

Tiny evacuees leaving a London terminus. A kindly policeman makes sure that they are on the right train.

Cooking for the Troops

Rations in the Last War

Our colonel used to boast that our cooks were the worst soldiers and best "skilly" makers in the British Army says a writer in a Home paper. In the early days of fighting we cooked our own rations, but by the time Gallipoli was behind us a set of cooks had been gathered together in haphazard fashion. They were the battalion "duds"; the men who had weeded themselves out as unsuitable for the front line. "A finer lot of scroungers," the adjutant remarked often, "it would be hard to find." Thereafter they literally cooked for their lives; to lose their jobs meant going back to a platoon and soldiering once again. Those fellows learnt to cook and never lost their jobs.

Bill had been in the habit of boasting that he was at Mons and rather looked down on such "rookies" as ourselves—until Gallipoli proved him the most arrant but humorous coward. He then admitted that he had been at Boulogne on a "base job" while the men of Mons were carrying out their historic retreat. He became head cook. The colonel saw that his poor soldiers were turning out trumps at cooking and organized the cooks well. On the desert marches of Sinai they rode in state on camels, but no one grumbled. The camels carried them and their light cooking gear close in our rear on the hot, sandy marches as we chased the enemy back to Palestine. The tea they had ready almost by the time we had our packs off at a mid-morning halt was an innovation. It kept many a tired-out fellow going who would otherwise have fallen out.

Meals

Meals were plain and good. A report which was published on bread recently upheld the value of the much-maligned white bread. White bread was served to the troops throughout the last war. Obviously it had value in spite of the weaning of civilians to browner types and "standard" bread. The Army was given the best, if the plainest. "Grandmother's cupboard" was its basis, and no bad one for the arduous days of war. Beef, bacon, cheese, potatoes, vegetables—fresh or dried,—white bread, jam, tea, and sugar. This was about the gamut, but it was a good one. We thrived on it, in spite of hard work and the foul conditions of trench life.

Our cooks learned to make good curry; they made rissoles worth eating; they served us a roast-and-baked on Sunday; the puddings were of the "plum duff" order, but well cooked. The amount was just enough to satisfy and no more, but we lived well, and it was notable that when we did come out of the line and received our parcels of home dainties the rich food often upset us and kept the medical officer busy with pills and castor-oil. Often we turned back to the good old plain fare with a sigh of relief, though that is not to be taken as a hint that parcels are not welcome.

On the other hand, we did find that the "plain" parcel was most appreciated. Such extra rations as small cobs of bread or the Devon "splits," chocolate, tinned beefs and foods which were rather a supplement of the kind of food the Army served than a great change from it—these were what we began to write for. Rich cakes were less appreciated, as we found the plain food in plenty the best. Tobacco, cigarettes, socks, shirts—less rough than the Army type,—soap, towels to supplement the "issue" towels, salves for grazed skin and sores—these were also welcome.

Saving Their Bacon

Our cooks had no advantage in rations over those of other battalions, but men who joined us invariably showed surprise at the range of dishes. The cooks who were with us in 1918 were those who had fled to cooking for safety in 1916, now experts. They remained our joy and our joke until the end. On a morning in 1917 the German batteries mistook the cookers for field-guns and shelled the ground some distance behind. It was breakfast-time. The breakfast was cooking, our cooks were in the cellars of a near-by ruined hamlet. We strolled over and drew our own tea and bacon during intervals between spells of "hate." The cooks went unpunished except for a private dressing-down, but the battalion concert party was richer by an incident that made its next show a roaring success.

For Your Beauty's Sake

If your eyes are blue, repeat their colour with blue dots on your veil. The net will soften the contours of your face, the dots will emphasize the colour of your azure eyes. If you have big black eyes, repeat their colour with big black dots on a crisp white piqué collar. Your eyes will seem twice as large.

* * *

A shampoo every ten days is sufficient. That allows the hair a chance to become naturally lubricated, and daily brushing keeps the scalp and hair clean. If ten days seems to make your hair drab, wrap a piece of gauze or silk chiffon over your brush, and brush your hair with it. That polishes the hair and removes any excess oil.

* * *

A knock-kneed girl can practise in front of a mirror until she masters a stance to camouflage her defects. One foot held slightly in front of the other is a good subterfuge. And she should also practise a swinging walk so that the bumping-knee look is minimized.

* * *

If you want to be perfumed right to the fingertips, dip a clean orange stick into the perfume bottle and run it under the edge of your finger-nails. The perfume wlil linger pleasantly and attract attention to your hands.

* * *

Today it is chic to appear natural. The painted look dates you. So, if you have been using certain cosmetics for years and years, get into that bright light and take an honest look at yourself with a fresh eye. Using the wrong colour can make you look years older. And since your colour pigment changes each year you must keep pace with the colour changes in your cosmetics.

"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Two Local Oarswomen

Pictures taken at the informal rowing regatta sponsored by Mr. R. B. Roach and held at Holt's Wharf on June 9: (above) Miss Vera Dodd; (left) Miss Elaine Habecost.

How To Maintain Good Looks

The Treatment Of Lines And Wrinkles

The constant creasing of the face into laughter or frowns and the lines of worry must inevitably leave a defined impression of the predominating mood. But women are as troubled when they discover little folds of laughter about their eyes as they are at the sign of the first grey hair. Every expressive mark, eloquent of individuality and character, is invariably classed under the heading of "lines and wrinkles," although it may really be an added attraction.

But lines and wrinkles are not synonymous They spring from different causes, although their treatment is much the same. Wrinkles should be the prerogative of old age. They are a map of a lifetime. But premature wrinkles are out of place. They are generally the result of a sudden loss in weight through illness or some unwise diet undertaken in the cause of slimming. The remedy is the same in each case. Feed up both inside and outside. The lost weight must be replaced and the impoverished skin nourished locally with a cream rich in lanolin. If the youthful elasticity of the skin has not been depleted by the years, this simple treatment should be sufficient. In later life a specially prepared cream is more suitable.

Premature Wrinkles

Premature wrinkles are sometimes caused by an inactive circulation, which impoverishes the delicate facial tissues and causes the skin to look old before its time. A treatment has been evolved for this condition. Increased local circulation of the blood is assured, the cells become more active, impurities which clog the pores are thrown off, and the complexion becomes revitalized. This comparatively new departure in cosmetic chemistry is especially good for the woman whose skin responds very slowly to simple massage and requires something more penetrative. Groups of 12 treatments with perhaps a month's interval are recommended.

While wrinkles appear to be a tiny lattice work which may cover the whole face and especially the cheeks, lines are more deeply engraved. They usually appear on the forehead, about the eyes, and from the nose to the corners of the mouth. Occasionally a line will appear under the chin, but the cheeks usually remain smooth.

Many lines are the outcome of some habit, such as frowning. The folds, or creases in the skin, which have been brought about by these habitual movements are first noticeable in early childhood. Then they are soft and superficial and they will remain so for many years. It is only when they become etched in deep and hard lines that their owners begin to worry and to wonder what could have been done to prevent those lines. Those which result from some unnecessary trick or habit might have been prevented if the correction had been made in time. Frowns, for instance, may speak of eyestrain. Ill-fitting shoes which throw the foot out of alignment can be responsible for lines about the mouth. Tight hats will bring forehead lines. An incorrect head poise will mean a line beneath the chin. The cause of such lines should be remedied and treatment undertaken.

Lines of Expression

But the true lines of expression are inevitable and desirable. Without them there is a blankness which is unnatural. The whole aim should be to keep the skin soft and at the same time so elastic that the lines do not become hard or too deeply engraved. This is best achieved by guarding against a dry skin by the regular use of some suitable emollient. But there is a danger in this, for the suppleness and elasticity of the skin may be depleted by the very means that are necessary to keep it soft. Creams must certainly be used, but it is all-important that they are used correctly. The usual practice is to use a cream little and often. The opposite should by the rule. It should be applied lavishly and occasionally. This will mean that the complexion has ample time in which to be quite free from artificial lubrication. If it is forced to live daily on this abnormal diet it will become relaxed and slack.

The method of treatment for premature wrinkles and for deep-cut lines is the same. In each case a suitable cream should be used every night for about two weeks. The treatment is then decreased until the cream is being applied only on one night in the week. An abundance of cream should be spread smoothly over the face and this should then be patted into the skin with a series of light, quick taps with the finger tips. Lines running from nose to mouth can be masaged deeply. The cream should not remain on the skin for longer than 10 minutes. Afterwards all trace must be removed and a mild skin tonic applied from a spray. An astringent of any kind is unsuitable. If the lines or wrinkles do not respond to this simple method of correction, a more penetrative and expert treatment should be considered.

Doggie's First Steps

When breaking your puppy to the lead, let him wear a collar a few days before you attach the lead. First time on the lead, he's likely to have ideas of his own, pull back, and stubbornly slide. Pay no attention. Keep walking. He will learn it is more comfortable to step joyously along with you.

Do not throw away a fine steel crochet-hook because the hook has been damaged. File it off smoothly, and you have a very useful addition to your work-box. The fine point is handy in unpicking stitches, and the graduated stem makes an excellent stiletto.

A. W. C.

The Joint Committee of Shanghai Women's Organizations are having their final meeting on Wednesday, June 19, at 4.30. It is to take the form of a garden party at the residence of Mrs. H. J. Van Hengel, 98 Edinburgh Road. The Committee wishes to extend an invitation to all its members belonging to women's clubs in Shanghai as it is to be an international party.

Are you troubled with cockroaches? If so, try cucumber peelings to exterminate them. The cucumber acts as a poison to the cockroaches.

* * *

Crepe that has become soiled can be made to look like new by holding it stretched tightly between the hands, over a steaming kettle. A veil can also be done in the same way.

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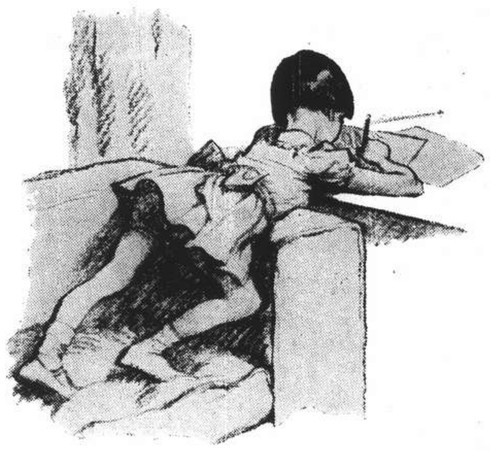

But there are DANGERS that have to be watched during childhood

PARENTS should be happy if their children are the highly-strung, sensitive type, because it is usually these children who go furthest in life.

But the danger with these children is that because they are highly-strung they may live too intensely. They may burn themselves out like lamps with too bright a flame.

Fortunately you can tell very quickly when this is beginning to happen. The child will go off his food, be finicky at meals. He'll get pale, puffy under the eyes—sometimes even lose weight. He'll tire easily, get fretful or listless. Every parent should be able to recognise these symptoms and what they mean.

They mean that the child is using up his energy far more quickly than he is replacing it. And it is at night, **during sleep,** that these stores of energy should be replaced. If they are not replaced, the nervous strain on the child gets worse and worse. He's suffering from Night Starvation.

At the first sign of any of these symptoms you should act, and act quickly. Give your child Horlicks—a hot cupful every night at bedtime. Horlicks will guard him against Night Starvation by replacing his nervous energy during sleep.

Almost at once your child's appetite will improve. He'll begin to lose his pallor and tiredness and be a happy, sturdy youngster. Safe from the terrible danger of nervous exhaustion, he'll grow up strong and healthy, able to make the utmost of his special gifts and capabilities.

Start your child on Horlicks tonight. Horlicks is obtainable at all good stores.

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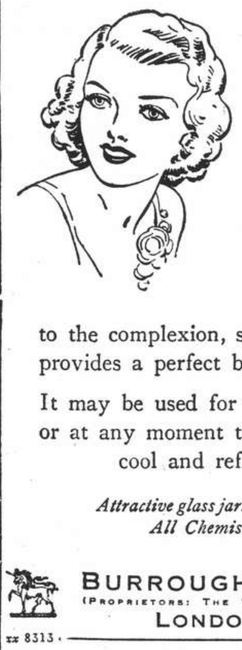

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H 13

THE SPORTS PAGE

Brooklyn Loses Two Games

Tops National League by Narrow Margin with Cincinnati Pressing; Cleveland Forges Ahead

New York, June 16.

THE high-riding Brooklyn Dodgers were in first place in the National League today by the skin of their teeth after absorbing a double beating, 1-0 and 5-2, from the Cincinnati Reds who moved up to second place and only a breath away from first as a result of their two wins.

The Prides of Flatbush lost a heartbreaker in the opener when the Reds came across with their sole run in the ninth after Wyatt had held the Rhinelanders to two hits all the way. Big Paul Derringer went the route for the Reds and pitched masterfully himself, limiting the opposition to six bingles. In the nightcap the Reds clinched the argument in the first two innings, pushing over two counters in the first and scoring the winning run in the next heat.

A capacity crowd of 30,000 saw the former Dodger, Linus Frey, help the Reds trim his former team-mates as he rapped out a lucky home run in the final inning of the opener.

He slashed out with a line-drive which struck the high rightfield wall. Instead of rebounding, the ball mysteriously caromed high into the air and lodged on top of the wall to count as a four-bagger and thus result in victory for the Reds.

The New York Giants, in second place for one day, dropped back to third when they dropped a pair to the Pittsburgh Pirates who came up one notch to sixth place on the strength of their double win. Max Butcher tossed a two-hitter in the opener to shut the Polo Grounders out, 5-0. The Pirates were outhit in the final but came through with the winning runs in the ninth to take the Giants into camp 5-3.

Chicago Beaten Twice

In the American League the leading Boston Red Sox fought an uphill battle to thump Chicago 4-3 in 12 innings, and then turned their full power on to pound out a 14-5 win in the second half of the doubleheader. Old Ted Lyons took the beating in the opener when he gave up one run in the eighth, two in the ninth and the winner in the 12th.

Fireball Bob Feller hung up another win when he set down the hapless Philadelphia Athletics with three hits as the Cleveland Indians, captalizing their four safeties, chalked up a 4-2 win. The Indians likewise took the nightcap, scoring all their runs in the fourth inning to win 4-3.

The floundering New York Yankees absorbed a double trimming from St. Louis, 12-6 and 6-5. The Browns messed Red Ruffing and Oral Hildebrand for 13 hits in the first game and in the second they punched Fireman Johnny Murphy for two runs in the ninth to climax an uphill fight.

The cellar-dwelling Boston Bees came through in the 11th inning of the opener to beat the Chicago Cubs 5-4 but the Northsiders turned the tables in the second game and turned 10 hits into nine runs to win 9-1. The Cubs had one big inning, the sixth, when they pushed eight markers across. Claude Passeau held the Bees to five scattered safeties.

Opening up with a 14-hit attack, the St. Louis Cardinals pounded out a convincing 9-3 win over Philadelphia and in the second game Lon Warneke held the Phils to four safe blows to ring up a 3-1 triumph.

In a single game the Detroit Tigers clung to the second rung in the American League by turning a 16-hit attack into an 8-7 win over the last place Washington Senators.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	6	0*
Chicago	3	8	0
Batteries: Grove, Bagby and Desautels; Lyons and Tresh.			
Boston	14	20	1
Chicago	5	9	1
Batteries: Wilson and Desautels; Knott, Weiland, Appleton and Turner.			
Cleveland	4	4	2*
Philadelphia	2	3	5
Batteries: Feller and Hemsley; Vaughan, Caster and Hayes.			
Cleveland	4	9	1
Philadelphia	3	8	3
Batteries: Milnar and Pytlak; Babich and Hayes.			
St. Louis	12	13	1*
New York	6	11	0
Batteries: Kennedy and Swift; Ruffing, Hildebrand and Dickey.			
St. Louis	6	12	0
New York	5	7	0
Batteries: Bildilli, Coffman, Trotter and Susce, Swift; Breuer, Russo, Murphy and Rosar.			
Detroit	8	16	3
Washington	7	10	1
Batteries: Bridges, McKain and Tebbetts; Hudlin, Chase and Ferrell.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati	1	2	1*
Brooklyn	0	6	0
Batteries: Derringer and Lombardi; Wyatt and Phelps.			
Cincinnati	5	10	0
Brooklyn	2	8	1
Batteries: Turner and Hershberger; Davis, Kimball and Phelps.			
Pittsburgh	5	10	0*
New York	0	2	0
Batteries: Butcher and Lopez; Hubbell, Vandenberg and Danning.			
Pittsburgh	5	11	0
New York	3	12	2
Batteries: Sewell, Heintzelman and Davis; Gumbert and Danning.			
Chicago	4	6	5
Boston	5	10	1*
Batteries: Lee, Refensberger, Page and Hartnett, Sullivan, Coffman, Posedel and Masi, Berres.			
Chicago	9	10	4
Boston	1	5	1
Batteries: Passeau and Todd; Fette, Barnicle, Coffman and Berres.			
St. Louis	9	14	1*
Philadelphia	3	8	3
Batteries: McGee, Russell and Padgett, Owen; Higbe, Pearson and Warren.			
St. Louis	3	7	1
Philadelphia	1	4	2
Batteries: Warneke and Owen; Blanton, Pearson and Atwood.			

*—Opener.

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	31	16	.659
Detroit	30	20	.600
Cleveland	32	22	.592
New York	27	24	.529
St. Louis	23	30	.434
Chicago	23	31	.425
Philadelphia	20	31	.392
Washington	21	34	.381

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn	32	15	.680
Cincinnati	34	17	.667
New York	30	17	.638
Chicago	28	26	.518
St. Louis	19	29	.391
Pittsburgh	17	28	.377
Philadelphia	16	30	.347
Boston	15	29	.340

—United Press.

Glut of Racing Down-river

"A" Class Yachts Have Damp Affair Although Favoured By Wind

There was a glut of racing for "A" Class yachts over the week-end, which proved a somewhat damp affair although favoured with plenty of wind.

On Saturday afternoon five yachts set off from the slipway for the second ordinary race. The wind was from the east which meant a tack down as far as Moller's Wharf in rather congested water. After Tungkow it was easier sailing and balloon jibs were set to be replaced later by spinnakers. Valerie established a good lead followed by Seagull, whereas Ingomar and Mignon changed places several times during the race and poor old Viking was left well behind.

The course was round the Forts Buoy which was taken to starboard and where the wind freshened considerably. In the beat back against the tide, of course Valerie and Ingomar drew ahead, leaving Seagull and Mignon to fight it out for themselves. Valerie as scratch boat won hansomely from Ingomar, thus gaining her first blue flag of the season.

Racing in the Rain

On Sunday morning four hardy yachtsmen set out in the pouring rain for the first leg of the third Astrea series up to Tungkow Buoy and down round No. 3 Custom Buoy and back to Jellicoe.

Valerie again took the lead followed closely by Ingomar and Mignon, the latter sailed by Einar Edwards winning on handicap, which success and the birthday of the King of Sweden were duly celebrated in an appropriate manner.

The second leg of this series was sailed in the afternoon, when an improvement in the weather induced two further competitors to venture out.

The course, a considerably abbreviated version of the morning's effort, was a reach both ways with balloons set, and was won by Valerie who led the fleet from the outset. Mignon was a good second, these two yachts thus sharing the honours of this series.

Japanese Win East Asia Track Meet

Manchoukuo Ties for Second Place With Philippines

Osaka, June 16.

Japan easily captured the Osaka track and field championships ending here today by taking twelve first places to three each for the Philippines and Manchoukuo which finished in a tie for the runner-up spot.

In the final event on the programme Lovina of Manila ran away with the 200 metres in 21.8 sec.

The Japanese basketball team also triumphed, running rough-shod over the Philippines' quintet in a fast second half to chalk up a 68-45 win. The Filipinos jumped into an early lead and hung on grimly to lead at the half, 22-19. Following the rest period, the Japanese five came back to outscore the visitors, 49-23.

Making it unanimous, the Japanese soccer squad rang up a 1-0 win over the Philippines. Held scoreless in the first half, the local team scored the game's single goal shortly after the start of the last period.—United Press.

Shanghai Cricket Club Week's Fixtures

The following games have been arranged by the Shanghai Cricket Club for this week and the week-end:—

An S.C.C. XI *v.* Public Thames Hambury School Thursday and Friday at 5 p.m. S.C.C. ground. An S.C.C.:—E. J. Sluis (Capt.), A. Armitage, A. E. V. Brown, J. Cornfield, E. R. Dow, R. Gates, A. J. Harvey, J. R. Kale, C. H. Hodgman, J. Larsen, D. McAllum.

Reserves:—J. B. Brown, G. Harrison, A. W. Walker, S. J. Ward. Umpire:—W. Marsay and A. Lingard. Scorer:—C. H. Mellor.

S.C.C. *v.* S.R.C. Wood Trophy Saturday 1.30 p.m. and Sunday 11.30 a.m. S.C.C. ground. S.C.C.:—A. C. Sinclair (Capt.), R. Booth, W. V. K. Chadwick, E. R. Duckitt, F. Marshall, F. E. T. Marshall, A. G. Norman, H. E. Orr, T. C. G. Parson, L. F. Stokes, H. V. Thorne.

Umpire:—C. Victor Syms. Scorers:—H. S. Bartley Saturday and F. J. Sanger Sunday.

S.C.C. 2nd *v.* S.R.C. 2nd, Saturday 1.30 p.m. S.R.C. ground. S.C.C.:—D. W. Leach (capt.), E. H. Anstice, J. E. Fairbairn, M. Y. T. Fiennes, J. Fletcher, A. Grahan, L. T. Lawrance, G. J. Read, C. E. Sherwin, N. F. Webb, T. H. Wood.

Reserves:—S. J. Ward, F. B. Elliott, A. A. Gowan. Umpire:—the Rev. F. W. Weaver. Scorer:—C. H. Theobald.

S.C.C. 3rd *v.* S.R.C. 3rd, Sunday, 1.30 p.m. S.R.C. ground. S.C.C.:—H. A. Crickmer (Capt.), J. B. Brown, P. G. A. Cantopher, F. B. Elliott, A. A. Gowan, H. F. B. Gardner, I. M. Hutchison, W. B. Sim, T. A. G. L. Smith, L. Underwood, S. J. Ward.

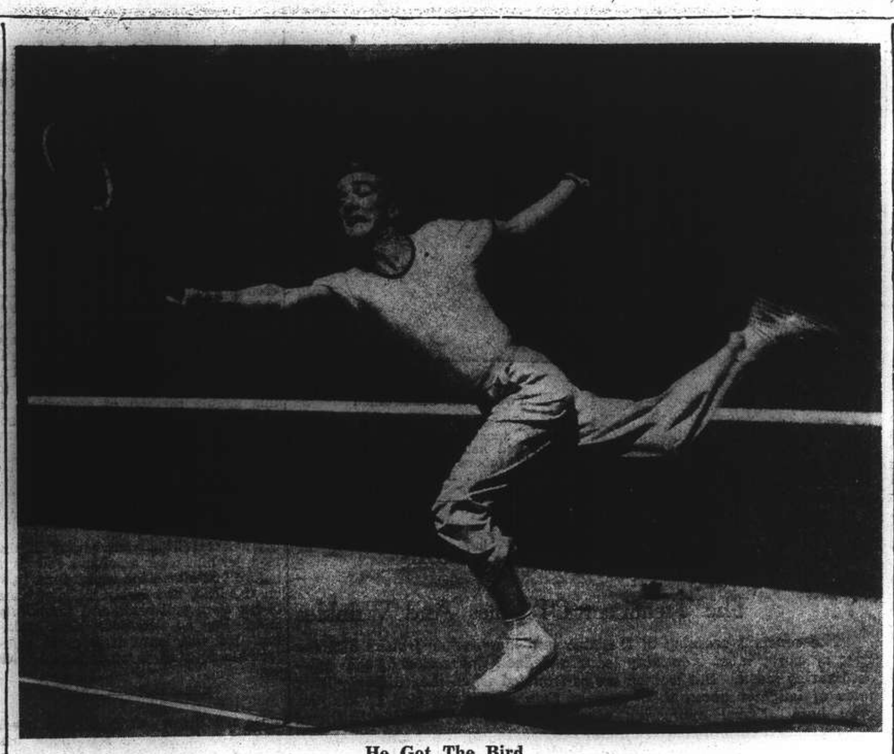
Reserves:—G. T. Gambling, C. H. Mellor, A. Armitage, C. H. Hodgman, E. J. Sluis, N. Downie. Umpire:—T. A. T. Begg. Scorer:—L. T. Lawrance.

Football Club Badly In Debt

The Mayor of Windsor, Councillor N. C. Butler, once a playing member, is fighting to save Windsor and Eton Football Club, of which the King is a patron. Continued losses over a number of years have put the pre-war Spartan Leaguers, now members of the Western Combination, £930 in debt.

£150 Judgment Given Against Tommy Farr

Judgment against Tommy Farr, the Boxer, for £150 was given in the King's Bench Division to Mr. Edward George Whiting, who had claimed £696 alleged to be due as arrears of salary as Farr's private secretary at £15 a week and expenses. Mr. Justice Singleton thought reasonable payment was £4 a week in addition to expenses.



He Got The Bird

Dave Freeman, Pasadena, California, national men's singles badminton champion is pictured above going after a hard hit bird in a practice match. The bird is what the shuttlecock is popularly called in the United States. Although Shanghai has a fair number of badminton players in various clubs, the game still lacks a following which can compare in size with those of other sports here. For those who think of badminton as a quiet little girl's game, this picture of strenuous action should be a revelation.

Excellent Week-end Yachting By "C" Class Boats

Zuleika and Daphne Head Results After Exhilarating Competition in Second and Third Ordinary Races

TWO days' racing for "C" Class over the week-end provided exhilarating competition for the second and third ordinary races despite the rain, and saw Zuleika and Daphne at the head of the results. The former had a very good week-end and, but for an extraordinary lapse in the second race on Sunday, would have made a clean sweep of first places.

On Saturday afternoon seven yachts started from the Slipway, Yangtszepoo, at 3 p.m. A strong but steady wind necessitated a reef for the long beat and close reach down to Jellicoe. The start was rather spoiled by the choice of the same hour for "A" Class, and apart from Daphne who got away to a good lead, the remaining yachts were hampered by—and no doubt themselves hindered—the movements of the larger class.

Zuleika who had been left at the start was is excellent trim and with a beautifully balanced suit of sails came right through the fleet passing Daphne near Jukong Wharf and maintaining a ¾-minute lead to the finish. The exciting racing was between Dorothy and Bridget for third place and Mignonette and Catherine for fifth place, the first named in each case crossing the line only one second ahead of her rival. All yachts finished in under one hour which is fast sailing for the course.

Third Ordinary Race

Sunday morning opened with a heavy downpour of rain, and a discussion as to the possibilities of a day's sleep was interrupted by the surprising arrival of six yachtsmen from Shanghai on the morning bus. The third ordinary race being scheduled for two legs of a triangular course, it was decided to sail these before lunch and to get wet once and for all. The course selected took in the houseboat Vera, Astrea Buoys 2 and 4, and was sailed first leg down river taking all marks to port and the second leg in reverse taking all marks to starboard. Unfortunately Dorothy's owner eyeing the preparations and the weather with an incredulous glance failed to start for the first leg until well after the rest but sailed round the course to establish a place.

Daphne and Zuleika using wind against tide to hang on the line got away at 10.40 a.m. to a good start, but Zuleika soon began to show a clean pair of heels. After rounding Vera an obstruction to sea room materialized in the shape of the incoming Empress boat across whose bows Zuleika scraped leaving Daphne wallowing helplessly being passed by Bridget and Leda who were not so much affected by the blanket.

On the long reach up-river to No. 4 buoy, Daphne came up fast to leeward and passed Leda but all four yachts were close together round the buoy. From here Zuleika chose to lie right over on the Shanghai shore to avoid the flood and this nearly cost her the race for Bridget and Daphne stood out into the stream straight for the finish and nearly caught up only 23 seconds separating the three, Leda following close behind.

Excellent Sailing Conditions

All crews by this time were gloriously wet but sailing conditions were excellent and the second leg was started at 11.50 a.m. Dorothy made a very well-judged start on the port tack closely followed by Daphne who came hard across the line on the starboard tack to secure windward berth, and by Zuleika. On the reach up to No. 4 Zuleika again forged ahead while Dorothy suffering from new sails, which it is learned are to be cut up for household use, dropped behind.

At the buoy Zuleika stood too far out and Daphne taking the mark close caught up. Meantime Leda and Bridget were closing up fast on Dorothy by keeping well into the Shanghai shore by the chemical works. At No. 2 Euoy Zuleika led by 40 yards and then occurred the incident which cost her the race. Taking the buoy too wide she could only make close hauled for some point well below Vera while Daphne Bridget and Leda took the buoy close and reached "Vera" without a tack.

By the time Zuleika had come about onto the port tack towards Vera she was well in among the fleet and was put about by Bridget. During all this Daphne got clear away as also did Leda, these two yachts finishing first and second well clear of the rest, Zuleika managing to shake off Bridget to secure third place. Mignonette had come up fast and should have beaten Dorothy to the line being on the starboard tack but pinching to windward lost way and was crossed.

Thus ended a very esjoyable day's sailing and helmsmen after a change into dry clothes and the usual tiffin time ceremonies, relaxed is 40 winks till time for the bus home.

Detailed Results

SECOND ORDINARY RACE

Boat	Sailed by	Pts.
Zuleika	(J. C. Clavering)	14¼
Daphne	(J. S. Kenyon)	13
Dorothy	(J. D. Riddell)	12
Bridget	(R. P. M. Mann)	11
Mignonette	(J. R. Blackie)	10
Catherine	(H. R. O. Edmonds	9
Eileen	(J. H. Ford)	8
Leda	(C. C. Todd)	D.N.S.

THIRD ORDINARY RACE

	1st Leg	2nd Leg	Final	Plac.
Zuleika	14¼	12	1	13⅝
Daphne	12	14¼	1	13⅝
Bridget	13	11	3	11½
Leda	11	13	3	11½
Dorothy	10	10	5	10
Mignonette	9	9	6	9

Boxing Bouts to Aid French Red Cross

Four Groups Competing Late This Month

Responding to the appeal for a boxing card to be held on June 28 in aid of the French Red Cross, the Commanding Officer of the East Surrey Regiment, Lieut.-Col. M. E. Swinton gave his consent for his boxers to participate, the inclusion of which will undoubtedly lend further attraction to the coming programme.

The Surrey boxing squad has already shown their metal, and Matchmaker T. D. Sofoulis is now in contact with their boxing officer, Captain Magee, for further details. The local promoter stated after the last smoker that there is much promising material among them specially Pte. Britchford. Britchford, Wilson, Evans and Dimmock will probably be included on the card.

Army fighters have already made names for themselves in Shanghai, and boys of the calibre of Edwin Llewellyn of the Loyals who won all his fights in Shanghai, "Crooner" Davis and Harry Owens of the Royal Welch Fusiliers have set high marks here for the "Irons."

With the inclusion of the Marines, French Army, East Surreys, Russian Regiment and local civilians, it will be the first when all these services will participate on one card.

Golf Victory After Being Six Down

Six holes down at the end of the morning round A. N. Waterson (Moore Park) played magnificently to beat D. J. Davies (Ryde Parramatta) 3 and 2 in the final of the New South Wales amateur golf championship at the Lakes Club's Course, Sydney. It was a remarkable performance without parallel in a State final. Waterson thus retained the title he won from Jim Ferrier, Australian open and amateur champion last year. This year Ferrier was absent.

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12

U.S. Fights Fifth Column

Extensive Precautions Taken By Numerous Groups To Prevent Sabotage of Industry and Utilities

New York, June 17.

PREPAREDNESS against Fifth Column penetration of the United States and sabotage of its vital industries and utilities has been undertaken on a large and growing scale by private organizations, Great War Veterans' groups, States and Municipalities, a United Press survey disclosed today.

The national trend indicated increasing surveillance of aliens. There were isolated instances of hysteria, primarily among activities of private, unofficial groups.

A survey showed the following developments in several states:

Pennsylvania:—Activity appeared greatest in this mining, industrial state. Special guards watch some industrial plants, particularly steel mills, railroad bridges and tunnels. Loitering and use of cameras around railroad property is forbidden, one official said. At Uniontown, the district attorney, Vance Cottom, asked residents to provide him with "a list of known radicals." Duquesne City authorities guarded their water supply.

Intelligence Section Active

Maj.-Gen. Edward Martin, adjutant general of Pennsylvania and commander of the 28th Division, National Guard, said Guardsmen plan no unusual activity but reported that the G-2 Intelligence Section, whose personnel and activities are known only to him and the War Department, have subversive Activities under surveillance the year around.

Dr. Arthur P. Keegan, chief police surgeon of Philadelphia, said he would submit to the War Department and the Dies Committee a proposal of organization of a "Sixth Column" composed of war veterans, second grade police and firemen under supervision of retired high ranking Army, Navy and Marine Corps officers.

The One Hundred Club started study of defence needs in the Philadelphia area. The president, William B. F. Koelle, named a committee to confer with authorities on highways, aviation, and mobilization for evacuation and protection of industry.

"Parashooters" Organized

Two anti-parachutist legions, including the first organized in the United States, were formed in the Pittsburgh district.

The Pittsburgh chapter of the Veterans of Foreign Wars organized a "Minute Man" division to prevent sabotage.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation surveyed industry in the Pittsburgh steel district to plan the guarding of objectives of saboteurs and to spot possible trouble makers. The F.B.I. asked industrialists what points in their plants were most vulnerable, what were the bottlenecks of production whose disruption would suspend operations, the possibility of poisoning the plant's water supply, whether inflammables were stored, and whether they employed persons whose tendencies are inimical to the interests of the country. Manufacturers denied that internal espionage systems have been set up, but admitted that possibly dangerous employes are being watched.

"Witch Hunt" Denied

Edward R. Stirling, state commander of the American Legion, said war veterans are investigating fifth Column activities in Pennsylvania and are relaying their information to the F.B.I. He denied a "witch hunt" was in progress.

New York:—The most extraordinary of the precautionary measures was undertaken here. New York and New Jersey representatives of the National Legion of the Mothers of America planned to have 10,000,000 rifle-toting mothers ready by July 1 to "combat any parachutist invasion."

Revelation of Christian Front activity in the National Guard has caused a "general tightening up," Adjutant General Ames I. Brown reported. The Guard's intelligence service, which normally functions only in wartime, has been working to smoke out subversive elements.

Glenn H. McClellan, Buffalo police commissioner, has ordered his detective department to make an immediate survey to prevent sabotage of industrial plants.

Photography Prohibited

In the Syracuse area all industrial plants reported tightening of restrictions on visitors. Two crucible steel plants have barred press photographers since September.

George Monagan, Monroe County Legion Commander, has called a series of special meetings of the Legion executive committee to map defence plans against Fifth Column operations.

In the first days of the war New York City police put into operation their emergency plan for guarding vital points, such as power plants and transportation centres.

California:—The California legislature sent a memorial to Congress to study means of "stamping out the traitorous Communist Party and Nazi groups in the United States and all other subversive organizations."

Aeroplane factories are guarded by squads of private police, F.B.I. men, Army officers and soldiers. The F.B.I. increased the guard at Los Angeles harbour and at the Mexican border and San Diego.

The California section of the National League of District Postmasters asked postal employees to notify post office inspectors of Fifth Column activities in their district.

District Attorney Burton Fitts of Los Angeles announced a meeting of Southern California peace officers would be held to perfect an organization against Fifth Column movements. He invited movie studio and aeroplane factory police chiefs as well as city, county and Federal officers.

Rifle Club Organized

The N.A.P.A. Rifle and Pistol Club organized an antiparachute legion to protect vital spots like Mare Island Navy Yard in the northern San Francisco Bay area.

Three Los Angeles residents incorporated as "Erase the Fifth Column Inc."

Michigan:—Detroit armed itself against sabotage in power and light plants. The city council alloted $10,000 to light the water intake plant at Belle Isle and the Detroit river docks of the Water Department.

Most motor and related plants manufacturing war materials are well guarded and precautions have been taken against sabotage, though particulars were not revealed. It was pointed out that War Department regulations require factories accepting Government orders to submit lists of alien employes for approval. The Bohn Aluminum and Brass Corp., has dismissed more than 50 aliens in the past year. Applications for citizenship have increased.

New Jersey:—Gov. A. Harry Moore planned with police and military authorities to form a home defence army of "Minute Men." The Governor's Emergency Committee of veteran state police and military officials will introduce a bill to require registration of all aliens, who would have to carry identification papers. A measure pending in the Senate would forbid employment of aliens who are in the country unlawfully and bar them from membership in labour unions.—United Press.

Duchess of Kent Inspects Nursing Reserve

The Duchess of Kent recently inspected the nursing reserve at Plymouth and Devonport. She was accompanied by Lord Astor, who is the mayor of Plymouth. Picture shows her walking between lines of nurses on parade.

Filipinos Go to Polls Tomorrow

President Quezon Likely to Be Elected Again

Manila, June 17.

More than 2,000,000 Filipinos are expected to cast ballots tomorrow in a plebiscite on four amendments to their five-year-old Constitution.

Political observers considered it a foregone conclusion that after the votes have been tabulated, the Philippines Commonwealth would find itself with a bicameral legislature instead of the present unicameral chamber; and electoral commission, a four-year presidential term instead of the present single six-year term, and with legislators drawing $3,600 a year instead of the present $2,500.

Many observers further forecast that President Manuel L. Quezon would be re-elected in 1941, when he completes his six-year term, for a four-year term as provided under the proposed constitutional amendment.

Most opposition to the proposed amendments was focussed on those creating a bicameral legislature and an electoral commission. Opposition was based on the fact they would require increased governmental expenses at a time when the public feels there should be increased governmental economy. Governmental budgets have increased each year since the semi-autonomous Commonwealth was established in 1933 as a prelude to Philippine independence on July 4, 1946.—United Press.

India Bans German News

Simla, June 17.

Steps have been taken by the authorities to prevent the public broadcasting of German news bulletins, on the ground that they are aimed at creating unjustified nervousness.

It is emphasized there is no intention of interfering with the present liberty of private persons to listen to any programmes they desire.—Reuter.

Former Paris Official Killed in Raid

Bordeaux, June 17.

M. Raymond Laurent, former president of the Paris Municipal Council, was killed in a German aerial bombardment here yesterday.—United Press.

Japanese to Withdraw From Britain

Residents to Be Evacuated In Any Vessels

Tokyo, June 17.

In compliance with the wishes of Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador in London, as well as Japanese residents in Europe, the Japanese Foreign Office authorities yesterday decided to take emergency measures for the effective withdrawal of 350 Japanese residents in Britain and about 60 others in France.

Besides the Haruna Maru and the Hakusan Maru, which now are moored in European ports, two freighters, the Takaoka Maru and the Delago Maru will be utilized to evacuate the Japanese.

Several other freighters, it was stated, will be used to evacuate Japanese at Alexandria and Cairo.—Domei.

Hongkong Drive For Plane Funds

Hongkong, June 17.

Fifteen thousand Hongkong dollars were subscribed here today within the first hour of a "South China Morning Post-Hongkong Telegraph" campaign for funds for the purchase of war planes for the Allied fighting forces.

The two newspapers launched the war plane campaign today after calling on residents of Hongkong to contribute immediateyly for the purchase of planes for the Allies.—United Press.

Spy Suspects Arrested In Hangchow

Former Chungking Officers Rounded Up

Hangchow, June 17.

Sixty-six Chungking army officers and men, including Major-General Yang Shih-lin, alleged to be a member of the Chungking Peace Preservation Corps on the Kiangsi-Chekiang front, who surrendered to the Japanese at the beginning of last month, and who have since been allowed their freedom, have been arrested by the Japanese Gendarmerie on suspicion of espionage, it was revealed here yesterday.

Between May 25 and May 28, according to Japanese officers here, the Gendarmerie effected the arrest of Major-General Yang and 65 of his followers. A raid on their headquarters, it was added, netted large stores of arms and ammunition.

Japanese authorities here said that these men had secretly attempted to gain information regarding the movements of Japanese forces in China and had moreover planned the assassination of important Japanese and pro-Wang Ching-wei personalities.—Domei.

Machine Tool Embargo Feared in Japan

Tokyo, June 17.

Fears were expressed here yesterday that the enactment of the new United States Emergency National Defence Bill will affect the purchase of machine tools by Japan from the United States.

It was reported that Mr. Morito Morishima, Counsellor of the Japanese Embassy at Washington, is negotiating with the American authorities with a view to arranging for exemptions of certain goods.—Domei.

Chungking Raids To Continue

Protests Not to Deter Japanese; Chungking "Army Headquarters"

Tokyo, June 17.

Japanese planes will continue to carry out their devastating raids on Chungking regardless of humanitarian protests from any quarter, the Japanese Foreign Office spokesman, Mr. Yakichiro Suma, told the press here today.

He said the Japanese raids on Chungking, which have taken a toll of hundreds of Chinese civilian lives in the past three weeks, would be continued until Japanese military operations have been completed.

He said the Japanese forces were engaged in "large scale hostilities" in China and therefore it was "quite natural" that they should attack Chungking. The spokesman said Chungking was the headquarters of the Chinese armies and not an open, unarmed town. He said Chungking is a "heavily armed camp" and the Japanese consequently were justified in taking "military action" against the town.

No Indiscriminate Raids

The spokesman added, however, that the Japanese never have carried out "indiscriminate" raids against Chungking where 3,000 private houses and shops were destroyed by Japanese bombs yesterday.

Japanese pilots, the spokesman said, have taken "scrupulous care not to damage Third Power interests" in Chungking such as the American-owned Chungking ice house which was destroyed yesterday. "Every possible precaution is being taken not to damage Third Power property," the spokesman said.

The spokesman said that talks between Japanese and American authorities here in the past few days had considered the questions of clearer markings for foreign properties in Chungking and the withdrawal of Chungking foreigners to the "safety zone" laid out by the Japanese on the south bank of the Yangtze River.—United Press.

German Drive on Iceland Seen

Occupation Essential for Attack on Britain

Stockholm, June 17.

The German Army is now transporting fresh troops to Oslo, Kristiansund, Stavanger, Bergen, Trondheim and other northern ports for an invasion of Iceland, usually reliable quarters reported here last night.

The first phase of German operations against Iceland, it was believed, would be a joint aerial and naval attack after which an attempt would be made to occupy the island with German troops.

The occupation of Iceland, it was pointed out, probably would be essential to any German invasion of the British Isles.

Iceland, formerly under the Denmark throne, declared its independence following the invasion of Denmark by Germany.—United Press.

Five dyed-in-the-green Irishmen are fighting England's battles in "The Sea Hawk." They are Erroll Flynn and Charles Irwin from Belfast, Wilfred Lucas from Armagh, J. M. Kerrigan from Dublin and Don Carr from Enniskillen.

Dictatorial Powers For Australia

Country to Mobilize the Same as Great Britain

Melbourne, June 17.

Australia is ready to mobilize her national resources in the same manner as Britain.

This was announced in a broadcast last night by the Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, who said that "Parliament has been called for next Thursday to consider a bill removing all limits to the recourse we may have to national resources, modelled on the British legislation giving unlimited powers to tax and take property, to direct employers and employees, and to call up and train manpower."

No Overseas Conscription

"The only limit," Mr. Menzies declared, "is no conscription for overseas service. Our watchword is 'All in it.'"

The Government, in consultation with military advisers, the Prime Minister added, had decided that 250,000 men were needed for home defence, involving an addition of 30,000 to 90,000 troops to those already serving.

Evening and week-end parades, and three monthly continuous camps were planned. The munitions aspect was more difficult, Mr. Menzies said, but he was confident that Australia could produce everything.

A despatch from Canberra says that a Department of Munitions Supply has been established under a director-general, who is empowered to commit the Commonwealth to a maximum expenditure of £250,000 without Ministerial approval when the urgency of the situation warrants such a step.—Reuter.

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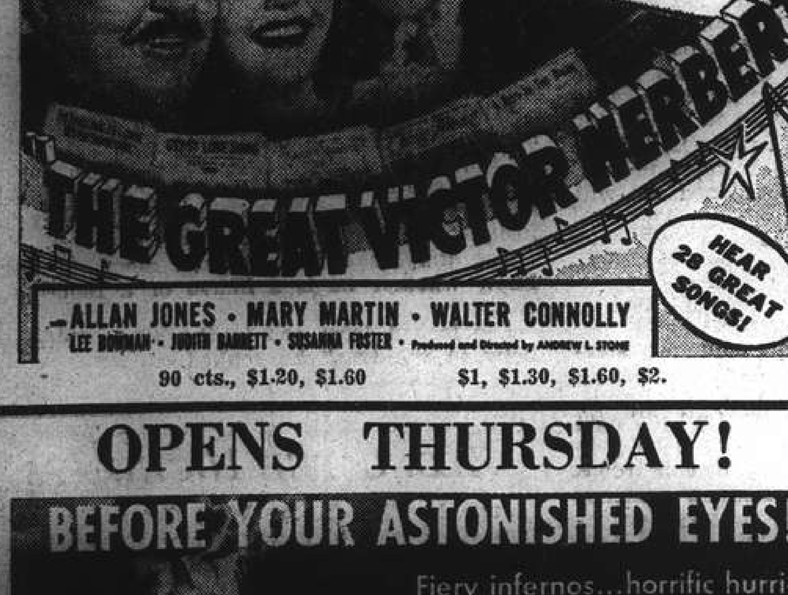

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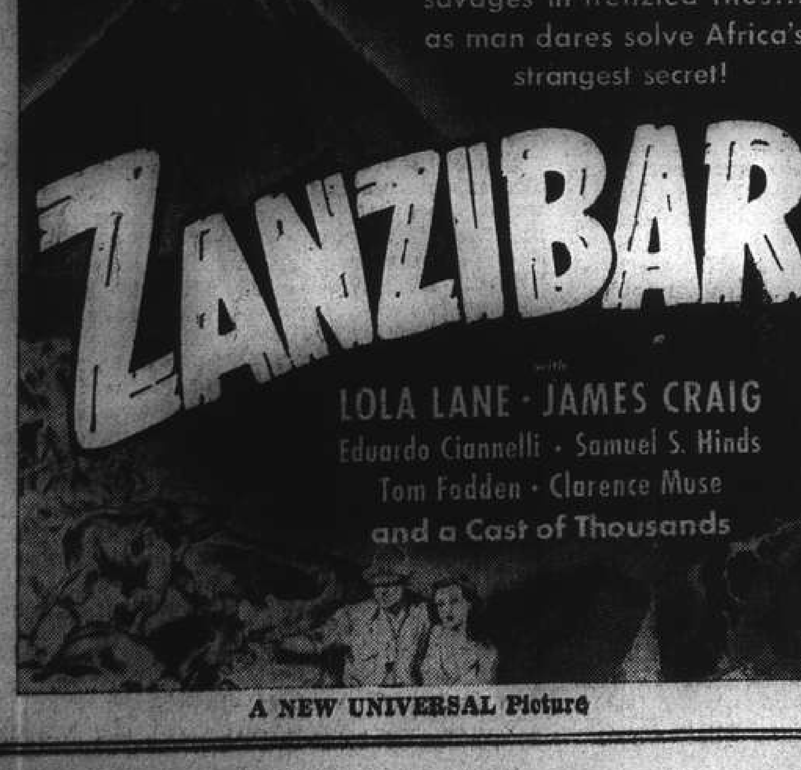

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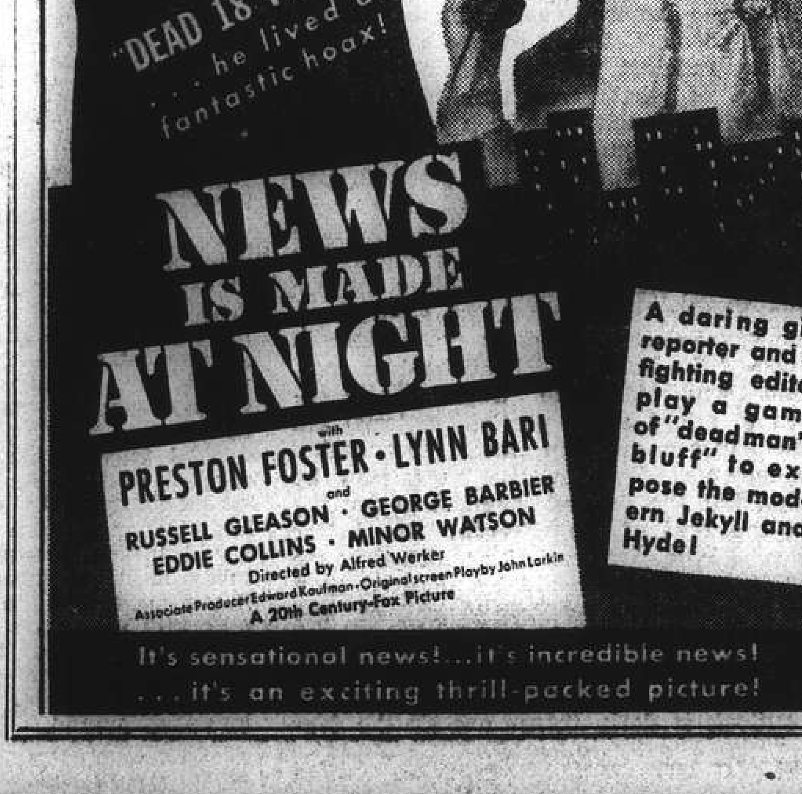

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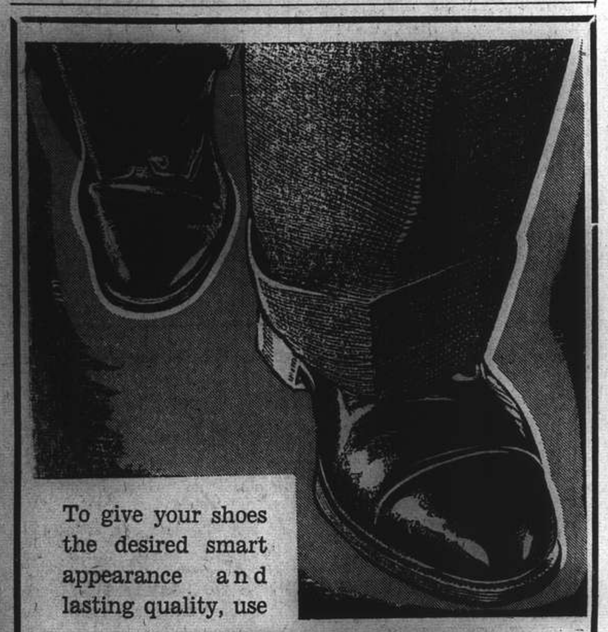

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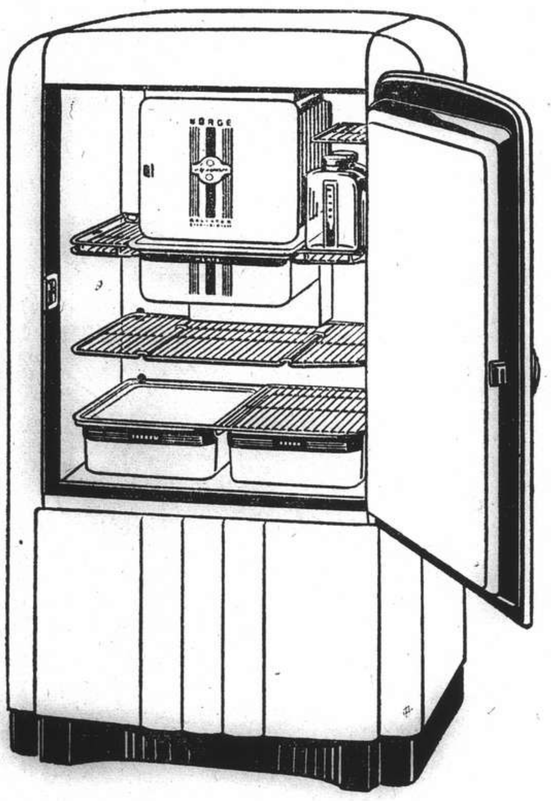

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

NO NEED FOR DESPAIR

A correspondent in a letter to the editor today makes a point which it is worth while for all to remember: "Always remember that from March to July, 1918, our losses in territory were enormous, our Navy was by no means as strong as it is today, and the submarine menace was touch and go, yet by August 8 we started the German on his way to Berlin, and by November 11 the German nation was on its knees." There are many, fortunately, who remember the tragically gloomy days in the early part of 1918, when week after week saw the enemy still making headway, the somewhat brighter days when it became realized that he had been held, and then the three swift glorious months when victory was assured. It must be readily admitted that the situation now is infinitely more serious, that much more territory has been gained by the Germans, and that the momentum of German advances has only been slowed down in some localities. That is because the Germans are still able, because of their position on the inside of the convex fighting line are able to move their forces from point to point with considerably more rapidity than can the Allies. That is a very definite advantage, and the German command is making every use of it. Thus while there has been a slowing up in the neighbourhood of Paris, the enemy appears to have thrown the bulk of his troops in France into the task of forcing the Maginot line from the rear, even, if a brief report to hand at the time of writing proves true, going to the extent of invading Switzerland for the purpose of turning the southern end of those defences. Considerable progress has been made in the attempt to bottle up the large French forces in that area, but that the French will permit so obvious a move to be successful is not to be expected. The probability of a big French withdrawal is not, therefore, to be discounted. That may mean the abandonment of the Maginot line, and the throwing open of the French western front to the combined invasion of the German and Italian forces, and while this would amount to a signal reverse, there are some advantages to be gained in the shortening of the Allied lines.

So long as they maintain their forces intact, so long as they can continue to offer the resistance which they are at present doing, gaining ever more time, and depriving the enemy of the quick victory which alone can save them from the growing pressure which must eventually end in their defeat, the reverse which the Allies have already sustained, and those further ones which they may expect in the future will in the end contribute to the expected Allied victory. The whole picture is a by no means wholly disheartening one. The formation of a new French Cabinet indicates the reaffirmation of the intention of the French nation to continue the fight. The appointment of military and naval men in the key positions is sufficient promise of that fact. Great Britain on her part has already called to the colours an enormous number of men, and the reinforcements which are being sent with the greatest possible speed into France are already formidable. Their number will continue to increase, and, while apparently Great Britain has over five million men trained or in training, sight should never be lost of the fact that this by no means reaches the limit of the endeavour which the Empire can put forth. In the last war it recruited and conscripted no fewer than 8,900,000 men and there is no reason why they should not do so in this struggle. Thus, even if the French forces in France should be more weakened than they are it will be possible for the Allies to carry on, and if the Axis is thwarted of its lightning victory in the course of the next two or three months,—which indeed will still prove a trying time for the Allied peoples,—the ultimate success of France and Great Birtain is assured. Once the culmination of the Axis drive has been reached,—and that may still be some time because of the access of strength due to the entry of Italy into the struggle,—there will be on the one hand a steady diminution in their ability to force the issue with a corresponding increase of strength on the part of their opponents. The situation being what it is, it is natural and only to be expected that the enemy should be assiduously propagating rumours of dissension among the Allies and all manner of peace rumours.

They are definitely answered by the statement issued in authoritative London quarters that Great Britain is firmly and resolutely determined to continue the struggle until victory is won. "Unlike the enemy, whose only hope of victory rests in defeating the Allies within a few weeks or months, Britain is prepared to continue the war just as long as it may be necessary to secure the downfall of her opponents, even though it may take years to accomplish the task. In their unshakable determination to achieve victory, no matter at what cost, the Governments of the Empire have the united support of their people." Those are no idle words. They are redolent with the spirit of the Ironsides, of that resolution with which Great Britain fought Napoleon through the long years necessary to bring about his downfall. They speak of the determination of a Government which realizes that throughout the whole of the Commonwealth there are millions of men only too anxious that their services shall be availed of in defence of the Empire, and millions of equally resolute women who will shirk no sacrifice in defence of the ideals which all hold so dear. Behind them stand the United States resolved to afford every possible material aid to the Allies one of the most encouraging developments of the war. There can be nothing but the deepest admiration for the great bravery of the French. No better evidence of the sternness with which they are resisting the enemy could be desired than what is proceeding on French soil at the present moment. People who can demonstrate such gallantry and *élan* are a very long way from being defeated, and though the outlook is dark, there are all the features about the present situation which serve to inspire hope for the future. It must always be remembered that the Allies entered this war with the knowledge and determination that it would be a long one. It was perhaps inevitable that what has happened should have taken place, for those who fancied that, following a German invasion the situation could be reduced to a state of static warfare similar to that of 1914-1918, completely failed to grasp the significance of modern weapons and their methods of employment. The time will come, and it is to be hoped, is coming swiftly when the balance of strength will be restored, and then it may confidently be expected that the Axis Powers will have done to them what they are at present doing to the Allies.

Father Jacquinot Leaves

Among a number of volunteers and others who are going to Europe to join the French forces and who left Shanghai yesterday was Father Jacquinot. He, himself, will not be joining any of the armed forces of his country, but he will devote his services to relief work, for which he has become famous in this country. His loss will be as severely felt in Shanghai as his arrival should be welcomed by the many refugees in France who have been made victims of German brutality in the swift attack on that country. The condition of these refugees is no doubt pitiable, but could it be more pitiable than the condition of the tens of thousands of ignorant Chinese who were the victims of the Shanghai hostilities? Father Jacquinot should be able to bring a wealth of tragic experience to the assistance of his own countrymen, and needless to say, he will carry with him the best wishes of all his admirers in this part of the world. His work over many years is almost too well known to bear repeating. As far back as 1927, he was a leader in attempting to rescue unfortunate Chinese who had fallen victims to the incessant wars which were being waged between different Chinese generals in the provinces of Kiangsu and Chekiang. A notable feat of those days associated him with the present Commander-in-Chief of the British Expeditionary Force, Viscount Gort, and with the then British Consul-General, Sir Sidney Barton, who was British Minister in Addis Abbaba before and during the Italian war against Abyssinia. These three men courageously walked down Paoshan Road, between the fire of the White Russians employed by Chang Chung-chang, who were trapped in their armoured train in the North Station, and the "black gown" Nationalists who virtually took Shanghai for Gen. Chiang Kai-shek while his troops were fully thirty miles away from the city. The three of them managed to save the pupils of a Catholic convent who had been caught in the area of hostilities. Father Jacquinot also took a leading part in the establishment of the refugee zone in Nantao which resulted in the saving of many Chinese lives during the 1937 fighting round Shanghai. This zone has lasted until today, when talk has begun about its abolition, now that the situation in the city's environs seems to have been more or less stabilized. A champion of mercy, Father Jacquinot's lot has been cast in the cruellest places; there could be few duties more painful to him, a veteran of the last world war, than ministering to the victims of this latest German invasion.

The Will to Win

The British people have one trait which never fails to arouse the respect and admiration of other nations—their ability to "take it on the chin" and to come up smiling, ready to fight better than ever. In happier post Great War years this characteristic was being demonstrated more on the sports field than anywhere else. Today it is being demonstrated on the battlefield as events have, indeed, gone from bad to worse in France. Gloom and pessimism were rife in Shanghai yesterday. They were unwarranted, although there was precious little to smile about. As the war grows older and as events become blacker and blacker for the Allies, so Britain's determination to "finish this thing once and for all—and successfully at that" grows stronger and stronger. It is a very queer thing—to most foreigners, at least—that today Britons are even more determined than they were at the outbreak of war to see the battle through to a final victory. There is no thought of peace in the minds of any Briton whether he hails from the Mother Country or from any part of the great and scattered British Commonwealth of Nations. It will not surprise wise people to learn that Britain is in a far better position to carry on this war than are Germany and Italy. Hitler possesses the advantage—at the moment—in military might. But even military might without supplies to sustain it means nought in the long run. Britain still rules the waves and as long as she does so the blockade will be enforced. And it will hit Hitler's Germany just as hard as it hit the Kaiser's Germany, despite the latter's military successes. Typical of the British spirit too is a letter recently received in Shanghai from the Home country which was written at a time when the Allied armies were suffering severe setbacks. "I must write to say that we are all right and not worried over events," says the writer. "Everyone over here is quite calm and ready to face whatever may come, and although the news is serious, one must realize that the war will not be decided in the present battle (Flanders) and we must have courage and confidence that we shall triumph eventually. It is no use saying 'don't worry'; that would be foolish, but I think we are as safe here as anywhere. I think the country is at last organized to deal with parachutists. I am only sorry that I can't use a gun" (the writer is a lady). The letter ends "We are both quite fit and keeping quite cheerful, and ready for anything that might happen." Britain is, indeed, ready for anything that might happen—men, women and children alike. In the end she will triumph.

Warning to Italy

As it was anticipated in this column yesterday the rape of Lithuania has been swiftly followed with regard to Esthonia and Latvia. Both those small nations have received ultimata from Soviet Russia demanding that it be permitted to station an unlimited number of troops in both countries. While the Russian demands apparently do not call for the military occupation of the whole of both countries, but only the strategic cities, there is not the slightest room for doubting that the whole of the small Baltic states have been brought under Soviet military domination, and they are just as completely occupied as if they had surrendered after military defeat. The world is thus receiving another proof that, under any regime of totalitarian states, small nations will cease to exist as such. What appears to be happening is that the Kremlin is strengthening its position against the possibility of a German onslaught which may be confidently expected in the event of an Axis victory. The ambitions of Herr Hitler with regard to eastern Europe have not been abandoned, and a Germany stretching as far as the Urals is still one of his fondest dreams. Indeed last year maps were published in Germany showing what were the German ambitions, namely control of an area stretching from the Bay of Biscay to the Ural mountains, leaving, of course Italy out of the picture for the moment. But the fate of all the small nations which have succumbed to either Russia or Germany during the past two years should be sufficient to prove to the Italian leaders the suicidal folly of the policy which they have adopted. Should Herr Hitler succeed in fulfilling his ambitions Italy, compared with the very large Germany which would thus be carved out, would herself become a very small country, ready to be absorbed whenever the German leader considered the time ripe. The idea that Italy will ever rank as an equal partner with Germany is just as false now as it has been all along, for it is no part of Herr Hitler's scheme to tolerate two bulls on the same stamping ground.

THE NEW PURCHASE TAX

What Continental Experience Has Shown

Purchase, turnover, or sales taxes began their remarkable "career" at the end of the last war. They were a striking success in every country in which they were imposed, at least from the point of view of the Treasury. A sales tax is a very productive tax, easy to collect, so that it is not surprising that after its "temporary" imposition for "emergency" purposes it became the mainstay of indirect taxation in several countries. At the moment roughly one-fifth of the total tax revenue in Germany and in France is collected from a turnover tax.

These fiscal merits do not offset its conspicuous economic defects. From the economic and social point of view it is a bad tax in every respect and one can hardly find a single argument in its favour. It enters into prices; its incidence is on the consumer even if it is not levied in the retail stage. It is an anti-social tax, regressive in its effects and falling heavily on the poorer classes.

After the last war victors and vanquished alike were confronted with unbalanced Budgets, steadily depreciating currencies, inflated note circulations, rising prices. They tried to get the necessary revenue through direct taxation (in several countries with badly timed and unsuccessful capital levies). After the breakdown of direct taxation they were seeking for an easily and speedily collectible revenue, which could keep pace with inflation, and discovered the turnover tax. It was imposed in Germany in 1919, in France in 1920 (replacing the somewhat similar taxes imposed in both countries during the war), in Czecho-Slovakia and Hungary in 1921, in Austria in 1923, in Poland in 1925. The tax spread rapidly over the world until by 1933 some 30 countries had enacted turnover taxes, including Canada, Australia, Belgium, and several States in the United States. The last country to adopt it was Switzerland.

Arbitrary Flat Rates Suggested

One variety of the manufacturer's sales tax has been developed effectively in southeast Europe (notably Austria and Hungary), where the total tax rate varied according to the number of taxable processes. This form of the tax needs immense legislative preparation and was imposed in both countries only after long experience. The industrial products of Austria, for instance, were classified into 400 groups for the application of the tax rates. It seems that the new British tax will be rather on the lines of the manufacturer's sale taxes in Australia, Canada and Turkey, with arbitrary flat rates. France and Belgium have adopted a number of special flat rate producers' taxes in certain industries. Both countries (and also Italy) had unfortunate experience with sales taxes on retail purchases, which proved unproductive and costly.

Many disadvantages became evident only with the change in the business cycle. Among these were the snowball effects, the raising of the prices of goods with inelastic demand, and the reduction of the consumption of goods with elastic demand. It fostered business integration by permitting multi-process concerns to pay smaller sales taxes than the single-process concerns. For the same reason independent business men became commission merchants.

In respect of inflation Continental experiences were rather favourable. Though individual prices were affected, they did not involve considerable changes in the general price level. The repressive effects of the tax on production, private spending, and the level of employment are in war-time offset by the heavy Government spending.

Looking at the British proposal in the light of Continental experience, one may guess that a purchase tax imposed only at one stage of manufacturing and marketing and at fairly low rates will be administratively feasible. It will not be a disappointment to the Treasury in its productivity, though, with its necessarily low rates, it will not have such importance as the sales taxes in foreign countries. On the basis of foreign experience, it is very likely that it will be difficult to get rid of this regressive and bad tax even after the war. Food is exempted, but clothing, and therefore the textile industries, will be much affected by the new tax. It will lead to price rises—even to some rise in the cost of living,—but, provided the rates are low, it may not greatly increase the danger of inflation. As a measure of war finance it will work in the direction of reducing consumption and will release productive resources for the Government. But it will not solve either problem. It will be a very modest and indirect contribution to both.

IN PARENTHESIS

Foolish House

THE asylum inmate had his ear to the ground. The attendant found him listening intently at a flowerbed.

"What's up?" he asked. "What are you listening to?"

"Flowers."

"Flowers?"

"Hearing 'em grow."

The attendant stared at him, and then he also knelt and put his ear to the ground and listened. At last he said: "I can't hear a thing."

"I know," said the patient, looking very worried, "and it's been like that all the morning."

* * *

Between the Two

JESSE Lee, the famous preacher, was riding horseback between two towns when two lawyers overtook him and fell into line, one on each side, where they began to quizz him.

"Do you ever make mistakes in quoting the Scriptures?" they happened to ask.

"Ah, yes," replied Lee. "The other day I said instead of 'the Devil is a liar,' 'the Devil is a lawyer,' but I decided the difference was too insignificant to warrant correction."

The lawyers looked at each other. "I don't know whether he is a knave or a fool," said one.

Lee looked from one to the other. "Perhaps between the two," he replied.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

June 16.—The Spider Wort *Commelina communis* was seen in flower during the week-end. This wild flower remains open for one day only which is a pity for it is such a beautiful shade of blue: there is a succession of bloom, but we would like to see each plant a mass of bloom. If the plant could only change its habit we are sure it would soon become a universal favourite in our gardens. We also saw an aristolochia in flower; this is a common wild climbing vine here. The flowers on our local species are very small and purple on the inside: it is probably *Aristolochia molissima*. We are told that the local farmers dig up some roots on a certain day each year and make them into a medicine which is used as a preventive against Cholera. The aristolochia is found in many parts of the world, one of the species being known as the "Dutchman's pipe," another produces flowers so large that they are used as helmets. Humboldt reported that he had seen savages wearing them on the banks of the Magdelena river. The leaves of *A. gigas* are also used as hats by children in some parts of India. Insects play a prominent part in the fecundation of all the species and the flowers of many have a most unpleasant smell. *Althea rosea* the parent of all the beautiful hollyhocks we see peeping over garden fences along the highways, is a native of China. It is one of our oldest cultivated plants as it was introduced into England in 1573: it was probably cultivated in China long before that date for when it was introduced it was stated that the plant was of "many colours and forms." Bees are very fond of the pollen of the hollyhock flower and as the various forms have been so well selected, they grow true from seed provided other forms were not grown in the same corner last year.—W.J.K.

Marshal Petain Announces French Army Surrender

Order to Cease Fire Made by Hero of Verdun in Poignant Broadcast

London, June 17.

FRANCE capitulated to Germany today and ordered her armies to cease resisting Chancellor Adolf Hitler's Blitzkrieg which had driven a wedge deep into the heart of France and had trapped 1,000,000 of France's best soldiers in the Maginot Line.

Announcement of the French capitulation was made in a broadcast to the French nation today by France's new Premier, Marshal Henri Petain, the "Hero of Verdun."

Marshal Petain, who succeeded M. Paul Reynaud at the head of the French Government yesterday in France's "hour of peril," told the French people that it was "with heavy heart that I say we must cease fighting."

He said he had applied to Germany for honourable peace terms and he asked the French people to unite solidly around the new Government "during this painful trial."

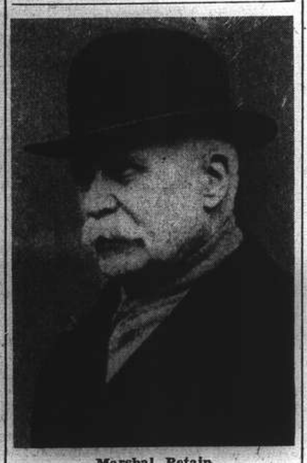
The peace negotiations between Germany and France were being conducted through Generalissimo Francisco Franco of Spain, it was believed here.

Spanish Envoy Given Documents

Immediately after the Petain Government was formed in Bordeaux last night the new French Foreign Minister, M. Paul Baudoin, called on the Spanish Ambassador to deliver a set of secret documents—the contents of which were also conveyed to the British Ambassador.

The documents handed the Spanish Ambassador were believed to have requested that Generalissimo Franco seek from Chancellor Hitler the most favourable and honourable peace terms possible for France.

Marshal Petain and General Franco fought together against the Riffs in North Africa and are close personal friends. Marshal Petain, it was believed, would naturally request Gen. Franco to intercede if France desired to negotiate peace with Germany.



Marshal Petain

Petain's Address

"Frenchmen—On the appeal of the President of the Republic, I assumed today direction of the Government of France," Marshal Petain said over Radio France.

"I am in heart and thoughts with our admirable Army who, with every heroism and without precedent, continued our glorious military traditions against an enemy superior in numbers and arms, an Army which has shown by its magnificent resistance how to fulfill our duties toward our Allies.

"I also think of those old combatants whom I commanded in the last war.

"I have given myself to France to better her situation in this grave hour.

"At this moment I think of the unfortunate refugees, men and women on the roads who have been driven away from their homes by the misfortunes of war. I express to them my most sincere sympathy and love.

"With Heavy Heart"

"It is with heavy heart that I say that we must cease fighting. I have applied to our opponent to ask him if he is ready to sign with us, as between soldiers after the fight and in honour, the means to put an end to the hostilities.

"Let all Frenchmen group themselves around the Government over which I preside during this painful trial and affirm once more their faith in the destiny of our country."

Meanwhile, there were no indications here as to what France might expect from Chancellor Adolf Hitler in the way of peace terms. Interest centered on the disposition which may be made of the French Navy—the second largest in the world.

Britain Faces Grim Task

A combination of the German, French and Italian navies, it was pointed out, would confront Britain with a serious threat on the seas and greatly facilitate the German drive expected to be launched immediately against he British Isles.

Britain today faced the grim task of continuing the struggle against Germany and Italy alone, unaided except for such material support as the United States may send to Britain.

The French surrender was understood to have resulted partially from the nature of President Roosevelt's latest reply to appeals for aid from the outgoing French Premier, M. Paul Reynaud.

The French military situation was so hopeless, it was said here, that only direct American military intervention on a major scale could have persuaded the French Government to continue its resistance against the German juggernaut.—United Press.

London Remains Silent

London, June 17.

British official circles declare that they have no comment to make on Marshal Petain's broadcast announcing that France was giving up the fight against Germany.

One hour before Marshal Petain's broadcast it was stated here that the British Expeditionary Force and French troops were fighting in Normandy.—Reuter.

Move For Peace Seen

Bordeaux, June 17.

The resignation of M. Reynaud was regarded as highly significant here

(Continued on page 8, col. 2)

Tradition Broken By Appointments

Marshal Petain is First Soldier Premier In History of France

London, June 17.

Although contrary to the tradition of the French Republic, a soldier has taken over the premiership of France following the sudden resignation this morning of M. Paul Reynaud and his Cabinet.

The new Premier is Marshal Petain, noted 84-year-old French military figure, who rendered brilliant service in the Great War.

He has formed a virtual military government, which includes General Weygand, Allied Generalissimo, and Admiral Darlan, Commander-in-Chief of the French Navy, and Admiral Abrial, who played one of the main roles in the Dunkirk evacuation. M. Paul Faure is expected to join.

M. Reynaud's resignation followed several meetings of the Council of Ministers, which considered, among other things, President Roosevelt's reply to France's last appeal for aid, and to what extent this reply permits France to continue the struggle on her own territory under conditions which can usefully serve the common cause of the Democracies.

Weygand Vice-President

General Weygand is Vice-President of the Council of Ministers, or Vice-Premier, in the new Government, while M. Colson is Minister of War.

Other members of the Cabinet are:

M. Pugeon as Minister of Air
Admiral Darlan as Minister of the Navy
M. Pierre Laval as Minster of Justice
M. Paul Baudoin as Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The new Premier, Marshal Petain, is considered a worthy follower of Foch and the great Marshals who preceded him, and his tenure of the high command was marked by firmness and doggedness.

He is best remembered for his brilliant defence of Verdun in the Great War.

Nominated in 1934 Crisis

Marshal Petain was first suggested for the Premiership in November 1934 during the political crisis which led to the fall of the Doumergue Government, but the idea of a soldier as Prime Minister was bitterly opposed as "contrary to the tradition of the Republic." M. Flandin, leader of the Centre group, succeeded in forming a ministry in succession to M. Doumergue, but Marshal Petain refused any Cabinet post.

Subsequently, in February, 1939, the Marshal was appointed Ambassador to Spain, being considered the best man to remove the misunderstandings which arose over France's actions during the Spanish civil war.

When M. Reynaud succeeded M. Daladier as Premier on June 6, Marshal Petain was recalled from Madrid to join the Cabinet.—Reuter.

Official List Announced

Bordeaux, June 17.

The following is the official list of the new French Cabinet:

Prime Minister—Marshal Philippe Petain.
Vice-Premier—M. Camille Chautemps.
Minister of Nat. Defence—General Maxime Weygand.
Minister of the Navy and Merchant Marine—Admiral François Darlan.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—M. Paul Baudoin.
Minister of War—General Colson.
Minister of Air—M. Pugeot.
Minister of the Interior—M. Charles Pomaret.
Minister of Justice—M. Frencourt.
Minister of Finance—M. Bouthillier.
Minister of Colonies—M. Henri Riviere.
Minister of Education—M. Ribaud.
Minister of Public Works—M. Ludovic-Oscar Frossard.
Minister of Agriculture—M. Albert Chichery.
Minister of Labour—M. Favier.
Minister of War Veterans—M. Jean Ybarnegaray.—Havas.

Roosevelt Hears Decision

Washington, June 17.

President Roosevelt was advised of the formation of the new French Government under Marshal Henri Petain last night after returning to Washington from a weekend cruise on the Potomac.

The President was met at the dock here by the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, and the Under Secretary of State, Mr. Sumner Welles.

At the time they said they had received no official confirmation of press reports that the Reynaud Government had resigned.

The French Ambassador, Count de Saint-Quentin, was most distressed by reports that the Reynaud Government had resigned. He said he had received no official confirmation of the reports but that he was seeking to get into touch with the French Government at Bordeaux.—United Press.

Cabinet Still Obscure

Bordeaux, June 17.

The complete and final make-up of the new French Government headed by Marshal Henri Petain, the "Hero of Verdun," was still obscure in the confusion existing here early today amid rumours that France had asked Spain to intercede for peace terms from Chancellor Adolf Hitler.

Official quarters definitely established, however, that certain pacifist and "appeasement" leaders who had been offered posts in the new government had either refused their appointments or had been excluded because the other new ministers objected to them.

Indications early today were that France would have another "War

(Continued on page 8, col. 5)

Confidence in U.S. Defence Power Voiced

Pittman Says States Can Defend West

Washington, June 17.

Senator Key Pittman, chairman of the influential Senate Foreign Relations Committee, last night in a radio broadcast said that the United States was capable of defending the western hemisphere against Chancellor Adolf Hitler or any other military conqueror.

The Nevada Democrat's broadcast was a reply to a radio address made by Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh the previous night.

Col. Lindbergh urged cooperation by all American states for the western hemisphere and a "hands off" policy towards Europe. He advocated a clear-cut defence plan, and the immediate construction of military bases "wherever they are needed for our safety regardless of who owns the territory involved." He condemned the Administration's policy of "meddling with affairs abroad," which, he claimed, would ultimately involve the United States in the European war.

Senator Pittman said that people should realize that the United States "is able and intends to take any necessary preparations to defend the hemisphere against Hitler or any other military conqueror.

"The United States has no desire to conquer Germany. We simply intend to prevent Hitler from conquering any country in the hemisphere.

"Instead of the United States undertaking the practically impossible feat of conveying an invading army to Germany, that necessity will be placed on Hitler if and whenever he attempts to invade the western hemisphere."—United Press.

Hongkong Girl Gives Salary to War Fund

Spirit of Colony Said Epitomized By Gift

Hongkong, June 17.

"This is my month's salary" said an English girl, handing in her donation to a special war fund, inaugurated today by newspapers "South China Morning Post and Hongkong Telegraph," which reached $50,000 within six hours.

Her words epitomise the spirit which animated numerous workers and firms immediately the appeal was launched.

The money collected is being remitted immediately through the Hongkong Government to the Imperial Government for such use as is desired, but with a request that it be expended on aeroplanes or other armaments.

It is expected the fund will ultimately reach an appreciable amount and provide an extra channel for Hongkong's war effort, in addition to the official British War Fund and other institutions.—Reuter.

Italian Embassy Members Still in England

London, June 17.

Owing to a delay in completing the safe conduct arrangements for the respective ships carrying home members of the Italian Embassy in London, and of the British Embassy in Rome, the sailing of the ss. Monarch of Bermuda—which is transporting Italians from Britain—from the Clyde will be postponed till Wednesday.

The departure of the Italian liner Conte Rosso, which is sailing from Ancona, with British subjects caught in Italy at the outbreak of war, is likewise delayed.—Reuter.

When Narvik Was Captured

The burning of Bjervik at the head of Herjangs Fjord, opposite Narvik. Supported by naval units which prepared the way by bombardment, an Allied landing took place here. As a result of this, Allied troops reached Rombaks Fjord and eventually captured Narvik, from which they later withdrew, owing to more urgent demands for troops elsewhere.

Maginot Line Threatened By German Advance

Part of Garrison Withdrawn to Avoid Encirclement By Nazi Forces Sweeping Down in Flank Movement

Bordeaux, June 17.

HURLING all their available tanks into action, the Germans are reported to have begun a sweeping movement from the east, west and north in an attempt to turn the flank of the Maginot Line.

Part of the garrison of the line is said to have been withdrawn already.

On the Paris front, the French are reported to be retreating to the south. The Germans are said not to be pursuing them, but instead are camping near Paris.

The results achieved by the Germans in the last few days, according to a French wireless commentator, could only be obtained by means of an enormous superiority in troops and material.

The German High Command, he adds, have thrown 150 divisions into the battle on the Western Front—the whole of their available forces. Occupation forces thus must have been reduced to a strength sufficient only to maintain order in Poland.

Continuing, the commentator says that in Normandy, the German troops do not appear to wish to continue their advance to the west, but seem to be taking their stand on a line between Epernon and Chartres.

The armies which fought in front of Paris were able to carry out a withdrawal without being harassed by the Germans.

The capital, the spokesman asserts, remains calm and dignified under occupation.

The position at Champagne is obviously more serious following a break-through by the Germans. This attack was carried out with powerful effectives, and succeeded in breaking the French positions at Chateau Thierry and on Montagne de Rheims.

The Germans advanced in various directions to the Yonne, Seine and Aube. The German advance continues as far as the region of Sens and Troyes.

Enemy Advances Fanwise

The most important efforts, the commentator proceeds, were made in the region of Chaumont, where German troops advanced as far as Port Datelier, and further north to the region situated east of Verdun.

The Germans advanced fanwise after breaking through the front in Champagne.

On Friday the Germans launched a strong attack on the Saar, but all attempts to break the Allied lines ended in failure, the spokesman claims.

Yesterday the Germans launched a new attack near Neuf Brisach. They are said to have been thrown back beyond the river, but certain elements succeeded in occupying and holding a bridgehead.

A French war communique says that "enemy attacks were renewed on the whole battle front. To the west of Paris, in the region of Laigle, attacks were being continued.

Clamecy, Avalon Approached

"To the south-east of Paris the enemy continued his advance. Advanced elements are proceeding in the direction of Clamecy and Avalon.

"To the south of the plateau of Langres, armoured columns and motorized units have reached the region north of Dijon and Saonne.

"In Alsace and Lorraine, movements prescribed by the French Command have been executed in accordance with orders.

"During the past two days there have been numerous aerial battles. On June 15 one French machine brought down in one battle five Italian 'planes, three of which were fighters and two bombers."—Reuter.

British Troops, Tanks Arriving

Bordeaux, June 16.

French forces south of Paris are withdrawing, but the Germans are not following, remaining in the Paris area instead, the French military spokesman announced this evening.

Enemy forces in the Maginot Line sector, however, have thrown all

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Hitler, Mussolini To Talk Terms

Announcement Fails to Disclose Venue of Coming Conference

Berlin, June 17.

Chancellor Adolf Hitler will meet Premier Benito Mussolini to discuss and examine the attitude of Germany and Italy toward the French appeal to sign a peace agreement, the Fuehrer's Headquarters announced this evening.

Marshal Henri Petain, Premier of the newly formed French Government, "on Monday noon declared in a radio broadcast to the French people that France now has been compelled to lay down her arms," the official German communique said.

"He mentioned the fact that steps have been taken to inform the Reich Government of this decision to learn the conditions under which Germany will be willing to comply with the French desire," the communique said.—United Press.

German Planes Just Miss M. Reynaud

Bordeaux, June 17.

German planes bombed a town in Central France early today shortly after the outgoing French Premier, M. Paul Reynaud, had departed from the town, it was announced here.

The raid resulted in casualties among M. Reynaud's military suite and among the French civilian population, the announcement said.—United Press.

No Peace Until Nazis Beaten

Unless Germany Wins in Few Months Democracies Must Triumph

London, June 17.

The unshakable determination of Great Britain to fight until victory was reaffirmed by authoritative quarters in London today.

"It cannot be too clearly and definitely stated," these circles added, "that Great Britain is firmly and resolutely determined to continue the struggle until victory is won."

Even if France's resistance on land should be seriously weakened, it was pointed out, she still had the most powerful navy in Europe after the British navy. This great Allied fleet was fully capable of enforcing the blockade, which would become even more effective as a result of Italy's entry into the war.

Germany, it was stated, had used up her resources on a reckless scale in the present offensive, and though their reserves might not yet be exhausted, unless she could defeat the British Empire and its allies within a few months her chance of defeating them at all would vanish.

Allied Supplies

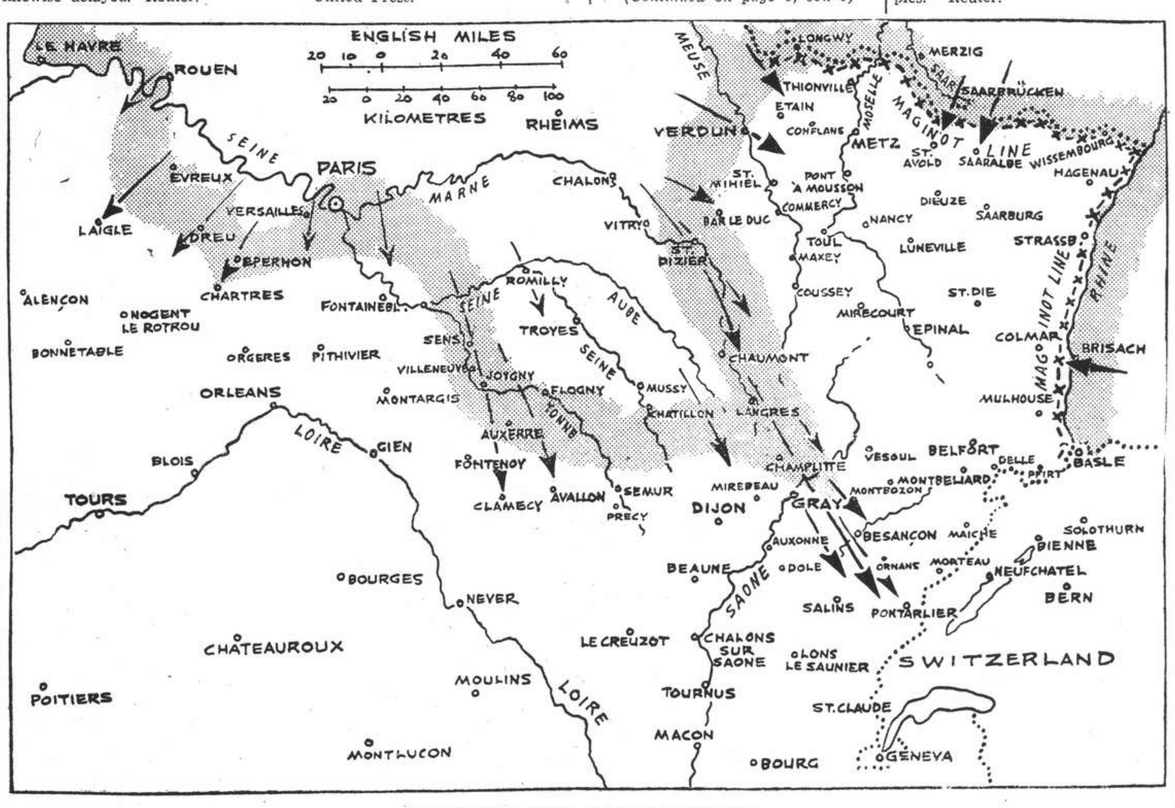
Continuing, the same authoritative quarters said:

"The tremendous reserves of the British and French Empires, together with those the United States have placed at the disposal of the Allies, will play a weightier part with each week that passes.

"And as week succeeds week, the manpower of Britain takes its place in the struggle with ever-increasing momentum. In the last five weeks more men have been called up than in any corresponding period in British history, and the figure already attained is certain to be largely exceeded in future.

"The production of aeroplanes, arms and munitions continues to increase at a great pace, and supplies now arriving from America in substantial quantities will soon be coming as fast as British ports can deal with them.

"In their unshakable determination to achieve victory, no matter at what cost, the Governments of the Empire have the united support of their peoples."—Reuter.



War Position When French Capitulated

Battling desperately to the last, France's army bowed to the inevitable yesterday, when with a large number of troops cut off by the German salient (shown above) outflanking the Maginot line, war-weary Marshal Petain asked Germany to offer peace terms. Announcement of the French surrender was made by Marshal Petain in a broadcast to the nation of which he was the first soldier-Premier, and less than 24 hours after he had accepted President LeBrun's invitation to form a new Government on the resignation of the Reynaud Cabinet.

Anglo-U.S. Secret Pact on Indo-China Reported

Officials in Washington Refuse to Comment on Statement Published by Japanese Newspaper

Tokyo, June 17.

SECRET negotiations have been underway for some time for the joint control of Indo-China by the United States, France and Britain; and Britain and America have concluded a private agreement for the joint defence of British and French colonies and dominions in the southern Pacific, including Australia and New Caledonia, the "Nichi Nichi" reported today.

The journal also said that the secret agreement called for the joint defence of the Netherlands East Indies.

The "Nichi Nichi" urged the Japanese Government to pay the closest attention to these movements, especially in connection with French Indo-China because of its vital importance to Japan, both geographically and economically.

Japan should object to a joint control of Indo-China, the "Nichi Nichi" continued, and stressed that Japan should take diplomatic countermeasures against the alleged agreement for joint administration of the important French colony.

The "Nichi Nichi" also emphasized that Japan should immediately force France to discontinue her allegedly hostile attitude toward Japan by halting all supplies of arms and munitions through Indo-China to the Chungking Government.—United Press.

Washington Denial

Washington, June 17.

Official sources today declined to comment on the report of the Tokyo "Nichi Nichi" that the United States was secretly negotiating with Britain and France for joint control of Indo-China, but well-informed quarters sharply discounted the rumour.

They pointed out that it was legally impossible for the United States to make secret commitments for defence measures beyond the limits of United States territory unless Congress authorized such action.

The policy of the United States, they further emphasized, as determined by successive votes in Congress in recent years, has been persistently opposed to new commitments in the Far East. American policy, it was said, is disposed toward the liquidation of existing commitments in the Far East, such as continued control over the Philippines.

The Administration had no power to commit itself to defend a new area and congressional sanction was required for any civil undertakings even though they were similar to the recent Byrd expedition to the antarctic, they stressed.

They also commented on the "Nichi Nichi" report alleging a secret agreement between Britain and France for the joint defence of Australia and New Caledonia. Speaking unofficially, they said that any discussion as to the disposition of Australia and New Caledonia was premature since Britain was still at war.

Permanent relations between the United States and Australia might conceivably be a subject for United States consideration, but any determination involving positive United States action must be ratified by Congress, they said. Thus far, they emphasized, there was no sign of such a move.—United Press.

Indo-China Threatened

Tokyo, June 17.

A spokesman of the Japanese Army in Canton made a threatening statement regarding French Indo-China, saying that despite repeated protests Indo-China authorities apparently continue to allow transit of arms to China.

If Indo-China refuses to reconsider her attitude the Japanese Army must take steps to weaken Indo-China's hostility to Japan, he said.

A Foreign Office spokesman said the statement was entirely in line with the basic policy of the Tokyo Government.—Reuter.

Germans Deny Invasion Of Switzerland

Increased Precautions in The Country Ordered

Berlin, June 17.

Reports that German troops had invaded Switzerland last night were labelled "silly and stupid" by German military quarters here today.—United Press.

New York Denial

New York, June 17.

Communications between New York and Switzerland have been normal for the past 48 hours. Reports of a German invasion of Switzerland have been repeatedly and vigorously denied by Swiss authorities.—United Press.

Swiss Deny Report

Berne, June 17.

The Swiss Government today officially denied Japanese reports that German troops had invaded Switzerland.

Increased military precautions were ordered in Switzerland last night, however, because of heavy fighting in France near the Swiss frontier.—United Press.

India to Intensify War Effort

Alarm Over "Ever Growing" Menace of Nazism

Bombay, June 17.

The Working Committee of the All-India Moslem League has passed a resolution authorising the President, Mr. Jinnah, to approach the Viceroy with a view to exploring measures for mobilizing the country's resources for intensifying the war effort and for the defence of India.

The Committee expressed the opinion that unless co-operation was agreed upon on an all-India basis between the Government of India, the Moslem League and other parties willing to take responsibility for the country's defence, the purpose of the approach would not be achieved.

The resolution stated that the Committee viewed with alarm the growing menace of Nazi aggression, and regarded the Italian attack on the Allies as most unwarranted and immoral.—Reuter.

N.E.I. Ships Handed Over To Great Britain

Batavia, June 17.

Principal shipping companies have made an immediate response to the appeal to place a number of ships at Great Britain's dsiposal.—Reuter.

Italian Airfields Damaged by R.A.F.

Extensive Raids Carried Out on Abyssinia and Other Possessions

Cairo, June 17.

Great damage was inflicted on Italian airfields and defence positions in Abyssinia and other Italian possessions in Africa in the course of widespread British air raids yesterday, according to an announcement by the Royal Air Force headquarters here.

In an attack on Diredava, in north-eastern Abyssinia, by bombing aircraft of the R.A.F., extensive damage is said to have been done to the aerodrome and buildings nearby.

One large hangar was seen burning fiercely, and two other fires were started, one being close to a railway junction.

In another raid on Maccaca, direct hits are claimed to have been registered.

During a reconnaissance flight over the Kenya-Somaliland frontier, one British machine is said to have bombed and machine-gunned the Italian frontier post at Elwak.

Swastika on Wings

The announcement says that the Italians carried out a number of abortive raids over Malta yesterday.

"Our fighters," it is added, "engaged the enemy, who was driven off. One enemy 'plane had a Swastika on its wings and, when intercepted by a British fighter, unloaded its bombs into the sea and made off.

"Another enemy aircraft was hit and driven off.

"It is now established that during a raid on Aden on June 12, an Italian three-engined bomber, which was badly damaged, landed in French Somaliland, and the crew of five was made prisoner.

"One enemy aircraft was severely damaged during an unsuccessful raid on Aajir, in Kenya, yesterday."

More Prisoners Taken

A communique issued from the British General Headquarters here says that "units of the Italian naval and air forces yesterday attacked Sollum, on the Egyptian-Libyan border. Casualties totalling two officers and 20 other ranks resulted in the Egyptian Frontier Force, whose barracks and stores were damaged. Eight casualties were caused by an Italian raid at Sidi Barrani.

"As a result of the capture of Capruzzo Fort, near the Egyptian-Libyan border, the number of Italian prisoners is now eight officers and 200 men."—Reuter.

Turin Factories Levelled

Berne, June 16.

Several factories in the suburbs of Turin were virtually razed to the ground by Allied bombers in their last series of raids, neutral observers who have just arrived here from the Italian city stated this evening.

Five officials responsible for the civilian defence of Turin were shot as a result of the effectiveness of the Allied attack, the same quarters declared.—Havas.

British Sink Four Submarines

London, June 17.

The British Navy has destroyed four enemy submarines (presumably Italian) in the Mediterranean, the Admiralty announced last night.

The submarines were sunk during an intensive Allied campaign against submarines in the Mediterranean, the announcement said.—United Press.

Malta Experiences 25th Raid

Malta, June 17.

Malta experienced a further air-raid yesterday, the alarm lasting from 8.15 to 9.25 a.m., during which heavy firing was heard.

This was about the 25th raid since Tuesday morning.

There were two raids on Saturday, and during the first on Valetta, the capital of Malta, four or five high explosive bombs were dropped.

One civilian was killed by the fall of a rock, and three seriously injured. Five other civilians were slightly injured, but no material damage was done.

General Dobbie, Acting Governor, has broadcast to the people expressing his admiration of their splendid behaviour.—Reuter.

Beach Cleared in Two Minutes

Alexandria, June 17.

Many of the city's population were on beaches swimming and sun-bathing when an air-raid warning was sounded at 1.30 yesterday afternoon.

Within two minutes the beaches were deserted, and refuge was taken in bathing huts without the slightest sign of panic.

The all-clear was sounded at 2.08 p.m.

Heavy gunfire was heard from the direction of Libya.

A naval communique issued here states that the tanker sunk by the Italians, which was reported to be Dutch, now turns out to have been a Norwegian ship, which was torpedoed without warning by an Italian submarine.

"Further attacks have been made on enemy submarines in the Mediterranean," the communique adds, "with some probability of success."—Reuter.

Albania Brought in By Italy

Tirana, June 17.

Albania formally aligned herself on the side of Italy in the European War last night, when the Albanian Superior Fascist Corporative Council

(Continued on page 8, col. 6)

Devastation in Chungking

Fires Rage From Western District to City Proper; Bomber Shot Down

Hongkong, June 17.

Tremendous havoc and destruction were inflicted on various structures of military importance during yesterday's mass bombardment of Chungking, reports received here from General Chiang Kai-shek's capital revealed.

According to foreign reports reaching here, the first wave of Japanese bombers roared over China's wartime capital at 1.40 o'clock yesterday afternoon, severely bombing the centre of the town, where important military and administrative structures are concentrated, and also the Yangtze River front.

Two successive waves of Japanese warplanes appeared over the city shortly past 3 o'clock. While the second squadron attacked objectives of military importance in the centre of the city, the third flight rained bombs on the new city on the Kialing River front demolishing newly-constructed military objectives there.

During the raid, a severe aerial battle took place between the raiders and Chinese planes which rose to meet the Japanese. It was not reported how many planes were shot down.—Domei.

Big Fires Started

Chungking, June 17.

Japanese aircraft subjected Chungking to a heavy bombing yesterday afternoon, starting a line of big fires, stretching from the western suburbs through city, into the lower sections of the city proper.

Chinese fighters vigorously attacked the raiders, several of which were shot down.

Just when the first group of Japanese bombers was approaching the city, a squadron of Chinese fighters charged right into the raiding formation. After a sharp burst of machine-gun fire, one Japanese bomber was seen crashing into the hills west of Chungking, its silvery rings flashing in the sunlight.

Today the Japanese used mostly incendiary bombs.—Reuter.

Waiyeung Bombed

At A Japanese Army Air Base, June 17.

Waiyeung, pivotal point east of Canton, on the Chungking supply route, was intensively bombed yesterday by four waves of Japanese army warplanes. Important war supplies piled up at Waiyeung were destroyed.

It was learned that important supplies such as gasoline and matches have been landed at certain points on the Kwangtung coast and have been sent to Shuichow, Chungking stronghold in northern Kwangtung, by way of Waiyeung and Lungmen.—Domei.

Japanese Booty at Ichang

At Japanese Field Headquarters, June 17.

Booty taken by victorious Japanese units in the neighbourhood of Ichang has increased as more war prizes have been discovered by special squads assigned to search for abandoned enemy war materials, it was reported here yesterday.

Additional booty seized by the Japanese since last Thursday include 173 rifles, 18,250 rounds of rifle ammunition, 55 light machine-guns, 584 field and mountain gun shells, 261 trench mortar shells, 10,000 hand grenades, 18,300 axes, 73,500 rifle slings, 2,670 gas masks, five motor cars, three trucks, 300 cans of gasoline, 900 bales of rice, 1,730,000 bags of hard-tack, 450 bales of sugar, 12,000 bales of salt and 100 bags of beans.

During the same period, 78 Chinese war dead left on the field were found. One-hundred and twenty six additional Chungking troops were taken prisoners by the Japanese.—Domei.

History of "Incident" Compiled

Tokyo, June 17.

The army has started a careful compilation of the first section of the history of the "China Incident" which will cover the period from the outbreak of the hostilities at Marco Polo Bridge on July 7, 1937, to the recent campaign in the area to the east of the Han River, in Hupeh province.

The project will be continued to cover all events up to the end of the "Incident" and will be added to a series on Japanese war history which begins with the Russo-Japanese war.

The history will be based largely on reports sent by officers at the front and on the diaries kept by soldiers of all ranks.

In addition, the War Ministry has been sending men to the front since the beginning of the "Incident" to gather additional first hand information.—Domei.

Han and Yangtze Action

Hankow, June 17.

Chungking forces in the neighbourhood of Shayangchen, in central Hupeh Province, were repulsed by Japanese naval units steaming up the Han River, the press section of the Japanese Fleet in Central China announced this morning.

The same units are now busily engaged in the disposal of floating mines on the stream, the announcement said.

A special naval surveying corps on Friday steamed up the Han as far as Anlufu, charting a 210-mile stretch of the waterway, it was also announced.

It was added that a Japanese Yangtze River flotilla has been landing bluejackets at various points between Yochow and Anking and has been routing enemy remnants and at the same time clearing the waterway of floating mines.—Domei.

Italian Charge Sees Vice-Minister Tani

Tokyo, June 17.

Mr. Paolo L. Cortese, Italian Charge d'Affaires here, today visited Mr. Masayuki Tani, Japanese Foreign Vice-Minister, and under instructions from his home Government, expressed the warmest appreciation for the dispatch of the Goodwill Mission to Italy under Ambassador Naotake Sato.—Domei.

Marshal Petain Announces French Army Surrender

(Continued from page 7)

because he had warned that he would resign if the Council of Ministers made any decision yesterday except to fight to the end.

The inclusion of M. Pierre Laval, former Premier, in the new Government as Minister of Justice, was believed to be equally significant because he was reported in other European dispatches last night to be in favour of peace under the most favourable terms possible.

Earlier, as the Reynaud Government debated the "supreme decision" of whether to ask Chancellor Adolf Hitler for terms of peace, official quarters admitted here that the military situation was desperate in France. Only 1,000 or more bombers flown from the United States and the immediate arrival of many shiploads of other American fighting equipment could prevent an early French military collapse, it was said.—United Press.

France "To Continue"

London, June 17.

In no circumstances will France make a separate peace with Germany, official French quarters reiterated here early today.

The statement was made following press reports that the French Government headed by M. Paul Reynaud had been succeeded by a Rightist Government under the leadership of Marshal Henri Petain, the "hero of Verdun."

French circles here said that as yet they had received no official confirmation of reports that the Reynaud Government had resigned.—United Press.

Spain Seen Interceding

New York, June 17.

Generalissimo Francisco Franco of Spain may be involved in peace negotiations between Germany and France, reports from Europe indicated early today.

Reports from France said that immediately after the new French Premier, Marshal Henri Petain, formed his new rightist Government last night, the new French Foreign Minister called on the Spanish Ambassador.

The Foreign Minister, M. Paul Baudoin, was reported to have handed the Spanish Ambassador a secret document. He later called on the British Ambassador to whom he also handed a secret document.

There was speculation, in view of the critical condition of the war in France, that the document handed the Spanish Ambassador had requested Generalissimo Franco to intercede between France and Germany.

There was no exact indication of the significance of the documents but observers found good reason to believe that they were related to a French request for terms of peace from Chancellor Adolf Hitler.

Petain, Franco Fought Together

Marshal Petain, it was pointed out, served with Gen. Franco against the Riffs in North Africa and they are close personal friends. Observers believed it would be natural for Marshal Petain to ask Gen. Franco to intercede with Chancellor Hitler if the French Government decided to ask for peace.

Rumours alleging that hostilities already have ceased in France were not confirmed by dispatches reaching here from Europe early today.

Bordeaux reports said that rumours were circulated there that hostilities had ceased, but it soon became evident, it was said, that the French could not afford to capitulate on a unilateral basis. If the French have opened negotiations with Germany, it was said, it was for the purpose of discovering the most favourable terms on which Chancellor Hitler would call his Blitzkrieg against France to a halt.—United Press.

Sign of Collapse on Land

London, June 17.

The resignation of the French Premier, M. Paul Reynaud, who was one of France's strongest supporters of the policy of fighting to the bitter end, was interpreted in unofficial quarters here today as confirming reports that the French Government may soon abandon the land battle in France.

French forces are expected to continue resisting, however, on the land, sea and in the air in Britain, Africa and the Middle East.

Military quarters here said the French were facing an extremely difficult task because the French south of Paris have only one natural line of defence left—the Loire River.

French troops in the Maginot Line at the same time are threatened with being cut off west of Basle, Switzerland by the rapid German advance, it was pointed out.

Railway Lines Collapsed

The Germans, it was said, have gained control of all railway lines from the Maginot Line to southern France with the exception of the line passing through Besançon to Belfort.

Meanwhile, Radio France announced in a world-wide broadcast that France "no doubt will see today the first decisions of Marshal Henri Petain and his collaborators, and it is hardly necessary to emphasize the supreme importance these decisions will have."

The authoritative statement issued here last night, emphasizing Britain's determination to carry on to victory "even if France's resistance on land is seriously weakened," was seen here as a further indication that Britain already has taken into account the possibility that the French may cease hostilities.

Commons to Meet Today

If and when peace is made between Germany and France, it is expected here that the theatre of war will definitely shift quickly toward Britain. Consequently the statement to be delivered before the House of Commons here Tuesday by the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, is expected to be of major importance.

Mr. Churchill, it is believed, may announce that the Government is preparing to conscript men and women to work in munitions and aircraft factories since the loss and destruction of many important French war factories have imposed a heavy, new industrial burden upon Britain.

The special official statement issued here Sunday night said that Britain would continue to fight until Germany has been defeated.

Maginot Line Destroyed

Indications from France early today were that a large part of the French forces had evacuated the Maginot Line in an effort to avoid being trapped by German columns which reached the Swiss border after advancing from the Paris front.

The French were reported to have rendered the Maginot Line fortresses—the pride of the French Army—useless before withdrawing southward. Reports that the Maginot Line fortresses were being blown up by the French could not be confirmed in official circles here, however.—United Press.

Unchanged in Alsace

Bordeaux, June 17.

"Fighting continued in the region of L'Aigle and Chateaudun, as well as the line of Lou and south of Avallons," states a French communique issued shortly before Marshal Philippe Petain's broadcast.

"The enemy crossed the River Saone at certain points and is advancing in the direction of Doubs.

"The situation is unchanged in upper Alsace," the communique concludes.—Reuter.

Britain to Fight on Alone

London, June 17.

Although no official statement has yet been made, it is generally believed that Britain will fight on alone.

The authoritative announcement made last night, voicing "the unshakable determination to fight until victory" still holds good, it is thought.

That statement, it may be recalled, declared:

"It cannot be too clearly and definately stated that Great Britain is firmly and resolutely determined to continue the struggle."

News of the capitulation of the French Army was received with grim determination.

No reproach is felt against France, made only in the face of overwhelming circumstances.

There is inevitable speculation as to what will come next. Many observers think that Germany's next move will be a peace offensive, perhaps made through some neutral intermediary.—Reuter.

Britain Determined

London, June 17.

Despite France's capitulation, Britain and the British Empire remain unshakeable in their determination to continue the struggle against Germany and Italy, the Press Association announced today.

Britain's announcement last night of its determination to carry on the struggle until victory is now "even if France's resistance on land is seriously weakened," was interpreted here that Britain had taken into account the possibility of a French surrender.

A detailed official statement on Britain's position following France's decision to cease hostilities is expected to be made public tonight.—United Press.

"Will Try to Invade England"

London, June 17.

A forecast that Hitler would attempt to invade England this month or July rather than in August or September, was made by Sir Neville Henderson, former Ambassador to Germany, speaking at Lincoln today.

"Hitler cannot win this war unless he can defeat the British, and he can only defeat the British by starving them or by coming and invading England."—Reuter.

King Visits Troops in Training

His Majesty recently visited and inspected officers' training units at Aldershot. The picture shows the King standing among a number of Staff Officers.

General Franco to Mediate

Bordeaux, June 17.

General Francisco Franco Spanish dictator, who is a close personal friend of Marshal Philippe Petain, is acting as intermediary in peace negotiations between France and Germany.—Reuter.

More British Areas Closed to Aliens

London, June 17.

The Home Secretary, Sir John Anderson, declared today that additional areas in Buckinghamshire, Hertfordshire, Middlesex and Northamptonshire are to be protected areas under the Aliens Order.

Aliens other than those of French nationality must obtain the written permission of the police to enter or remain in any of these areas, and this will not be given except in special cases.—Reuter.

Honolulu Rocked by Prolonged 'Quake

Honolulu, June 17.

An earthquake lasting 15 seconds rocked Honolulu at midnight last night. A second tremor was felt at 12.05 a.m. today. Shocks were also reported to have been felt at Hilo, where the volcano Maunaloa is located. The volcano has been erupting for several months now.—United Press.

Petrol Taxes in Queensland

Increased 3d. in Gallon; Personal Incomes Also Heavily Burdened

Brisbane, May 15.

Onwards and upwards rise the taxation levies and the cost of living in Queensland. Gasoline has now gone up 3d. in the gallon for the new petrol imports or emergence from bond, while the Federal tax on personal income will move up a steep incline with greater stress on this and a corresponding lessening of rate for property.

Mr. Spender, Federal Treasurer, has stated that important changes in existing rates will be made. Through a large part of the scale, he said, property rates were double those on personal exertion, while there was no justification for this principle.

With the new scale on income from personal exertion beginning for Federal taxation at 5d. instead of 3d. in the pound the greatest increase would be on incomes about the £1,500 level. On these the rise would be about 70 per cent. But, with all deductions, a single man would not pay tax at the rate of 5d. in the pound on his income until he was earning well over £500 per annum.

That Queensland is in a comparatively flourishing condition is adequately indicated by the fact that although petrol has been going up in price the number of cars in the State is increasing. Registrations in February were 130,008 compared with 125,887 in February, 1939.

A new car agency in Brisbane reports that its sales figures have been picking up ever since the beginning of the year. Other agencies report considerable advances on last year.

One of the results of the increased gasoline cost is the attempt to educate motorists to the need for economies, that can be carried out without any serious restriction of motoring activity. Commercial travellers are being asked to combine in districts where several of them operate, in one car instead of several. The same is being counselled for golfers and others.

Queensland's Sugar

Meantime the suger cheque for Queensland for 1939-40 will be worth £13,800,000, which is the highest return in the history of the industry. Sugar is worth more to the State than any other industry. Last season's cheque was £11,736,000.

With the exception of butter Queensland's primary industries for the year 1939-40 will be more valuable to the State than ever before. Butter would also be in the same position but for the severe competition it is meeting through margarine, the standard of Queensland's butter being reported as not equal to that of some years ago.

The four staples—sugar, wool, butter and meat—will, it is estimated have, for 1939-40, a combined value of £44,000,000 or about £4,600,000 more than for the year previous.

Aggregates for the four products, showing comparison, are as follows:

	1938-39	1939-40
Sugar	£11,750,000	£13,800,000
Wool	8,000,000	10,700,000
Butter	9,650,000	9,000,000
Meat	10,000,000	10,500,000
	£39,400,000	£44,000,000

On account of the expected carry-over of Australia's wheat from the present season, Mr. Bulcock, Minister for Agriculture, has suggested to Queensland growers that they should not plant areas in excess of those sown last year. He declared that if there were unrestricted production, the capacity to sell the whole crop would be considerably reduced.

Queensland should aim at turning out its own requirements for, though overseas prices were fairly satisfactory at present, the whole issue was transport and that problem might be accentuated, he stated.

Bumper Wheat Crop

It is expected that there will be a carry-over of 60,000,000 bushels at the end of the present wheat season. A large volume had been sold abroad, he said, but no shipping space had been allotted for its transport, and therefore growers should consider this when laying plans for the acreage they intended to set.

In the meantime Queensland is already planning post-war development and the repatriation of returned men on the land.

The chairman of the Land Administration Board told his commissioners that he expected them to bring to the notice of the board tracts of land that had possibilities for settlement. This was necessary, he averred, since Queensland was preparing for the task of putting men back into civil occupations after the war.

He said: "We are not looking for vast empty spaces—really mythical—but we want to know how much suitable land is available.

"We do not want to make the same mistakes that were made at the conclusion of the last war and it is going to be more difficult this time. After the last struggle there was some Crown land available but we had to buy it and we may have to do that again."

Mr. Callaghan of the board then spoke and said that it was a bitter disappointment that the schemes for developing Queensland, absorbing unemployed and raising the standard of living had had to be held back account of the present war. The Allies would undoubtedly win and after that the whole basis of construction in Australia would have to change.

He continued: "The post-war problems of Europe and Asia will have a vital effect on Australia. Famine and general want will threaten the older continent unless the countries with food come to the rescue. Rationed France and England will need everything that this country can give them and Australia will have to speed up production to meet world requirements.

Population will then be necessary while Queensland has immense possibilities for combined development and labour absorption which would have to be put into operation rapidly.

Maginot Line Threatened By German Advance

(Continued from page 7)

their available tanks into a large-scale offensive from east to west and north to south, he said.

Official quarters meanwhile reported that British troops are continuing to arrive in large numbers on French shores, fully equipped with tanks and bringing large stocks of munitions.—Havas.

Germans Admit Stern Resistance

Berlin, June 17.

While claiming that the Allied forces west of Paris are exhausted, the official German news agency admits that "in certain sections of the Maginot Line, stern resistance is being met with."—Reuter.

B.E.F. Fighting in Normandy

London, June 17.

A War Office communique issued last night states that details of fighting in operations, in which the British Expeditionary Force in Normandy is engaged, with the French armies, are not at present available, but operations are continuing.—Reuter.

Germans Near Swiss Border

London, June 17.

The French High Command announced last night that German troops were continuing to make progress in their drive toward the Swiss frontier behind the Maginot Line and indicated that French troops in Alsace and Lorraine had been ordered to withdraw in an effort to avoid being trapped.

On the central front in France French troops were said to have halted the German advance and launched a counter-attack back in the direction of Paris.

On the western section of the front in France, said the High Command communique, which was broadcast from Bordeaux, "the enemy has been stopped and we are counter-attacking."—United Press.

Tradition Broken by Appointments

(Continued from page 7)

Cabinet," but one which would explore Chancellor Hitler's most favourable peace terms while continuing to fight.

M. Paul Reynaud handed his resignation to President Albert Lebrun at 11 p.m. yesterday following a conference with the British Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill. Earlier the French Council of Ministers had met twice to consider whether France should ask Germany for peace terms.

The Petain Government was immediately constituted and rumours began circulating here that hostilities already had ceased. It soon became evident, however, that the French were unable to afford a cessation of fighting on a unilateral basis.

Documents Given Spain Envoy

Shortly after midnight it was learned that the new French Foreign Minister, M. Paul Baudoin, had handed the Spanish Ambassador a set of confidential documents, the contents of which were also conveyed to the British Ambassador.

Although the nature of the documents was a closely guarded secret, some quarters here believed they were a request from Marshal Petain to Generalissimo Francisco Franco of Spain to intercede between Germany and France.—United Press.

Official Communique

Bordeaux, June 17.

The following official communique was released here today from the offices of President Albert Lebrun:

"In the present grave circumstances the Cabinet, on a motion of Premier Paul Reynaud, deeming that the Government of France had to be entrusted to a high personality enjoying the unanimous respect of the nation, decided to hand in its collective resignation.

"President Lebrun accepted this resignation, paid homage to the patriotism which motivated the gesture, and called at once upon Marshal Petain who agreed to form a new Cabinet. The President of the Republic thanked Marshal Petain who, in assuming the heaviest responsibility which ever weighed upon a French statesman, demonstrated once again his total devotion to the country."—Havas.

Heavy Rain Breaks Japan Drought

From Percy Whiteing
NCDN Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, June 17.

Heavy rains since last evening broke the unprecedented drought, which has been a threat to Japanese agriculture for some time. The people had been gravely alarmed not only because of the shrunken water supply of Tokyo and other cities where a shortage of drinking water had loomed, but also because the food problem had seemed serious. Great relief exists as the rice transplanting now may be undertaken.

Italian Airfields Damaged By R.A.F.

(Continued from page 7)

unanimously approved a royal decree from Rome uniting Albania and Italy "in the struggle against the common enemy."

The first article of the royal decree declared: "The Kingdom of Albania considers itself at war with all nations against which Italy is at war—in the present or in the future."—United Press.

French Raid Italy

New York, June 17.

French planes raided Turin, Italy, yesterday and "completely destroyed the entire industrial centres of the city," according to a French radio station announcement intercepted by the National Broadcasting Company here today.—United Press.

Libya Also Raided

Cairo, June 17.

"Very successful raids were carried out against the Italian air base of Tobruk (in Libya)," states an announcement by the Royal Air Force in the Middle East today.

"Our airmen persisted in the attack despite heavy anti-aircraft fire, and extensively damaged ammunition and petrol dumps and caused several explosions."

"Raids were also carried out at Aden and El Gubbi, in the same area, with success. Bombers made further attacks on Diredawa and Macaaca. A large hangar was set on fire, and an Italian bomber burst into flames, following a direct hit. An Italian fighter which tried to intercept our aircraft, was hit and is believed to have been shot down; it dived at great speed, with smoke belching.

"All our aircraft returned.

Grounded Craft Hit

"Attacks by the South African Air Force on Italian East Africa caused damage to eight enemy aircraft on the ground. Fighters tried to take off, but abandoned their attempt owing to fierce machine-gun fire from the raiding aircraft. Aircraft and a military camp at Mega (Abyssinia) were raided and several direct hits registered. Troops in the camp were bombed and a machine-gun post silenced. Armoured cars and lorries were destroyed and troops dispersed in the Moyale area and a machine-gun post silenced.

"All our aircraft returned safely."

A communique issued by the General Headquarters in Cairo states: "Yesterday, the Italians bombed Sollum, Sidi Barrani and Marsa Matruth. In a morning raid, four Egyptian troops were killed and six wounded. Eight Royal Engineer workers also were injured.

"Marsa Matruth was again bombed in the afternoon.

"British barracks were attacked in the first raid, but there were no casualties. British fighters engaged the raiders."

It is now revealed in Nairobi that the destruction of 1,500 gallons of petrol was caused by an Italian air raid on Wajir last Tuesday.—Reuter.

PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTION

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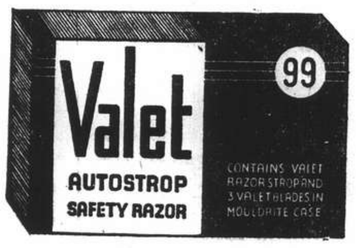

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FROM DAY TO DAY

THE winning number of the raffle for the basket of flowers for the French Red Cross at the French Club was 0461.

MR. C. D. Longhurst, accompanied by his daughter Patsy, returned to Shanghai from the United States on Sunday.

THE new railway station at Pukow, the southern terminus of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway, near Nanking, has been completed at a cost of Y.150,000, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday.

MR. J. R. L. Calder has just received word that his eldest son Major J. E. M. Calder has been appointed to command the 6th Field Co., Engineers, 7th Division of the A.I.F. Major Calder was for several years on the Australian Staff Corps, and was born in Shanghai.

THIS week's meeting of the Rotary Club will be held on Thursday at 12.15 p.m. at the Metropole Hotel, 1st Floor. Captain George T. Plummer, world traveller and lecturer who is now in Shanghai, will be the speaker and will talk on "The Eskimos."

MISS Suzette Arnhold was among the passengers who sailed for home during the week-end. Miss Arnhold has gone home to be married. She will be missed by a large circle of friends who will join in wishing her bon voyage and a very happy future.

THE rice allowance authorized by the Council for issue to Chinese employees in receipt of monthly salaries of $100 and under, whose names are borne on the departmental monthly pay sheets and who receive no messing, has been fixed at $7 for June.

ACCORDING to information received from the Chinese Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Baron Johan Beck-Friis, former Swedish Minister to China and now Swedish Minister to Norway, has been awarded the Grand Blue Cordon of the Order of the Brilliant Jade.

THE Ministry of Finance of the Chinese Government has replied to a petition from Chinese egg merchants in Shanghai with a statement that the order forbidding the export of egg products from East Chekiang to Shanghai does not affect fresh eggs, says the "Sin Wan Yeh Pao."

PAYMENT of inheritance tax as from July, 1, 1940, will be made compulsory for Chinese in the two foreign areas of Shanghai, according to the "Sin Wan Pao." Those who own property valued at less than CN$5,000 however, will not have to pay this tax, the report concludes.

MAJOR-General Seiichi Kimura, adviser to the Kawasaki Rolling Stock Company, and eight other officials of leading industrial companies in Japan were among the passengers on the N.Y.K. liner Tatsuta Maru which arrived here Sunday afternoon, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday.

THE committee of the Limbless Fund are making an urgent appeal for donations of clothing or articles of any description, for their rummage sale in aid of the fund, in the Union Church Hall on June 20. Helpers are needed for tomorrow and Thursday morning. Parcels may be left at the hall, marked "Limbless," from now on.

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending June 15, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were—Foreigners 7 and Chinese 243. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, pneumonia 1; tuberculosis 1. Chinese, typhoid and paratyphoid fevers 24 tuberculosis 20; pneumonia 11; dysentery 2; typhus fever 2 and recurring fever, beri-beri one each.

THE Royal Netherlands Consulate General at Shanghai, begs to announce that according to information received from the Netherlands Government half of the pensions from the Governments of the Netherlands Indies, Curaçao and Suriname (Netherlands Guyana) due to persons residing outside the sterling-franc-guilder countries will henceforth be paid out again. The other half will be booked in the credit of their accounts in guilders.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight June 15, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 16 and Chinese 636. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, tuberculosis 2 typhus fever 2. Chinese, tuberculosis 36; typhoid fever 35; typhus fever 8; dysentery 4; measles 4; beri-beri 3 and diphtheria, influenza, relapsing fever, choleraic diarrhoea one each.

AN earnest request that wartime surplus profit taxes be paid to the Chinese Government was contained in a circular sent to members of the local Chinese Manufacturers Guild by the City Chamber of Commerce, the "Sin Wan Pao" learns. It has been found that only a very few firms are paying the tax. The Ministry of Finance has ruled that payment of the tax by Chinese manufacturers in Shanghai is compulsory. The penalty for those companies which do not conform to this order is the cancellation of registration with the Government. Also, no more permits will be issued for manufactured goods to be transported to "Free China" areas, the report concludes.

PASSENGERS in the ss. Coolidge which is due to arrive in Shanghai from America and Honolulu on June 26, include Mr. and Mrs. Eric Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dalton and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Evans, Mr. and Mrs. M. Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. K. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. William Hunt and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. H. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. W. Pryor, Mr. and Mrs. George Reveire, Mr. and Mrs. Andre Sevier, Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Rice and daughter, Rev. and Mrs. Frank Brown, Mr. and Mrs. V. H. Gulston, Messrs. W. G. Beder, Charles Coomper Carl Eskeline, Joseph Hollzer, William Wallace, Samuel Ades, D. Franco, Hugo Johnson, Harold Morris and Lt. S. A. Carlson, Mmes G. L. Crow, H. Slocum, J. Winn and son, E. Brewster, and Miss Jean Bristow.

The Late Supt. Liu Yung-kuei

Gunmen Kill High Police Officer

Supt. Liu Yung-kuei Dies On Arrival At Hospital; Desperadoes Escape

Crime hit a new high in Shanghai when Superintendent Liu Yung-kuei of the Shanghai Municipal Police Uniformed Branch was shot dead by three or four desperadoes on the corner of Avenue and Ferry Roads at 8.05 a.m. yesterday.

As was his custom, Mr. Liu left his house at Lane 1300, House 20 Avenue Road, near Ferry Road, at about 8 a.m. to go to the office and, while waiting for a tram, was surrounded by three or four Chinese who shot him in the back. Mr. Liu was hit by two bullets, one of which entered his back, while the other penetrated his neck just below the ear. The police officer fell, blood streaming from the wounds, while the gunmen, taking advantage of the disorder created, got away before any police could arrive on the scene. Mr. Liu was immediately rushed to the Police Hospital, but was pronounced dead on arrival. His body was removed to the International Funeral Directors, although no arrangements for his funeral have yet been made.

The murder was committed on a busy thoroughfare and although it was witnessed by many Shanghailanders, the exact number of gunmen could not be ascertained, although it was given not more than four.

Exemplary Service Recalled

The late Mr. Liu, a native of Wusih, was 52 years of age and received his education at St. John's University, graduating just before he joined the Police Force as a Clerical Assistant on February 6, 1908. His pleasant manner and cheerfulness made him many friends among police members, while the efficiency with which he carried out his work soon earned him promotion and he rose steadily to Superintendent, when he was transferred to the Executive Branch on October 16, 1930. At the time of his death, he was in charge of the Chinese Branch of "C" Division, with his office at S.M.P. Headquarters, since Chinese officers are not allowed to carry arms north of the Creek.

No motive for the murder could be given by police officials, who stated that Mr. Liu was not known to have any enemies and had not participated in any armed gang round-ups in the recent years. Nevertheless, it is believed that he was shadowed by the gangsters, who must have learned well the time of his going to work.

The late Superintendent Liu, who leaves a wife, three boys and three daughters, one of whom is married, is the second high Chinese police official to die from the bullets of gunmen, the first being Superintendent Loh Lien-kwei, who was shot by desperadoes on August 18, 1938.

Vice Haunts to Close

Badland's Resorts Continue Trade

In defiance of the orders of the authorities in the Western District of Shanghai, several gambling dens in the "Badlands" remained open on Sunday evening after being told to close down. It was learned that the order was conveyed to the owners of the establishments by the police of the new régime and Japanese officers of the Special Service Section.

Pistols in the possession of special guards in the resorts were confiscated by the authorities of the Western District following receipt of orders by the Chinese police from the authorities higher up to order all gambling dens to suspend business.

According to a Chinese source several of the haunts actually closed down for some hours, but resumed business later on in the evening secure in the knowledge that there would be no interruption, at least for that evening.

Whether the dens would remain permanently closed the same source continues, remains to be seen. As a not inconsiderable revenue is derived from gambling receipts, doubt was expressed regarding the ability of the authorities concerned to enforce the order.

Brave Chinese Recovers $1,000 From Bandits

Another daylight hold-up was staged yesterday morning at 10.30 when Woo Yuh Hsiang, an employee of Dah Zung Silver Hong, 4-331 Shanse Road, was stopped at the corner of Ningpo and Kiangse Roads by two Chinese, one of whom was armed with a pistol, and relieved of $1,000, which he had just received at the Yieh Nyih Native Bank at the corner of Peking and Kiangse Road, on behalf of his employers.

The money was carried, wrapped in an old Chinese paper, when two men stopped Woo with the pistol in his side and grabbed the package. The armed bandit then fired a shot into the ground, probably with intention to frighten the victim, and beat a quick retreat. The other followed suit, but was caught by Woo who recovered the money after a short struggle, although the bandit managed to get away.

Architect's Claim Settled

Conditions Regarded As Entirely Satisfactory; Fees Said Due

A settlement which Judge P. Grant Jones thought was entirely satisfactory was reached in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday in the action brought by Mr. A. L. Mavromatti, a Greek architect against Mr. J. A. Thompson. The action was for the recovery of $4,800 alleged fees due to plaintiff for certain plans which he had made for the defendant for a realty project which had been abandoned.

At the adjourned hearing of the case yesterday afternoon, it was disclosed that the parties had reached a settlement whereby Mr. Thompson agreed to pay $4,000 to plaintiff while the latter's costs were divided between the parties equally. Mr. K. E. Newman appeared for plaintiff while Mr. Thompson conducted his own defence.

The case first came on for hearing last week when Mr. Newman submitted that the plans were in connection with building scheme on a piece of land on Rue Bourgeat which the Hongkong Reality Company, with whom Mr. Thompson is connected, had leased from the owners.

It was contended by the defence that there were many faults in the designs submitted by the architect. At the outset His Lordship pointed out that this would have to be proved. Plaintiff told the court that there was no written agreement between him and defendant regarding the payment to him of certain monies in instalment. His Lordship observed that an agreement could also be implied verbally.

Objections

During the cross-examination of plaintiff by defendant counsel objected to some of the questions and submitted that Mr. Thompson was trying to make his client admit he had made some mistake.

During the hearing Mr. Thompson suggested that certain pencil markings on specifications submitted by the architect a year ago had been made only recently. Counsel thought this was a serious allegation and Mr. Thompson interjected that the summaries looked remarkably fresh for a year old marking.

In the witness-box plaintiff gave evidence refuting the allegation that the designs were faulty. The first inkling he had of it, he said, was when he saw a written defence of Mr. Thompson in Mr. Newman's office.

Authorities Said Prejudiced

Giving evidence in his defence Mr. Thompson said he had consulted plaintiff about the best way to develop the property if he, the defendant, acquired a lease on it. Plaintiff he said, devised several lay-outs. The first hitch occurred he said, when plaintiff told him that the French authorities would not look at any proposed project until plaintiff had secured a copy of their official plan.

Witness went on to say that at a subsequent conversation he had with the architect the latter said the French authorities were prejudiced towards him.

"We are quite prepared to pay him something" Mr. Thompson went on to declare adding, "We do not want anyone to work for us for nothing." He suggested that the fee should be based on the Architects' Compendium. After further evidence was heard His Lordship suggested that the case could be settled by the parties between themselves.

Evacuation of Children From Greater London

London, June 17.

The evacuation of children from Greater London to reception areas in the west country and South Wales continued yesterday, when 30 special trains carried over 17,000 children, accompanied by 1,500 adults, to new homes.

During the four days evacuation has been in progress, 75,000 children have been removed from London.—Reuter.

Batavia Broadcast Station Attacked

Batavia, June 17.

Four persons, including two sentries and two natives, were killed and three other natives seriously wounded when a number of natives clashed with local Netherlands garrison forces guarding the broadcasting station here.

Denying any political significance was attached to the attacks by the natives, Netherlands East Indies authorities declared yesterday that those who made the attack probably were religious fanatics.—Domei.

Norwegian Consul Ignores Order

Local Charge Affirms Loyalty to King of Norway

Affirming his unswerving loyalty to the King of Norway and the Norwegian Government in London, Mr. T. Knudtzon, Norwegian Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General here, yesterday disclosed that he had ignored a telegram to take orders from the Quisling government during its recent short-lived existence.

Mr. Knudtzon denounced Quisling as the most despicable of Norwegians and told a reporter of the "North-China Daily News" that he did not reply to the telegram from Quisling after the German invasion of Norway.

The official went on to declare that anyone set up in authority in Norway by the Germans would be acting only as a puppet lacking the sanction of the King of Norway. Several days after receipt of the telegram here, he said, the Quisling government ceased to function.

"Today as heretofore" Mr. Knudtzon pointed out, "We are going to take orders from the only competent Norwegian Government, which actually is in London with our King and Crown Prince."

There were hectic days here when the invasion of Norway became imminent and more anxious days following the German occupation. News from distant Europe and the homeland was awaited with tense expectancy, Mr. Knudtzon said. He admitted that he had undergone a great strain and had worked strenuously, coping with the many intricate problems requiring his attention, specially matters connected with Norwegian shipping here.

Mr. Knudtzon went on to say that Norwegian vessels still fly the Norwegian flag, but had ceased calling on Norway. He had received and was carrying out orders from the Norwegian Shipping and Trade Mission in London.

Since the European conflagration, Mr. Knudtzon said, Norwegian extrality rights in this country had at no time been threatened. He denied a report intimating that pressure had been brought recently by a certain quarter for relinquishment of extrality rights enjoyed by Norwegians in China. Since Norway became involved in the war in Europe he said, the local Norwegian consular staff continued to function as usual and dealt with a number of cases within its jurisdiction.

After expressing his unshaken faith that justice would be on the side of Norway in the final reckoning, Mr. Knudtzon concluded by saying that the only properly constituted government was in London with the King and Crown Prince of Norway.

Shanghai Briton Listed As Missing

London, June 17.

The name of Pilot-Officer A.M. Dillon, of Shanghai, is given as missing in the latest casualty list issued by the Ministry of Air last evening.

Altogether 297 names appear in the list, including 23 officers and airmen killed in action.—Reuter.

Father Jacquinot Goes to France

Philanthropist to Aid Own Country's Refugees; Zone Here in Good Hands

Father Jacquinot of the Nantao Refugee Zone has left Shanghai for France to continue his refugee relief work in his fatherland, although he has by no means neglected the Chinese refugee relief work in Shanghai for which he has been loved by all people here. The well known foreign social worker left the city yesterday, entrusting his work in Shanghai to his foreign and Chinese assistants.

Father Jacquinot

Inquiries reveal that the French philanthropist has answered to the call for aid in France and will rush back to his own country via North America. Only on Sunday morning he attended church here. Before he left he expressed his opinion to Chinese well-wishers that the Nantao Refugee Zone would remain and that philanthropists would continue their support.

Social relief circles indicate, however, that the number of refugees in the Nantao Refugee Zone has already been reduced to 20,000 and that although the aged and young may continue to need help the able-bodied refugees will be sent away. It is stated that most refugees of the latter group can support themselves.

Father Jacquinot will be remembered by all Chinese here for his work among refugees, especially during the most difficult days soon after the withdrawal of Chinese officials and troops from Shanghai, when refugees numbered about 400,000. It was he who negotiated for the establishment of the safety area in the native city, where once more than 100,000 people sought asylum. His work has been eulogized by both the Chinese and Japanese press.

Services For France Attended By Royalty

Queen Wilhelmina, King Haakon Lead Prayers

London, June 17.

Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands, and King Haakon and Prince Olaf of Norway, were among the many eminent personages attending services yesterday, when prayers for France were said in churches of all denominations in Britain.

Queen Wilhelmina attended morning service at the Netherlands Reformed Church at Austin Friars, London, while the Norwegian monarch and his son, wearing military uniforms, were present at the Norwegian church.

Eight nations were represented at the small French Reformed Evangelical church on Monmouth Road in London.—Reuter.

Speculators Blamed For Rice Price

Stocks in Shanghai Said To Be Ample

The rice situation in Shanghai was again yesterday viewed with alarm by the Chinese press and populace here and hope was freely expressed that the authorities in foreign areas will do something before it is too late, as the present prices of various grades of rice are far beyond the reach of the poor. The price of the native grain has passed the $60 mark. A relief organization on for adjusting the price for the entire population is advocated.

Quoting rice merchants, Chinese reports attribute the recent price increase to the activities of manipulators who, it is claimed, have been active despite official warnings. Godown owners have publicly asked rice merchants to clear ready stocks, but alleged secret negotiations between godown managers and profiteering merchants have resulted in the latter being allowed to hoard their stocks for higher prices, it is alleged.

Authorities here should immediately co-operate with public bodies in forming a relief organization to investigate the number of piculs of rice stored in godowns and fix reasonable prices, while at the same time starting a cheap sale for the benefit of the poor, it is urged. It is asserted that there is ample supply in the city and that the increased prices are not the result of any local shortage.

Patriotic Frenchman Smashes Poster Box

Angered at the Sight of Display of Capitulation

Angered at the sight of a poster stating that France had ceased military operations against Germany in a report issued by the International News Service, a patriotic Frenchman smashed the glass cover of the "Shanghai Zaria" poster box with his cane at 3 p.m. yesterday.

A large crowd gathered quickly on the scene, but no further incidents occurred and people started dispersing soon after.

Girl's Body Found In Trunk

Woman and Two Girls Appear in Court

A sequel to the gruesome discovery on Sunday night of a trunk containing the body of a Chinese girl in the Louza district was provided when a woman and two girls were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday on a writ of detention. Hearing was postponed *sine die* to enable the police to find out the exact cause of the girl's death, identified as Miss Li Shiu-yin.

Police evidence was that the dead girl had been connected with a house of ill fame at No. 4, Lane 253, Yunnan Road. The arrested woman, manageress of the establishment was alleged to have told the police that some social disease caused the girl's death and being unable to buy a coffin and to hold a funeral she asked some people to put the body in a trunk which was discovered by the police before it could be removed for burial.

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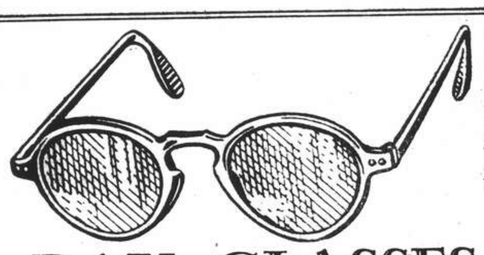
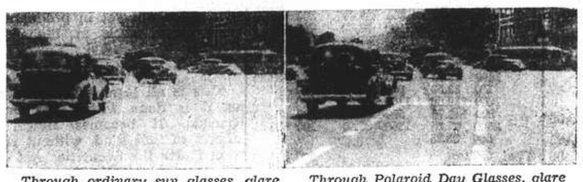


POLAROID DAY GLASSES



Through ordinary sun glasses, glare still obscures the vision and hides much detail.

Through Polaroid Day Glasses, glare is strongly subdued. The scene appears in its true richness with details crisp and clear.

Give You the View without the glare
$30 only

Your own eyes can see—*instantly*—the dramatic difference between Polaroid Day Glasses and any other sunglasses.

Even the finest of the usual sunglasses darken everything equally—the things you want to see and the glare you don't.

Polaroid Day Glasses *greatly darken the glare* but darken the view only a little. *They give you the view without the glare.* See a demonstration of this miraculous new scientific light control at:

297 NANKING ROAD STANDARD OPTICAL CO. TEL. 97026

In sovereign favour then as now!

Freshly imported from the U.S.A. in 2 oz. pocket tins and 4 oz. 8 oz. and 16 oz. vacuum tins

SIR WALTER RALEIGH
THE BRAND OF GRAND AROMA

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 27/32d.		$ 62.44
U.S. $100 @ 5⅞		$1,702.13
Francs	272	$100
Yen	25	100
Guilders	11	100
Rupees ..	21¼	100
Pesos	11¾	100
Hongkong	$25⅝	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 15/16d.	$ 60.95
U.S. $100 @ 6 1/16	$1,649.48
London—demand, $1=	3 15/16d.
4 months' sight credits	4 d.
4 months' sight docts	4 1/16d.
6 months' sight credits	4 1/32d.
6 months' sight docts	4 3/32d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S.$6 1/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S.$6⅛
4 months' sight docts	U.S.$6¼

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3 15/16d. U.S. $6
Hongkong/London 1/2 21/32

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,087.50 ........C.N.$1,000.00

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ....Buying *11⅜
Java Guilders ....Selling 10⅞
*—Only export bills.

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,632.653 £1=$60.000
Selling U.S.$100=$1,684.210 £1=$62.950

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
" Buying " @ 6 1/32 " H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 9 " H.H.$100
" Buying " @ 9⅜ " H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 152 per H.H.$100
buying @ 159 " H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.708
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.306

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£ Highest 3 15/16 Lowest 3 31/32
U.S. G.$ 6 5 31/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
Cash			June
£ T.T.	3 31/32	4 m/s. l.c.	4 1/16
G.$ T.T.	5 31/32	4 m/s. l.c.	6⅛
Fcs. T.T.	272	4 m/s.	292
Rs. T.T.	21⅞	15 d/s.	22⅜

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.15	—
Bombay offtake 200 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing Rate for Cash 3.69½
Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash 3.64¼
Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash 3.67⅝

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 3⅞ sterling and 5 31/32 U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with sellers for cash at 3 31/32d. sterling and 6 cents U.S.$. Throughout the day the market was beset by conflicting rumours and was in consequence strong and weak by turns. In the afternoon outport offerings for sterling kept the market steady; at the close the market was very quiet at:—

3 15/16	sterling	6	U.S.$	Cash
3 15/16	"	5 31/32	"	June
3 31/32	"	5 31/32	"	July

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Saigon rice per shih (176 lb.)	$58.50
Cotton yn. 20's, D.H., p.b. Cash	$1,175
" " " June	1,185
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	193
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	$24.00
Flour, local ..per bag (49 lb.)	13.80
Flour, export . "	16.25
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, Ex. B 13/15	$5,600
" " 20/22	4,950
" " 20/22 78%	5,100
	Nominal

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

June 17.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.135	.1425 S
Antamok	.0625 S	.065 S
Baguio Gold	.145	.145 S
Batong Buhay	.008	.0075
Benguet Consolidated ..	4.35 *	—
Big Wedge	.15	.155
Coco Grove	.0625	.0625
Consolidated Mines	.0018 S	.0022 S
Demonstration	.0525	.0625
East Mindanao	.075	.075
I. X. L.	.24	.24
Ipo Gold	.054	.054 S
Itogen	.16 S	.16 S
Masbate Consolidated ..	.0775 S	.0775 S
Mine Operations	.0575	.06
North Camarines	.020	.020
Paracale Gumaus	Unq.	.135
San Mauricio	.52 S	.51 S
Surigao Consolidated ..	.1425	.145 S
Suyoc	.0925	Unq.
United Paracale	.16 S	.16 S
Mindanao Motherlode ..	.065	.085

*—Over Counter. S—Sales.

Turnover for the Morning: 15,000 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 50.02.
—Reuter.

Bombay Cotton Market

Bombay, June 15.

The balance of the Bombay cotton market during the week under review was upset by the action of the East India Cotton Association Board in endeavouring to prohibit short selling, the ultimate effect of which may not be predicted.

The present position of the market is not because of over selling but because of overbuying: the Board's desire to curb speculation seems to hold greater possibilities of creating rather than relieving the emergency. The market feels the absence of the spot offtake and fears Broach tenders next month.

Mills are long, but it is doubtful whether they will take up tenders.

Permits from Japan are rather better.

The immediate outlook is uncertain, but thoughtful operators see in the extension of the war zone possibilities of a very great expansion for the Indian industry, including textiles.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, June 17.

Lower prices for silver were fixed in London today, with quotations being at:—

	June 14	June 17
London spot	23 7/16d.	23d.
" forward	21 15/16d.	21 11/16d.
" gold	168/–	168/–

—Reuter.

Cross Rates

Yesterday's Closing

New York/London U.S.$3.69½ 64.95d.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

After an uncertain opening, the market, for the first time in many weeks, developed considerable strength, closing—in spite of heavy profit taking—on a very firm tone. It is difficult to account for the strength after such a long period of apathy since the news, for the main part, was extremely serious, though this was counteracted to some extent by inflationary rumours.

Docks and Ewos were, as usual, the favourites, closing, respectively, with buyers at 25¼ and 34¼, though 26 and 35 were reached during the course of the session.

There was more interest shown in the rubber market with any bargains quickly snapped up.

Official Averages

1940 High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.32	General	242.21	+5.84
425.40	95.55	Rubbers	180.45	+3.21

Total 280,500 shares, 880 bonds.

Morning Session

I. I. Trust			4500	10.80	500	10.70
	1500	11.00				
S'hai Loan			1000	13.50	1500	13.00
	500	13.30	1000	13.50		
Yangtsze Finance					2500	7.80
	1500	7.85	500	7.70	500	*7.95
	2000	8.00	500	8.10		
S'hai Securities			2500	3.15	1000	3.25
	500	3.20				
China Realty			4500	8.05	500	8.10
	500	8.15	4000	8.00	1000	8.05
S'hai Land			1000	9.75	1000	9.80
	500	*9.75	1500	10.00	500	10.20
Central Prop.					100	14.00
Dockyards			500	23.50	100	23.25
	200	*23.00	200	*22.75	400	22.75
	5000	22.50	100	*22.25	200	*22.50
	1700	22.75	1200	23.00	200	*22.75
	600	23.25	500	*23.50	1000	23.50
	500	*23.25	1000	23.50	100	*23.50
	700	24.00	200	24.50	100	*24.75
	900	25.00	200	*25.50	200	25.50
	100	25.25	500	24.75	200	24.00
	100	23.75	100	23.50	300	*23.75
	800	23.75	1200	23.50	1200	23.25
	500	23.50	800	23.75	1000	*23.50
	1500	23.50	4000	23.75	100	*23.75
	300	23.50	100	*24.00	700	23.75
	2700	24.00	300	*24.50	500	24.25
	800	*24.50	400	24.50	1700	24.25
	100	24.00	300	24.25		
Wheelock (Old)			1300	48.00	500	49.00
Wheelock (New)			100	44.00	100	43.00
	200	43.50	100	43.00		
C. G. Omnibus			100	16.40	300	17.30
	100	*17.30	100	*17.20	300	17.20
	200	17.10	200	*17.20	200	17.30
	300	17.20	100	17.50	200	17.60
	300	17.70				
S'hai Gas			300	16.20	100	16.40
	700	16.50	400	16.60	100	*16.50
	100*	16.50	100	16.80		
Telephone			100	27.25	100	29.00
	600	28.75	100	*28.75	400	29.00
	100	29.50				
Tram (Bearer) £1					200	44.00
	400	44.50	700	44.25	100	*44.00
	100	44.25				
Metal			300	18.70	600	18.90
	200	*19.00	1200	19.00	200	19.50
	600	19.90	300	19.80	200	*19.90
	300	*19.70	600	19.60	400	19.50
	400	19.40	300	*19.50	200	19.50
	400	19.40	700	19.20	500	19.30
	800	*19.50	400	19.50	100	19.60
	200	*19.60	100	19.70	500	*19.70
	200	19.80	300	*19.80	200	*19.90
	200	20.00	100	19.80	400	19.90
	800	20.00	100	20.25		
Kaiping					100	46.00
Exploration			1500	10.50	500	*10.50
	500	10.60	500	10.70	500	10.80
	4500	11.00	2000	11.20	2000	11.10
	500	11.00	1000	11.20	1000	11.30
	500	*11.20	500	11.40		
Lumber					300	36.00
Power (Pref)			20	*130.00	30	130.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			300	30.75	200	30.50
	200	*30.25	800	30.25	400	30.00
	100	*30.25	2500	30.50	1000	30.25
	400	*30.25	200	*30.75	1300	30.75
	1300	31.00	100	*31.00	2400	31.25
	2300	31.50	400	31.75	300	*32.00
	100	32.25	600	33.00	1200	33.50
	1000	33.25	300	*33.50	500	33.25
	300	33.00	200	*33.00	300	32.75
	200	32.50	1900	32.00	700	32.25
	100	*32.00	300	31.75	900	32.00
	1100	32.25	600	*32.00	100	*32.25
	300	32.00	400	32.25	100	*32.00
	1400	32.00	3700	32.25	200	*32.25
	100	32.50	600	32.00	2000	32.25
	1200	*32.50	1100	32.50	300	32.25
	200	*32.75	500	32.75	600	33.00
	2800	32.25	1300	33.00	100	*33.25
	500	33.25				
S'hai Cotton					100	200.00
Anglo Dutch			200	11.00	200	11.40
	100	11.50				
Anglo Java			300	21.50	100	22.00
	100	22.25	100	22.50		
Cheng					1000	0.65
Kroewoek			3000	1.48	2000	1.50
Langkat					100	*14.50
Samagaga			2000	1.52	1000	1.50
	3000	1.48	1000	*1.48		
Kelantan			2000	0.72	3000	0.73
	1000	0.71	6000	*0.70	1000	0.69
	6000	0.70				
Tanah Merah					5000	2.60
Tebong			2000	1.20	1000	1.22
Ziangbe					100	14.20
Power 5½% Debs.					18000	*84.50
	65000	*84.25	5000	84.25		

ODD LOTS

China Realty			100	7.90
Union Ins.			4	*Hk.$430.00
S'hai Secruities			250	3.17½
Dockyards	60	22.75	50	24.00
Power (Pref)	3	*130.00	2	130.75
Exploration			200	11.10
Wheelock (New)			11	42.75
Consolidated			39	5.10
Java Consolidated			370	2.27½
Padang			426	1.68
Repah			300	0.97
Samambu			247	0.97
Samagaga			163	1.44
Kedah			15	6.55

*—Direct Business.

Afternoon Session

I. I. Trust			500	11.00	500	11.90
	2500	12.00				
S'hai Loan					500	14.00
Yangtsze Finance			500	8.20	1000	8.80
	500	*9.00	500	8.95		
S'hai Securities			1000	3.50	500	3.60
China Realty					500	8.05
S'hai Land			500	10.10	500	10.20
	500	10.50				
Central Prop.					100	14.00
Dockyards			300	*24.50	200	*24.25
	500	24.25	400	24.00	300	*24.25
	500	*24.00	1200	24.25	1300	24.50
	400	*24.50	400	*24.75	500	*25.00
	3100	25.00	100	*25.25	200	*25.00
	1300	25.25	700	*25.50	2400	25.50
	200	25.25	300	*25.50	900	25.75
	900	26.00	300	*25.75	1600	25.50
	200	*25.25	200	25.25	400	25.50
	900	25.25	100	*25.50	600	25.50
	300	25.25				
Wheelock (Old)			100	48.00	100	49.00
	200	*49.00	100	*50.00	300	51.00
Wheelock (New)			100	44.00	100	44.50
	100	45.50				
C. G. Omnibus			200	18.20	100	18.30
	300	18.40	100	18.70	100	18.60
	200	19.00				
S'hai Gas			300	17.00	100	17.10
	400	17.80	100	*17.50	300	*17.90
	800	18.00				
Telephone			600	29.75	900	30.00
	200	31.00	100	31.25	200	31.50
Tram (Bearer) £1					500	44.50
Metal			500	20.00	200	20.50
	100	*20.00	1000	20.50	100	*20.25
	100	20.25	200	*21.00	200	21.00
	700	21.25	100	*21.50	100	21.75
	100	22.00	300	22.25	200	*22.25
	100	21.75	300	22.00	100	21.50
	200	20.75				
Exploration			500	11.50	500	11.60
	500	11.40	500	*11.60	500	11.80
	2500	12.00	500	11.90	1500	*12.00
	1000	12.20	1500	12.30	500	12.10
Lumber			200	36.50	200	37.00
	100	37.25				
Power (Pref)					10	130.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			500	*33.25	1000	33.00
	3300	33.25	100	*33.25	200	*33.50
	1700	33.50	300	*33.50	600	33.75
	200	*33.50	600	34.00	300	*34.50
	100	*34.75	1900	34.50	100	34.75
	1300	35.00	100	*35.00	3800	35.25
	300	35.25	200	35.50	100	*35.00
	700	35.00	400	34.75	1400	34.50
	100	*34.25	200	34.50	100	*34.25
	100	34.25	200	34.00	400	34.25
China Finance					1000	*0.90
Anglo Dutch					300	11.50
Anglo Java			300	22.75	100	23.00
Batu Anam					4000	1.00
Cheng					2000	0.65
Kroewoek			1000	1.54	2000	1.56
Langkat					400	15.00
Repah			1000	1.00	1000	1.02
	1000	1.04				

ODD LOTS

Rubber Trust			1000	7.20
Samagaga			3000	1.52
Kelantan			2000	0.73
Tanah Merah			1000	2.75
Tebong	1000	1.24	2000	1.26
	1000	1.28		

*—Direct Business.

Mine Stock Fakes Thrive in Canada

Millions of Dollars of Worthless Securities Sold Annually in U.S.

Practitioners of the gentle art of fleecing the public through stock frauds, ousted from this country by regulations, have taken refuge in Toronto and the Securities and Exchange Commission is having slight success in its efforts to prevent their selling their unregistered securities on this side of the border, states Burton Crane in the "New York Times."

According to investigations by the commission, on which this article is based, millions of dollars annually of worthless Canadian stocks are being sold in this country, especially in Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago and other American cities where investors were fortunate with such good mines as Lakeshore, Lamaque and Noranda. The present crop of stock offerings is not in that class. Not one of the Canadian mining stocks offered here illegally in the last four years has paid a dividend. Not one has even gone into profitable production.

Back in 1934, when the SEC was established, there was an exodus of the slick gentry from New York and other American gathering places of the borderline financier. Some went to Montreal, which got ride of them in short order. Others went to Toronto, which first proved hospitable, then clamped down. But the clamping down did not last. The lid came off, for in mid 1938 a new note was sounded in Canadian public opinion. "Why," asked Toronto newspapers, "should we be merely a fifth wheel on the SEC coach? Let the United States handle its own problems. We shall be independent."

Extradition Not Possible

So the Province of Ontario has been independent and the grafter has had a field day. Among the star performers are at least four Americans who were indicted for questionable stock transactions in this country and are fugitives from justice. They cannot be extradited, because there is nothing in the treaty between this country and the Dominion which mentions mail frauds or the securities acts.

So high-pressure literature and salesmen pour across the border. Telegraph instruments click. Telephone bells jangle. The deal is closed. Then the securities are mailed from Canada and the check is mailed back. The promoters have nothing to fear. They know they cannot be extradited.

Most of the Canadian promotions sold here but not registered here are for gold mines, although other minerals and other industries have not been entirely neglected. Few if any of the mines promoted by illegal across-the-border sales have any chance whatever of going into profitable production, for engineers agree that $600,000 is virtually a minimum figure for bringing in a modern gold mine. Most offerings are of 3,000,000 shares, with 1,000,000 or 1,500,000 vendors' shares. The others, which must be sold to the public first, are commonly started at 25 cents a share, of which the company itself gets 5 cents. Few of the issues are ever sold out. It is easier to start a new promotion than to force up the stock of a mine not yet in production and take down stock at higher option figures.

Legal in Canada

This is all legal, of course, so long as it is done within the limits of Canada. It becomes illegal when shares of that kind, without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, are offered on this side of the border.

Selling pressure from Canada is not limited to personal solicitation. "Tip sheets" and investment counselors operate, either gratis or for a small fee. Old-fashioned "boiler-room" tactics are used, with long-distance telephone calls assuring the prospect that he must buy now to take advantage of the foreign-exchange ratio, to get in on the ground floor before the company starts production.

In the old "boiler-room" days in this country high-pressure pushers of "phoney" stocks used to figure that one out of three paid subscribers to a tip-sheet service would buy stocks in response to a long-distance call. Those who received their bad advice free would buy only once in fifteen times. The Toronto promoters have taken advantage of this psychology. They sell their advice whenever possible.

Records of the SEC reveal the corollary of this: So far as the commission has been able to discover, not one stock sold by long-distance telephone has ever made money for those who bought it.

Singapore Weekly Rubber Report

Singapore, May 30.

There has been a little more interest shown during the period under review, although the amount of business transacted has been small, no doubt owing to general uncertainties.

The London market has remained quiet but steady, while in New York manufacturers have shown more interest in nearbys and a certain amount of speculative interest has been apparent.

The Controller of Rubber, Malaya, has fixed the domestic quota for the third quarter at 77½ per cent.

Latest quotations to hand are as follows:—

Spot 36¾ cents, up ⅛ cent.
London 11⅝d., up 1/16d.
New York 20¼ U.S.A. cents unchanged.

The following are Malayan statistics for April 1940, (in tons):—

	Apr. 1940	Mar. 1940	Apr. 1939
Malayan Stocks	92,895	72,054	77,683
Production of Estates of 100 acres and over	23,794	23,269	15,699
Production (estimated of Estates under 100 acres	25,619	8,561	11,996

At the auctions yesterday there was a fair demand. Of 1,148 tons catalogued, 1,059 tons were offered and 749 tons sold.

The following is the course of values:—

	In Singapore per lb.
Ribbed Smoked Sheet:—	
Standard quality	35¾—36⅝
Good average quality	34¾—36¾
Fair average quality	33½—34⅝
Off quality	31⅝—33⅞
Sheet Cuttings	30 —30¼
Crepe:—	
Fine quality pale	No Sales
Standard and slightly inferior	No Sales
Off Colour Latex	32 —32½
Light Brown and Brown (Clean)	31 —32
Milling Grades:—	
Cupwashings and skmmings	28
Tree Scrap	No Sales
Brown and Dark Crepe	26 —30⅞
Bark Crepe (Earth Rubber)	24¼
Virgin Lump	No Sales

German Economical Position

An Account of Economic Trends in the Reich Compiled by the "Economist"

FROM time to time the newspapers redefine the character of Germany's war economy. The first view during the transition to a complete war economy was that Germany had begun to realize economic socialism pure and simple. Recently the "Voelkische Beobachter" termed the whole process a transformation of private capital into social capital. In a real sense of the word there is nothing left that can be called private. Prices formerly settled by private industrialists are now regulated by the Price Commissar. The principles of book-keeping are laid down uniformly for each industry.

New inventions are exchanged between industries under the control of the State. Economic control boards require regular returns about stocks. The nature and quantities of raw materials to be used in factories are settled by the control boards; and wages and working conditions are regulated by the Trustees of Labour, who have power to change individual agreements between manufacturers and workers. The private office of a works manager, once the headquarters for all matters concerning the factory, has become the "executive organ" of the economic as well as the social policy of the State; the private capitalist or industrialist is now the vassal of the State and the community. Private individuals exist no longer in Germany; every German belongs to some organization, i.e. the Party, semi-party organizations, or economic organizations.

Economic Organizations

The economic organizations largely responsible for Germany's State-controlled economy have now developed central and regional forms, and the so-called self-governing economic organizations have lost the last vestige of their freedom. Wartime economic organization centres in the Reich Economic Boards, established by extending the peacetime Boards responsible for the control of foreign trade and the exchanges (*Reichswirtschaftsamt*), with regional branches, the district economic boards (Bezirkswirtschaftsaemter). The former self-governing organizations, i.e. *Reichswirtschaftskammer* industrial groups, the commercial organizations, and the groups of independent artisans have been reduced to being simply advisory bodies. The Reich Economic Board has become a kind of planning centre, and the actual distribution of all industrial orders is carried out with the assistance of the district economic boards. The Reich Economic Board is, in fact, a modern statistical centre, where a census of productive capacity, labour resources, stocks and orders is kept up to date.

A new concentration of industrial activity in the war sector proper of industry and trade has begun. There are more complaints that small industries are overlooked when armament orders are distributed. With the appointment of Dr. Todt as Minister of Munitions and the opening of a more active phase of the war, the closing-down of civilian industries has increased.

Coins and Metals

The minting of coins is of some interest because of the withdrawal of nickel and copper coins to be gradually replaced by aluminium and zinc coins. Minting during the period January-March, 1940, ran as follows:—

(Rm. thousands)

	Minted	Previously minted	Total	With-drawn	Remaining Total
Silver, Rm. 5.00	—	1,089,498	1,089,498	292	1,089,206
Silver Rm. 2.00	—	252,707	252,707	22	252,685
Nickel, Rm. 1.00	—	419,394	419,394	91	419,303
Nickel, Rm. 0.50	—	117,017	117,017	136	116,881
Aluminium, Rm. 0.50	50,924	11,800	62,725	0.5	62,724
Aluminium, bronze, Rm. 0.10	297	106,035	106,332	116	106,216
Aluminium, bronze, Rm. 0.05	—	44,660	44,660	25	44,635
Copper, Rm. 0.02	670	9,175	9,845	9	9,836
Copper, Rm. 0.01	531	12,709	13,240	5	13,235
Copper, July-Sept., 1939	122,262	—	—	—	2,006,634
Copper, Oct.-Dec., 1939	32,605	—	—	—	2,091,793
Total, Jan.-Mar., 1940	52,423	—	—	—	2,114,721

The actual increase in the total value of metal coins is thus not considerable, whereas the rise in notes of the denominations of Rm. 2.00 and Rm. 5.00 has been very substantial. The figures show that the withdrawal of nickel coins is a slow process. The withdrawal of copper coins had not begun at the end of March. It may also be seen from these figures that the metal derived from withdrawn nickel and copper coins is negligible compared with the war demands.

Aluminium Output

The non-ferrous metal collection which ended on April 19 has again concentrated interest on Germany's metal supplies. It was part of Germany's war preparation to increase the output of aluminium in order to substitute it for copper, for which Germany is almost totally dependent on foreign sources.

A recent American estimate shows aluminium production as follows:—

(Thousands of tons)

	1937	Per cent. of total	1938	Per cent. of total	1939	Per cent. of total
World	490.6	100	579.9	100	625.0	100
Germany	131.2	26.7	165.6	28.6	185.5	29.7
U.S.A.	132.8	27.1	130.1	22.5	144.2	23.1
Gt. Bri.	19.4	3.9	22.5	3.9	25.5	4.1
Canada	42.6	8.7	64.5	11.1	66.5	10.6
France	34.5	7.0	45.3	7.8	50.9	8.0
Norway	23.0	4.7	29.0	5.0	32.0	5.1
Italy	22.9	4.7	25.8	4.9	28.0	4.5
Soviet Un.	45.0	9.2	48.0	8.3	60.3	9.6

(Figures for 1937 and 1938 from the report of the Metallgesellschaft, Frankfurt; figures for 1939 are estimates, and Germany includes Austria).

In 1929 Germany, including Austria, produced only 36,000 tons, or 12.8 per cent. of the total world output. The cheap electric power which Germany gained by the incorporation of Austria made the increase from 1937 to 1939 possible. It is interesting to note that Hungary's exports of bauxite (for aluminium production) increased from 362,000 tons in 1938 to 570,000 tons in 1939. These additional exports were probably bought entirely by Germany to make good the losses in seaborne imports from Jugoslavia during the first months of the war. This year, Jugoslavia, Italy and the United States of America considerably expanded their capacity. Germany aims at an output of 200,000 tons in 1940, but the success of this is dependent on a steady supply of bauxite from Hungary, Italy and the Balkan countries.

The Reichsbank

The annual report for 1939 shows another increase in the activities of Germany's Central Bank. Total turnover increased by 21 per cent. to Rm. 1,751,000 millions. The most important items of the report are as follows, in million Reichsmarks:—

	Dec. 31, 1936	Dec. 31, 1937	Dec. 31, 1938	Dec. 31, 1939
Total assets	15,824	18,653	21,223	27,147
Gold reserve	66.5	70.6	70.8	70.8
Forigen currencies, bills and cheques	114	190	197	224
Treasury bills	62	119	121	*
Other bills and cheques	5,356	5,847	7,959	11,201
Advances	74	60	45	30
Securities for note cover	221	106	565	804
Other securities	312	298	299	418
Notes in circulation	4,980	5,493	8,223	11,798
Rentenbank notes in circulation	368	391	382	957
Metal coins in circulation	1,597	1,595	1,784	1,747
Total money in circulation	6,945	7,479	10,389	14,502

*Included in Other bills and chesues.

During 1939 the bank increased the total holdings of bills, cheques, advances, and securities from Rm. 9,139 millions to Rm. 12,574 millions, or by 38 per cent., the biggest annual increase on record. Reich banknotes in circulation increased by the same amount of roughly Rm. 3,500 millions. Total money in circulation increased during 1939 by 39.6 per cent. In 1938 the increase amounted to 38.9 per cent. From 1932 to 1937 the annual increase of the total money in circulation may be termed almost normal, ranging from 1.2 per cent. in 1933 to 9 per cent. in 1936, and only 7.7 per cent. in 1937. The holdings of Treasury bills are no longer shown separately. There is, however, no doubt that they have risen considerably above the Rm. 121 millions reported at the end of 1938. Net profits increased from Rm. 40.7 millions to Rm. 117 millions. During the year several new branches were opened in the occupied territories. The dividend, which was maintained at 12 per cent. until 1937, of which 4 per cent. was paid into the loan stock, remained unchanged at 5 per cent. Rm. 97.8 millions of the net profits were delivered to the Reich Treasury.

Many Restrictions Under the Nazis

Growing Defiance of Ban On Foreign Broadcasts; English News Preferred

Secret reports received from Germany by the Social Democratic party in Paris, include a series of letters indicating that foreign broadcasts are widely listened to in spite of the savage penalty imposed by the Nazis.

The Nazis put the crime of listening to foreign stations on a par with that of a soldier guilty of self-inflicted wounds, and sentences of five years' imprisonment have been passed on listeners betrayed to the police. Some parents do not dare to turn on London, Paris or Strasbourg until their children have gone to bed.

The English news bulletins are listeners' first choice. A letter from Westphalia states that they strike people as relatively unbiassed and are convincing. Listeners who are fed regularly with lies by their own stations are impressed when anyone admits losses and any lack of success.

Full Shortage

Restrictions on motoring have become still more severe since the previous set of reports were received, and the correspondence goes to show that the lack of motor fuel is the most dangerous gap in German armament.

One correspondent in Brandenburg tells of a butcher at Guben who motored eight miles with his wife to visit a sick relative. He was denounced and punished by being made to wheel a refuse cart up and down the streets for an hour with his wife. A doctor who had used his car for a brief joy-ride was similarly compelled to spend two days wheeling a costermonger's barrow. But in the same small place there are 38 Nazi "bigwigs" who motor unrestrictedly.

Franz Lehar Vanishes

Edward Lockton, who composed the lyrics of more than 2,500 songs, died recently at Hendon, aged sixty-four. These were his most famous songs: "Where my caravan has rested," "Tommy Lad," "Until," "Because."

Another, "When the Great Red Dawn Is Shining," was written when, as a special constable, he was standing in a sentry-box outside Buckingham Palace, states the "Daily Express."

He wrote two other songs which became famous in another way. "Avalette" and "Dark-haired Marie" were little known until it was disclosed that the authoress of the melodies was Mrs. Alma Victoria Rattenbury. This was revealed when Mrs. Rattenbury lay in jail, accused with a nineteen-year-old chauffeur, George Stoner, of the murder at Bournemouth of her 67 year-old husband.

Occupation of France Won't Affect Japan

Tokyo, June 17.

The possible occupation of France by German forces will have but little effect on Japanese foreign trade, qualified financial observers declared here yesterday.

It was pointed out that trade between Japan and France has been declining steadily during recent years. It was added that even though trade between France and Japan be completely shut off, there would be no serious repercussions here.—Domei.

Bombay Silver Stocks

Bombay, June 15.

Stocks of silver in Bombay on June 15, were as follow:—

June 15 6,000 bars.

N.B. The above figures include both English Bar and Indian Mint silver.—Reuter.

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, June 17.

Kogo 5% Y.107.05
—Reuter.

Patricia Morison learned to walk in snowshoes during the filming of blizzard scenes in the Canadian northwest for Paramount's eventful technicolour adventure-romance, "Untamed," in which she is featured with Ray Milland and Akim Tamiroff.

Copper Markets Again Narrowed

Russia is Now Offering The Metal; Scandinavian Purchases Stopped

Efforts by the Allies to stop the indirect shipments of copper to Germany and the spread of hostilities to Scandinavia have further reduced the market for copper. Recently Russia not only ceased to purchase copper in the world market, but was making an effort to dispose of about 15,000 tons of metal previously purchased on which delivery had not been made. In addition, Scandinavia, which normally takes from 4,000 to 4,500 tons of copper monthly, is out of the market entirely because of the spread of the war to that area, states J. H. Carmical in the "New York Times" of May 5.

Since December 1 last it is estimated that Russia has purchased from companies in the United States roughly 80,000 tons of copper, delivery of which was to be effected through the port of Vladivostok. Because of the loss of the German market and the decision of the United Kingdom to purchase only copper produced within the Empire, these Russian purchases have been a factor in maintaining the price. Whether this copper has been for the account of Germany is not known, but it is considered probable, since Russia in previous years had not purchased any sizable amount of copper here.

The Situation for Russia

In the trade it is estimated that possibly not more than 20 per cent. of this copper was processed from domestically mined ores. The balance was either sent here in bond to be refined or shipped directly from other countries where United States companies operate. Actual shipments from the United States in the first three months of this year were 38,595 tons, of which shipments in March accounted for only 5,584 tons. In the similar period last year there were no shipments of copper from this country to Russia.

Until the last few weeks Russia did not experience any difficulty in getting delivery of this copper at Vladivostok.

However, when the British started seizing all such shipments delivery was stopped and one ship returned to a port here after getting within a few hundred miles of the Siberian coast. Naturally the Russians did not want to lose the copper after paying for it, and thus decided to dispose of that portion which could not be delivered.

The companies from which the metal was bought are understood not to be interested in its repurchase. For this reason it is expected that some difficulty will be encountered in its disposal unless at a severe price concession. That part derived from foreign-mined ores cannot be sold here except through the payment of a duty of 4 cents a pound.

Molybdenum Enters Picture

Last week a British and French mission was here making a check of the amount of copper and other metals that each large company had sold to Russia in the last few months. Emphasis seemed to be placed largely on copper and molybdenum, the latter a metal similar to nickel in many of its uses. No shipments of molybdenum, however, have been made to either Japan or Russia since the moral embargo was placed on it last December by President Roosevelt.

Information sought generally was given to the mission, but in a few instances their appearance was resented. It is understood that the executive of one company reminded the group that Japan is purchasing a large amount of copper from British Columbia with the knowledge and approval of both Canadian and British authorities. He was of the opinion that this metal is as accessible to Germany as that purchased by Russia, and implied that it might be well for the mission to get the Allies' house in order before inquiring into the activities of American concerns.

Britain Not Buying Here

Recent developments have left France, Italy and Japan as the only large buyers of copper in the world market. In recent months purchases by Japan have declined, exports from the United States in the first quarter of this year averaging some 2,000 tons monthly below those of the similar period in 1939. The United Kingdom not only is not buying any copper here, but some producers within the empire actually are selling some metal in world markets. France's total purchases are estimated at 30,000 tons monthly, a part of which is being added to stocks, while those of Italy are around 8,000 tons monthly. Outside of Japan, it is estimated that purchases by other countries probably are not in excess of 10,000 tons monthly.

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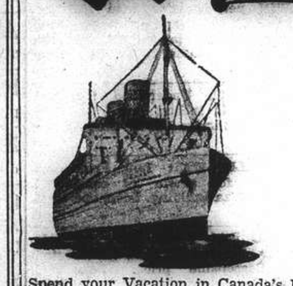

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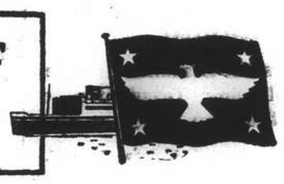

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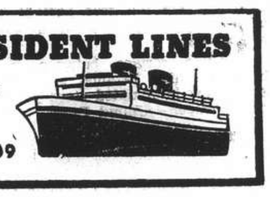

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SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From KEELUNG: Sakito Maru, due 3 p.m. N.Y.K. Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Genoa		From Manila	
Sumatra	29/4 2/7	P Pierce	16/6 22/6
From Trieste		**From Hongkong**	
Fusijama	20/4 20/6	See "C P" below	

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Honolulu	
B'ham City	— 22/6	P Coolidge	13/6 26/6
P Adams	31/5 16/7	Nitta M	17/6 13/7
Bardaland	— 20/7	**From Kobe**	
P H'rison	14/6 30/7	Taiyo M	21/6 23/6
Brageland	— 9/8	**From Nagasaki**	
From Los Angeles		N'saki M	19/6 20/6
P Coolidge	4/6 26/6	**From Keelung**	
Nitta M	8/6 13/7	Hukuken M	— 24/6
P Adams	18/6 16/7		
From Seattle			
Capillo	30/5 21/6		

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen
Hoten M 18/6 20/6

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS. —For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

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AMERICA

KANSAI M. June 18 LOS ANGELES, CRISTOBAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PORTLAND, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE.—O.S.K. Line. Tel. 15323, 15324. 13-6

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool		For Manila	
Hakozaki M	3/7	P Harrison	21/6
For Capetown		Capillo	25/6
Hakozaki M	3/7	P Coolidge	27/6
For Bombay and Calcutta		Nitta M	14/7
Tottori M	24/6	P Adams	17/7
Onoe M	26/6	**For Hongkong**	
For New York		Kamakura M	2/7
Kansai M	18/6	**For Kobe**	
B'ham City	24/6	Kasima M	22/6
Bardaland	2/7	Tatuta M	23/6
P Adams	17/7	Taiyo M	26/6
P Harrison	31/7	**For Nagasaki**	
For San Francisco		Nagasaki M	21/6
P Pierce	23/6	Shanghai M	23/6
Tatuta M	23/6	Nagasaki M	26/6
Kamakura M	8/7	**For Dairen**	
P Coolidge	10/7	Tsingtao M	19/6
Nitta M	26/7	Hoten M	22/6
		Dairen M	25/6
		Tsingtao M	27/6
		Hoten M	30/6
		Dairen M	2/7

Vessels Discharging

TILAWA. The British-India S. N. Co.'s s.s. Tilawa, from Japan.—This steamer is berthing at Nos. 11-12 Buoys and her cargo will be discharged at the Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hongkew Wharf on Monday, June 24, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 20-6

TORRENS. The ms. Torrens, from New York via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf on June 24, 1940, at 9 a.m. when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11369. 20-6

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	*From*	*Consignees*
Randi	Tientsin	O. Thoresen
Fooshing	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Ningpo M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Torrens	Manila	Dodwell
Santarem	Ningpo	P.N.&T.
H. Tseangtah	Wenchow	T.C.C.
Mohlenhof	Ningpo	Carlowitz
U.S.S. Pecos	Cruise	—
Heini	Sungmen	G.F.E.
Taimei M.	Tientsin	Showa S.
Tyosa M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Kimikawa M.	Philippine	Showa S.
Kansai M.	Hongkong	O.S.K.
Bonho	Hsinkong	Dong Shing
Hwei Chong	Lungkow	K.K.K.
Myoko M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Foch	P. Dalnut	D.K.K.K.
Naruto M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Hunglee	River Ports	T.K.K.
Needwood	Tsingtao	T.K.K.
Kanre M.	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Hsintung M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Meiyi	Hupukow	S.V.O.C.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	*Flag*	*Despatcher*
Tatuta M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Helios	Nor.	Jebsen
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hsinyang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nantung M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Daishin M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Kiangnan	Ger.	C.F.P.R.
Odysseus	Gre.	M.B.K.
Nitto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Minho	Port.	Inter. Nav.
D'Artagnan	Fr.	M.M.
Coldbrook	Am.	Everett

Men-of-War in Port

Name	*Flag*	*Type*	*Berthed*
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	Y.T.P.D.W.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

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SATURDAY'S SPECIAL PAGE

Of special interest to shoppers, our Saturday's page provides a wealth of information as to where to shop with facility and economy. It also gives valuable information in its news columns of the subject advertised. Read the Special page every Saturday. It will profit you.

Danger From the Air

Air power has proved its effectiveness in this war and it will continue to play a major role until the conflict ends. Here British troops are seen manning anti-aircraft guns on a transport which carried them to France to take their positions by the side of valiant French troops.

Netherlands East Indies Watch Japan, Germany

Only United States Left to Offer Protection in Event of German Victory; Rich Treasure House

Batavia, June 17.

A German victory in Europe or a sudden southward thrust by Japan constituted the major worries today in the Netherlands East Indies.

Either eventuality would force this rich Netherlands colony to seek immediate shelter. The Hollanders see only the strong arm of the United States at Liberty for such protection as they would need. But the 125,000 Netherlanders who control this vast equatorial empire admit scepticism as to how far the United States would go in preserving the *status quo* in south-east Asia.

America's vital need for the East Indies' tremendous production of tin, rubber, oil and lesser products constitute the principal hope for American aid in the event of foreign aggression. Twenty per cent. of the world's tin is mined in the East Indies and the United States is the largest consumer. American interests have nearly $200,000,000 invested in East Indies rubber plantations. About 40 per cent. of the $300,000,000 investment in Borneo's huge oil fields is owned by American companies.

There are, however, few Americans residing in the East Indies. About 60 live in Batavia, but half of this number, representing wives and children, left for the safety of Australia and the United States after Germany invaded Holland.

First fears after Holland fell into German control was of a Nazi putsch in the Indies. There were nearly 7,500 Germans in the Islands, including 400 holding government positions. It was also conservatively estimated that 10 per cent. of the Netherlanders had pro-Nazi leanings.

News of the German invasion of Holland was suppressed for three hours while police swiftly rounded up more than 5,000 Germans and Nazi sympathizers and herded them into internment on a small island called Unrest, just off Batavia.

German property with an estimated value of US$100,000,000 was impounded. Batavia's German Club became a temporary police station. So swiftly did Netherlands officials strike, Germans succeeded in scuttling only one of the 17 German vessels anchored in Indies' harbours. The 16 seized have a total tonnage of 116,000 tons. They are being reconditioned for service under the Netherlands flag.

Germans Shot

As the result of German Nazis, non-Nazis and Jews having been herded together in internment, there have been countless stories of rioting and clashes. Netherlands officials admit "several" Germans have been shot.

There was little satisfaction to the Hollanders in eliminating German elements. Almost every Netherlander in the East Indies has close relatives in Holland. With all communication with that country cut off by Germany, the Netherlanders completely lack news of the condition of their homeland. Consequently, there is a pall of gloom in the Indies. Night clubs are deserted and conviviality is at a minimum.

With danger of a Nazi putsch eliminated, the East Indies next became tense over possibilities of Japanese invasion. The islands have a defence force consisting of 60,000 European, Eurasian and native troops, several hundred American fighting planes, coastal guns, and a small navy of a dozen submarines, four cruisers, 12 destroyers and several minelayers. At best, Netherlands military men believe this force could delay and make costly any sudden invasion until foreign aid could arrive.

Attract Japan

As the days have worn into weeks without sign of Japanese activity, anxiety over Japan's intentions has eased somewhat. Today, the Netherlands hesitantly hope to offer Japan sufficient trade attractions to avert difficulties with Tokyo, pending a hoped-for Allied victory in Europe.

Exports of nearly all European countries no longer reach the East Indies, leaving Japan and America in an excellent position to supply the substantial needs of the East Indies' 60,000 inhabitants. A wholesale rush by Batavia merchants, unable to obtain goods from Europe, to make connections with American manufacturers has already begun.

Trade restrictions heretofore gave almost monopolistic preference in the Indies to Holland manufacturers. For example, under government decree only Holland-made Phillips radios can be sold in Java. These cannot now be obtained, hence the monopoly may expire. Demand for radio sets has grown sharply because of the severe censorship imposed on news published in East Indies newspapers. There are no restrictions on radio listeners and business conferences or social affairs regularly are interrupted while news broadcasts from San Francisco, Manila, London and other cities are heard.

American, Japanese Goods

German goods had a wide market here, but now will presumably be supplanted by American or Japanese products.

In short, this vast treasure house, long controlled from the "head office" in Amsterdam, now finds itself the office as well as the factory. Nearly all Holland banks and business houses have transferred their home office from Amsterdam to Batavia.

Netherlands trade relations with Japan have been strained in recent years. Between 1929 and 1934 Japanese exports to the Indies rose in value to 32 per cent. of total imports and Japan held a larger share of the Indies market than Holland. On the other hand, Japan took only five per cent. of the total Indies exports.

Since 1934, there has been a determined effort to cut Japan's share of trade and improve the share of Holland and Britain. By 1938, the Japanese share had dropped to 15 per cent.

Foreign trade observers believed today that a fair share of the European share of the Indies trade will now be shifted to Japan and the United States as the Netherlands masters of this richest of war-orphans seek to appease a neighbour on one hand and bid for a friendly protector on the other.—United Press.

Eire Determined to Defend Neutrality

All Political Differences To be Buried

Dublin, June 17.

The largest meeting in Dublin known for years was held at College Green yesterday to demonstrate the nation's determination to defend, with all the resources of the state, Eire's policy of neutrality.

All three leaders of parties in the Dail, Mr. Eamon de Valera, Mr. William Cosgrave and Mr. Griffiths, addressed the meeting, stressing that differences were buried and they now stood as one party for Irish freedom.

Mr. de Valera said that the country was in imminent danger, but that the military was mobilized and recruits were joining the army in great numbers.

He added, however, that the whole resources of the nation, backed by Irish courage and unity, were needed for the defence of freedom.

"The danger is more menacing as the hours pass by," Mr. de Valera asserted. "There is no time to talk when your neighbour's house is on fire and sparks are falling on your roof. We shall have to suspend some of the Government's activities in order to be prepared to defend ourselves."

The Prime Minister added that it was no use talking of liberty if liberty was being taken from them.—Reuter.

Moslems Unite to Defy Italy

Italy Openly Denounced By Arab Leaders

London, June 17.

Considerable Moslem and Arab resentment over Italy's entry into the war on the side of Germany is reported in a message from Beirut, in Syria.

In the great Omari Mosque at Beirut on June 14, thousands of Moslems heard a sermon denouncing the atrocities committed upon their co-religionists by Italians in Tripolitana, Ethiopia and Albania, and warning the Faithful of the ambition of Italy to occupy all Arab countries, including the Holy cities of Mecca and Medina.

In a statement today the Grand Mufti said: "A strong feeling of resentment prevails in Moslem and Arab circles at Italy's entry into the war on the side of Germany. God will see that the cause of justice is victorious over barbaric aggression."

The head of the Syrian Government declared: "At this decisive movement, Arabs and Moslems are more on the side of the Allies than ever, for they fully realize the dreadful consequences to which they will be exposed if the Allies fail to win."—Reuter.

Haakon Broadcasts to Norwegian People

London, June 17.

In a broadcast relayed by the British Broadcasting Corporation last evening, King Haakon said he hoped that Norwegians would understand the motives which compelled him to leave Norway when it became impossible for further fighting to be carried on.

From England, the monarch declared, he and his government would carry on the administration of the country, and watch over that considerable part of Norway which was still free, namely, the merchant fleet, and see that the Norwegian flag continued to fly on every sea.—Reuter.

Latvia and Estonia Capitulate

Russian Demands Accepted Following Occupation of Lithuanian Areas

Moscow, June 17.

Latvia and Estonia last night capitulated to Russian demands that they form new pro-Soviet governments and permit Russian troops free passage through their territories, an official announcement said here early today.

Both Latvia and Estonia, in reply to Russian ultimatums which expired at 11 p.m. last night, accepted all the Russian demands. The governments of both countries resigned after agreeing to accept the Russian demands.—United Press.

Russian Troops Enter

Helsinki, June 17.

Soviet troops have already occupied several Estonian cities and were also understood to have crossed the border into Latvia, Estonian diplomatic circles here said today.

The Estonian Cabinet late yesterday agreed to the Soviet dmands for a new pro-Soviet Government and permission for the free passage of Soviet troops through Estonia, these sources said.

Aeroplane service between Helsinki, Tallinin, Estonia, and Riga, Latvia, was interrupted since yesterday afternoon.—United Press.

Lithuanian President Interned

Moscow, June 17.

President Smetona of Lithuania, and several members of the outgoing government crossed into Germany last night, it is reported here.

They were interned.—Reuter.

Pact Violation Charged

Moscow, June 17.

At official communique alleges that Latvia violated the Soviet-Latvian mutual assistance pact by "not only not cancelling the military alliance with Estonia, but by extending it to Lithuania and attempting to include Finland."—Reuter.

President Smetona Leaves

Kaunas, June 17.

President Antanas Smetona has left Lithuania for abroad following the arrival of additional Soviet troops in his country, and he is regarded as having resigned.

The Prime Minister, M. Merkys, who tendered his resignation following the Russian ultimatum claiming the right "to occupy Lithuanian territory and station sufficient forces," is carrying out the President's duties.

The Lithuanian Government has issued a declaration that the increase in Soviet garrisons is necessary in order to strengthen the security of eastern Europe owing to the international situation and war developments.

The Commander-in-Chief of the Lithuanian Army has issued an order describing the Soviet troops as a friendly army.

In a broadcast last night, M. Merkys urged the Lithuanian people to judge the situation rightly.

He is reported to have said: "We are convinced that the arrival of fresh Soviet forces in Lithuania is to ensure the greater security of Lithuania and the Soviet Union. We must, therefore, look upon these troops in our land as a friendly Allied army."

M. Merkys added that the most important thing at the moment was the preservation of peace and order.

Lithuanian Officials Arrested

Two high Lithuanian officials were arrested here last night and Kaunas was placed under martial law as Russian and Lithuanian representatives attempted to establish a new government.

The previous government resigned after accepting Russian demands that additional Russian troops be stationed in Lithuania.

Red Army tanks and troops completed their occupation of Kaunas and other strategic Lithuanian cities yesterday afternoon a few hours after the President, M. Antanas Smetona, had fled from the country by air.

An official announcement said last night that the President was regarded as having resigned because of his flight from the country.

The two Lithuanian officials who were arrested and imprisoned were court-martialled for the alleged shooting of a Russian soldier by the Lithuanian police. Their arrest had been demanded by the Russians. They were the former Minister of Interior, Gen. Kazys Skugas, and the former chief of police, M. Povilaits.

The former Premier, M. Antanas Merkys, told Lithuania in a nation-wide broadcast last night that the Russian troops invading Lithuania "come as the army of a friendly, allied Power and shall be received and treated as such."

He said the developments in the Baltic countries and especially in Lithuania were "perfectly understandable under present conditions."

"The internal social, cultural, economic and political affairs of Lithuania will in no way be touched," he said.—United Press.

A LIVE MAILING LIST

The Circulation Department of the *North-China Daily News* offers unique facilities for addressing and mailing trade circulars, etc., to lists of prospective buyers in Shanghai and the Outports.

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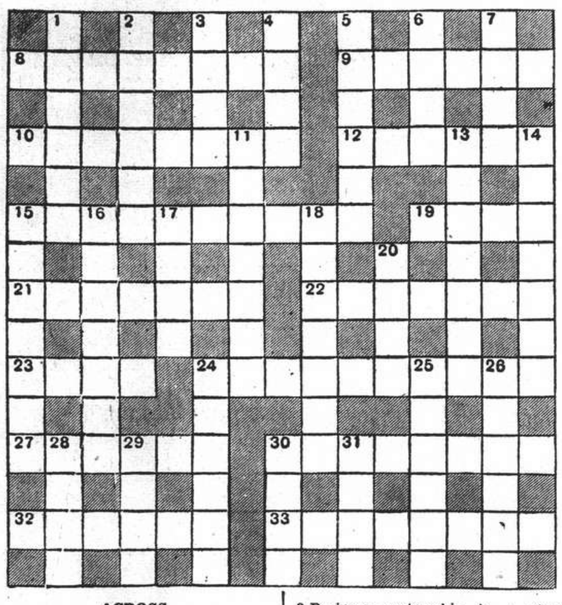
(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

8 This poison is made into nice mixture (8)
9 This notorious criminal would have had merely to turn tail to become a vegetable (6)
10 He used to help to carry ladies but now carries proposals (8)
12 Effected by an unpleasant but useful person (6)
15 Cowardly as the man deprived of his Dutch courage (10)
19 This may be the preliminary of a competition or the result of one contest (4)
21 This title is probably more respected without its initial letter (7)
22 Would a boy set to saw out boards describe his job as this? (7)
23 Far from taciturn (4)
24 Herdsman who suggests a common recommendation by a jury (10)
27 A carrier of disease (6)
30 Anyone of course if cut in two would be more likely to be dead (8)
32 Suitable colour for the ultramodern painter? (6)
33 Acting without payment (8)

DOWN

1 A little misfortune (6)
2 He supplies us sometimes in our extremities (6)
3 Business partnership in a strong position (4)
4 Either a girl or a cloth (4)
5 One couldn't say 24 across does not care for this old punishment (6)
6 A language of India (4)
7 This is confused in 24 across and is terrible (4)
11 It sounds as if beer was hinted at as the cause of this illness (7)
13 In close order (7)
14 She looks a suitable patroness of the Gamblers' League (7)
15 The skill with which a batsman may make leg hits (7)
16 Just put a question in some paper (7)
17 She helped to provide some of the sights in the "Tempest" (4)
18 The Simoom abroad (7)
20 This ring is used for training for a contest in the ring (4)
24 "Comes the blind Fury with the abhorred —— and slits the thin-spun life" ("Lycidas") (6)
25 Natural (6)
26 Last (6)
28 Sea-bird that is commonly smoked and sold (4)
29 A great force in current affairs (4)
30 Part of London often on the lips of ostlers (4)
31 There's money to be got from this plant (4)

YTDAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Nightshade; 6, Woad; 10, Motor; 11, Racialism; 12, Standard; 13, Grain; 15, Habitué; 17, Divulge; 19, Leering; 21, Carotid; 22, Track; 24, Virginal; 27, Lorgnette; 28, Sugar; 29, Cash; 30, Reverenced. DOWN: 1, Name; 2, Get-at-able; 3, Turin; 4, Herbage; 5, Decided; 7, Ouida; 8, Diminuendo; 9, Lawgiver; 14, Philatelic; 16, Thinking; 18, Lethargic; 20, Gavotte; 21, Cortège; 23, Arras; 25, Issue; 26, Prod.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

LARGE American firm requires foreign assistant. Reply stating age, education, experience and salary desired. Replies will be considered confidential. Address Box 5549, NCDN. 13318

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WANTED, Chinese bookkeeper for British import and export firm. Applicants must have had similar experience. Reply stating experience and salary required to Box 5559, NCDN. -13326

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STENO-TYPIST for British firm, experience in office work essential, required immediately. Box 5472, NCDN. 13290

REQUIRED immediately by British firm, male office assistant with experience of accounts. State salary expected and experience. Box 5473, NCDN. 13290

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

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Lost

BILLS of Lading, original and duplicate, No. 181, for ten bales of cotton yarn of "Five Men" brand, marked 興M聯 shipped to Canton per ss. Tsinan of China Navigation Company, Ltd., on September 29, 1938, were lost during the fall of Canton. The loss has been registered with the China Navigation Company, Ltd. and same declared null and void. Kuhing & Company, 51 Ningpo Road, Shanghai. -10277

TWO stamped D/Os. as follows: M pierced with arrow in diamond, Shanghai 2238-47, 10 cases and 2248-87, 40 cases of radio sets, per ss. Myoken Maru from Osaka, M/F No. 564 and 565, have been lost and are hereby declared null and void. Kusunoki Kaisouten. -10306

Personal

LADY would like to meet a foreign gentleman, for friendship. No refugee. Address Box 5535, NCDN. -10289

For Sale—Miscellaneous

BABY'S steel bed, good condition, complete with mattress, mosquito net. $65. Telephone 79609. -10280

BEAUTIFUL big-sized silver-fox, practically new. Immediate sale. Bargain $700. Telephone 72472, forenoon only. -10324

ALWIN perambulator witn mattress, canopy, storm-apron, very good condition, $160. Playpen folding, with floor mattress, loose cover, $40. Telephone 20231. -10295

TYPEWRITER, Underwood Standard, carriage 14 inches, brand new, A1 condition. Sacrifice US$35. 2094 Avenue Haig. -10310

FOR SALE. Eight 1930 Frigidaires. Tender for whole lot considered. Apply 415 Liza Building, telephone 15121. -10305

FORMIC acid, ready stock for sale, at or above 80 per cent, with Custom pass. Reasonable price. Box 5545, NCDN. -10302

REFRIGERATOR, original Kelvinator, 4½ cu. ft. bargain: $950, for quick sale. Telephone 62897. -10319

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator in excellent condition and running order. Can be inspected 47 Avenue du Roi Albert. No brokers. -10315

REMINGTON noiseless 6" typewriter, excellent condition. Price US$115. Box 5458, NCDN. -10101

IMPORTED baby's carriage in excellent condition. Also cot scales, pen and table. Telephone 22670. -10171

BARGAINS: Persian rugs, dressing cases, modern imported handbags, miniatures, small bronzes, paintings and other rarities. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -9019

OUR art gallery is open to inspection in our showrooms. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -10177

IMPORTED suitings cleared at big reductions. Inspection welcome or ask for representative. Telephone 19996, Frankel, 128/529 Museum Road. -10222

TWO electric drills 220 volt, a.c., d.c., 150 spiral drillheads, European makes, new, at reasonable prices. Box 5482, NCDN. -10215

TYPEWRITER bargains: new Royal de luxe portable, US$55; Hermes 2,000 portable, US$30. American typewriter ribbons 12-yd. lengths, $7. Business Machine Co., 9A Central Road, telephone 14292. -10158

CONTAX II camera, Sonnar f.2 for sale, US$120. Box 5380, NCDN. -10044

TABLE cloths, best pure linen, new/little used, all sizes. Bargain. Box 5415, NCDN. -10100

KODAK Retina II F3.5, 90 per cent new, with Kodak case, $650, or office machines for exchange. Soong, 303A Kiangse Road, telephone 10670. -10231

LIMITED quantity of Dupont's Rhodamine and Pontamine dyes, for sale by private party. Telephone 16437. 13305

SUMMER shirts made to measure, Cellular, from $14.50; Doublecord broadcloth, $22.50; Tootal, $35. Razon's, Central Road. 13207

IMMEDIATE sale. 145 unused lantern slides (coloured, uncoloured), Jerusalem and Palestine. Splendid for Christian work. Price cheap. US$100 for the lot. Post Office Box 1227. -10113

HIGHEST grade Cogswell & Harrison 12-gauge shot-gun, spare barrels, case and ammunition, US$85. Box 5478, NCDN. -10210

LARGE-sized cabinet radiola-victrola, automatic change, $350. Large, high-powered Negretti telescope, extra lens and case, US$25. Apply Hamilton Studio, 221 Nanking Road. -10210

ROYAL 11 ins. $530, Remington 10 ins. $400, completely rebuilt, sacrifice prices. Box 5491, NCDN. -10235

ONE Frigidaire room-cooler, 220 volts, in perfect order. Box 5503, NCDN. -10259

LIVING-room, dining-room and bedroom furniture. View between noon and 2 p.m. daily. 321 Avenue Petain, Apartment 12. -10180

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying, selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route de Soeurs, House 3. -9921

SECONDHAND furniture shop. Buy and sell at best prices, furniture, carpets, cut-glass, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. -9457

Miscellaneous

ADVERTISER wishes to place infant in care of family against remuneration for cost of keep. Replies Box 5527, NCDN. 13312

TAILORING shop under European management, Viennese fitter, solicits any tailoring jobs. Box 5533, NCDN. -10286

SICK-NURSE, young, from Vienna, seeks private nursing jobs. Hotel Burlington, Room 223, Telephone 34200. -10291

AMERICAN, French and British magazines can be obtained at moderate fees. Subscribe to our Magazine Circulating Library. Excellent service, clean magazines. Telephone 14640, First Shanghai Reading Circle, 131 Museum Road, Room 423. -9952

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 12 cents per sq. foot. Rugs repaired, dyed, stored. Esso Company. Telephone 12170. -9354

PIANO for hire, new. Apply telephone 21544. -10189

Chinese Servants

GOOD cook-boy, recommended. English and American cooking, hardworking, honest. Address Box 5543, NCDN. -10300

HOUSE coolie-boy, hardworking, knows some cooking, seeks position. Good references. Address Box 5541, NCDN. -10296

WANTED, amah, well-recommended, for washing, ironing and mending, also light house-work. Address Box 5540, NCDN. -10294

72782. General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office boys. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -10074

ADVERTISER recommends his cook-boy. Good cook, clean, economical. Box 5504, NCDN. -10259

WANTED, an amah for general work in a house. Address Box 5510, NCDN. 13286

Boats

FOR SALE, 50 feet twin screw steel motor house-boat in good condition, powered with 2-50 h.p. each Universal reduction gear marine engines, electric set. Reasonable price. Address Box 5452, NCDN. 13268

Motor Cars and Cycles

CHEVROLET coupe 1930, perfect running order, five good tyres, new battery, US$190 or nearest offer. Telephone 13166 office hours. -10311

FOUR-CYLINDER Citroen for sale. Grand Luxe 1939, economical, with heating, great bargain. Owner leaving. Box 5558, NCDN. 13325

AUSTIN 7, 1933, perfect running condition, new battery, tyres, US$200. Telephone 74990, 12.30-1.30 p.m. -10271

FOR SALE, 1929 Austin open 4-seater, 30 miles per gallon, US$100. Telephone 17289 or 19351, office hours. -10274

FOR SALE, Standard 9 h.p. 1933, good condition, new tyres and recently ducoed £70. Box 5554, NCDN. 13319

$5,000. Four-door Baby Ford, A1 condition. Owner-driven Address Box 5538, NCDN. -10267

WANTED, two-seater convertible coupé, model not older than 1935. Box 5551, NCDN. -10314

BARGAIN: 1931 Ford sedan 4-door completely overhauled. Paint and tyres new. US$250. Telephone 62897. -10318

PLYMOUTH coach 1938 deluxe, owner driven, 13,000 miles, excellent condition. Price US$650, duty unpaid, or nearest offer. Telephone 84282. -10297

FOR SALE: Baby Ford coach 1934. Chevrolet sedan 1934. Opel coach, Nash coupe, Morris Minor sedan. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch. Telephone 74500. -10299

CONVERTIBLE coupe de luxe. Beautiful condition and appearance, new tyres, US$350. No dealers. Please telephone 72472 forenoon only. -10323

WANTED car, good mechanical condition. Full particulars, make, year, lowest price. Box 5464, NCDN. -10195

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford, Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 12976

QUICK sale, Ford de luxe 1934. Owner-driven US$425 or best offer. Post Office Box 1227. Telephone 21503, 13661. -10113

US$195. 1931 model A Ford coupe. Good condition, new battery, good tyres. Telephone 78933. -10200

FORD V8 sedan, 1933/4 positively perfect appearance, performance. Further particulars, demonstration, Box 5480, NCDN. -10212

WANTED to buy, 1937, 1938, 1939 Plymouth, Dodge and Ford. Please offer in writing to Matsubara Yoko, 375 Woochang Road. 13241

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, two-roomed furnished apartment, bath, kitchen, Concession. Rent $300. No key-money. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -10325

NICE, cool apartment, furnished three rooms, verandah, best part Concession, modern apartment building, 6th floor to rent for the summer months to responsible party. Telephone 77962. -10278

SETTLEMENT. Four-roomed, modern apartment. Two bathrooms, balcony. Rent $380 including heating, taxes, frigidaire. Excellent furniture, fittings of three rooms to be taken over, for US$900. Box 5555, NCDN. -9392

MODERN cool, furnished apartment, French Concession, for July and August. US$40. Box 5544, NCDN. -10301

TWO-ROOMED furnished apartment in business district to let immediately for 3 months. Telephone 41332. 13313

LARGE, furnished apartment, Grosvenor House, available to desirable tenant at nominal rent. Reply Box 5508, NCDN. 13285

1½ roomed, attractively furnished flat in modern building, best part of French Concession, kitchenette, bathroom, telephone, refrigerator, central steamheating. Furniture to be taken over. Exceedingly low rent. Address Box 5384, NCDN. -10052

Unfurnished Apartments

SUNNY, 3-roomed flat on lease. House 16, 321 Rue Dupleix. May be viewed any time. 13211

BEST location Concession, 2-roomed flat, kitchen, bathroom, boxroom. Rent $145. Three months' deposit. New Central Trading Co., 2 Peking Road, Room 111. -10243

152 Route Destelan. Two, three, four-roomed apartments with bathroom and kitchen, for immediate occupation. Rental $250, $300, $350 per month, including hot and cold water only. For further particulars apply Palmer & Turner Property Office, 17 Canton Road, Telephone 15100. 13104

Rooms Without Board

BIG/small, quiet room to let. Meals optional. Inspection afternoon. 247/2 Route Dupleix, near Ferguson. -10326

TO LET, big and small rooms for responsible single persons. Balcony. Available July 1. 300 Cardinal Mercier, top floor. Telephone 70826, 1-4 p.m. -10332

TO LET, large, nicely furnished room with verandah, in modern apartment, for single person. In Summer two rooms can be used. Telephone 1-6 p.m., 72093. -10233

LARGE, furnished room in apartment, centre Bubbling Well. Private family. For single gentleman. Address Box 5550, NCDN. -10307

BIG room facing garden, private house, board optional. 159/35 Avenue Haig. -9988

Rooms with Board

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch. Desirable single room available. Large garden, tennis, good food. Telephone Manageress, 75433. -10290

SOUTH room, overlooking garden, top floor, private bathroom, full board. Telephone 74810, 14/A Kelmscott Gardens. -10291

Houses and Land

FOR SALE. Modern house, Columbia Circle, seven rooms, spacious verandahs. Frost, Bland & Co. Ltd., 190 Kiukiang Road. 13316

Agencies

MANUFACTURER of article of everyday use is willing to give away agency to Chinese working in the interior of China. Box 5552, NCDN. -10317

Radios

RADIO O. K.? For guaranteed repairs, latest equipment, genuine parts, telephone 43383. Chang's Radio Corporation. -10316

FOR radio repair, call International Radio Service, foreign workmanship, Telephone 75897, 9 Cardinal Mercier. -9770

PURCHASE all kinds of secondhand radios, also repairs. Modern Radio Service, 356 Avenue Foch, telephone 38147. -8718

UNIVERSAL Radio Co. reliable repairs, every kind of radios. Telephone 19225, 74646. 13088

Wanted to Rent

WANTED by a responsible party from September first, fully-furnished house with steamheating or a large flat, long lease not less than six months. Address Box 5556, NCDN. -10320

WANTED by responsible English couple, furnished house (preferably with garden) from July 1 to September 15. Address Box 5531, NCDN. 13313

WANTED to rent 2, 3, 4 or 5-roomed apartment, either furnished or unfurnished. Must be in the higher floors. Willing to pay key-money. Apply to Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co., 51 Canton Road. 13291

2-3 rooms. Urgent. Telephone 21418, Lane 1412/22 Yu Yuen Road. Haesler. -10202

SWISS, well-known family from Tientsin wishes to rent from end July house with small garden or an apartment consisting of 5-7 rooms, preferably unfurnished. Address Box 5226, NCDN. -10213

WANTED to rent, two/three-roomed, modernly furnished apartment. Settlement. Please telephone 72787. 10249

WANTED to rent 3/4 roomed flat in Concession, by responsible party. Furnished/unfurnished. Box 5424, NCDN. -10115

MODERN, unfurnished flat, two or three rooms with bath and refrigerator wanted, western district or near Bubbling Well Road or Hongkew, near Garden Bridge. Write to Box 5405, NCDN -10096

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED secondhand bicycle in good condition. Address Box 5557, NCDN. -10317

WANTED to buy, baby's perambulator with sun-canopy. State make and price to Box 5553, NCDN. 13319

HAND operated weaving loom wanted. Please write Box 5526, NCDN. -10276

SECONDHAND set of golf clubs for gentleman. Box 5499, NCDN. -10250

WANTED to buy, any kind of secondhand furniture, carpets, fans, refrigerators, machines, radios, etc. Telephone 96967, 510 Peking Road, George Young. -9524

WANTED to buy, secondhand clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, etc. 1129 Bubbling Well, Sun Avenue, House 51, Mr. Corts. -9866

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, completely furnished four-roomed flat, kitchen, bathroom, including cutlery, linen. Could also be let by separate rooms with board. Telephone 17310 office hours. -10309

SHANHAIKWAN. To let, nicely furnished detached bungalows on the beach, 3/5 bedrooms. Apply to Credit Foncier, Liza Building, 346 Szechuen Road. 13288

TSINGTAO Villa "Augusta", most beautiful and modernly furnished, (Iltis-Huk) open for reservation. Address Post Office Box 270, Tsingtao. 13201

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED three roomed office, central location, also telephone. Willing pay good commission. Please apply to Box 5546, NCDN. -10303

WANTED, modern office accommodations, centrally located, approximately 2,000/3,000 sq. ft., either one or more adjoining rooms. Address Box 5512, NCDN. 13300

OWNER will construct shops immediately on Avenue Joffre near Say Zoong. Make applications with details of your requirements to Box 5514, NCDN. 13292

TO LET, two small office rooms, rental reasonable. Apply for particulars to Post Office Box 1587. -10119

Garages

WANTED to rent garage holding about 5 cars or adequate godown respectively ground suitable for construction of garage. Box 5485, NCDN. -10220

Dancing

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -9567

Animals

THOROUGHBRED Alsatian puppies for sale. Inquiries telephone 38600 from 6-8 p.m. -10127

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MRS. Mac gives massage, General-medical and special face massage, at client's home. Latest method. Telephone 74645. -10283

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. -9528

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